City of Long Beach



Legislation Text

File #: 19-1203, Version: 1

Recommendation to request City Attorney to prepare an urgency ordinance to repeal Long Beach Municipal Code Section 8.97 relating to Tenant Relocation Assistance effective December 31, 2019; and

Direct City Manager to create a Senior and Disabled Household Security Deposit Assistance Program for qualified lower-income households and identify up to \$250,000 in non-General Fund funding for the program. (Citywide)

On June 11, 2019, the City Council adopted Ordinance 19-0014 amending the Long Beach Municipal Code by adding Chapter 8.97 relating to Tenant Relocation Assistance (City Regulation) (Attachment A). The City Regulation requires certain rental property owners to pay relocation assistance payments of between \$2,706 and \$4,500 to tenants that receive a notice of rent increase that totals 10 percent or more in any 12 consecutive month period, to tenants receiving a notice to vacate due to the landlord's rehabilitation of the unit, or to tenants in good standing that receive a notice of non-renewal or notice to vacate.

The State Legislature subsequently passed, and the Governor signed, Assembly Bill 1482, the "State Tenant Protection Act" (State Regulation) (Attachment B), which will be effective as of January 1, 2020. The State Regulation contains two major operative provisions, the first of which requires that landlords may only terminate tenancies if they have just cause to do so, and the second of which restricts the amount by which landlords may increase rent.

There are two categories of just cause provisions included in the State Regulation, those where the tenant is "at-fault" and those where the tenant bears "no-fault." If a tenancy is terminated due to a recognized "no-fault" just cause, then landlords are required to make a relocation payment equal to one month's actual rent.

Both the City Regulation and the State Regulation will apply to landlords and tenants in the City at the same time. The conditions under which relocation payments will be required under these programs are not the same. There are several detailed differences between the programs, but generally the State Regulation will apply to more tenants than the City Regulation, and the City Regulation will require higher relocation payments when it does apply. Table A below provides an overview of these impacts:

Table A

City Regulation	State Regulation	Comparison	Result	
Trigger	Trigger			

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Requires relocation	Prohibits rent increases	, , ,	State Regulation
assistance when	of greater than 5% plus	apply.	effectively
tenant receives	the percentage change		renders this City
notice of rent	in cost of living, or 10%,		Regulation
	whichever is lower.		trigger
greater.			inoperable.
Requires relocation	Just cause limits	City Regulation	Effectively, the
assistance when	landlords ability to	exempts landlords	only remaining
tenant receives		from relocation	trigger for
notice to terminate	standing. No-fault just	requirements for the	relocation
tenancy due to	cause provisions	following: ·	assistance
landlord rehabilitation	allowing removal of	Owner/family move	under City
of unit.	tenant with relocation	in. · Government	Regulation is
	assistance limited to: ·	order to vacate. City	due to landlord
	Owner/family move in. ·	Regulation does not	removal for
	Removal of unit from	address demolition or	rehabilitation of
	rental market. ·	removal of the unit	unit.
	Government order to	from rental market -	
	vacate. · Intent to	these are addressed	
	demolish or	by LBMC 21.60 with	
	substantially rehabilitate	relocation assistance	
	unit.	in the amount of	
		\$4,811.	
Requires relocation	Just cause limits	City Regulation either	State Regulation
assistance when	landlords ability to	exempts or	effectively
tenant in good		addresses provisions	renders this City
standing receives a	standing - limited to no-	in LBMC 21.60 (see	Regulation
notice of non-renewal		above).	trigger
or notice to vacate	above.	'	inoperable.
from Landlord.			'

As can be seen above, the City Regulation and the higher relocation payment will only apply when a tenant is asked to vacate due to rehabilitation.

The State Regulation offers both Just Cause Provisions and Rent Control Provisions, which offer significantly greater tenant protections than the City Regulation. The State Regulation also applies to single-family, duplex and triplex units, where the City Regulation applies to units in apartment buildings with four units or more. Both regulations have a variety of exceptions. Table B below provides this data:

Table B

City Regulation	City Regulation	State Regulation	State Regulation Data
Applicability	Unit Data	Applicability	

Applies to multi- family rental buildings of 4 units or greater (Base Units).	70,317 Base Units.	Applies to multi- family rental buildings of 4 units or greater.	70,317 Base Units.
Exempts 4-unit buildings owned by an owner of only one 4-unit building.	Subtract 8,776 units.	occupied single- family, duplex and	Add renter-occupied duplex (6,461 units) and triplex (1,970 units) (total 8,431 units).
Exempts owner occupied buildings.	Subtract 1,583 units.	condominium units owned by natural	This analysis excludes all single family and condominium units because ownership data was not available. Subtract 791 units.
Exempts affordable housing units.	Subtract 6,477 units.	Exempts Affordable housing units.	Subtract 6,477 units.
Exempts units built after February 1995.	Subtract 4,056 units.	Exempts units receiving Certificate of Occupancy within the previous 15 years (from January 2005 forward).	Subtract 2,181 units.
Total Applicable Units (City).	49,425 units.	Units (State).	69,299 units (this number would likely be much higher if corporate ownership data for single-family and condominium units was available (21,057 renter-occupied single-family units were excluded).
Percentage of units rehabilitated per year.	6.7%		

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As shown in Table B, the number of units that could potentially benefit from the higher relocation payments included in the City Regulation is estimated at 3,311. However, no data exists to determine how many tenancies may actually be terminated due to rehabilitation. If 25 percent are terminated, the number of displacements is estimated at 828, and if 10 percent are terminated, the number of displacements is estimated at 331. If only 5 percent of tenancies are terminated, the number of displacements is estimated at 166. The State Regulation will protect tenants living in an estimated 69,299 units.

The City Regulation includes a requirement that landlords notify the City when entire buildings are vacated. During the first quarter of implementation (August through October 2019), it was reported that a total of 45 units were vacated. If this number of unit vacations was consistent over a one-year period, it would result in an annual total of 180 unit vacations (5.5 percent of 3,311 units).

To further protect households experiencing displacement, the City Manager is requesting the authority to create a Senior and Disabled Household Security Deposit Assistance Program for qualified lower-income households. The program is expected to be funded with Federal HOME Investment Partnerships Program (HOME) funds and/or the State Homeless, Housing Assistance, and Prevention Program (HHAPP) funds. This fund will provide assistance to our most vulnerable populations and go a step beyond the State protections, creating a local Long Beach solution that addresses a critical need in our community.

It will be critical for staff to develop a marketing and education program to inform tenants and landlords of these program changes and other available resources.

This matter was reviewed by Deputy City Attorney Richard F. Anthony on November 8, 2019 and by Budget Manager Grace H. Yoon on November 10, 2019.

[Timing Considerations]

This recommendation requests the City Attorney to prepare an urgency ordinance to repeal the Long Beach Municipal Code section relating to Tenant Relocation Assistance and directs the City Manager to create and identify up to \$250,000 in funding for a Senior and Disabled Household Security Deposit Assistance Program. It is anticipated that the funds for the program will be non-General Fund sources, such as the Federal HOME funds and/or the State HHAPP funds. Future City Council action may be required for an Annual Action Plan Amendment or if a State HHAPP grant application is used to fund the program. The City

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Manager will report on the financial impact of creating the fund when that fund is brought back to the City Council for consideration. Implementing this recommendation is anticipated to result in a minimal impact to staff hours beyond normal budgeted scope of duties and a minimal impact on existing City Council priorities.

Approve recommendation.

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LINDA F. TATUM, FAICP
DIRECTOR OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

APPROVED:

THOMAS B. MODICA ACTING CITY MANAGER