

## CITY OF LONG BEACH

H-2

DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

333 West Ocean Blvd., 3rd Floor, Long Beach, CA 90802 (562) 570-5237

February 7, 2017

HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL City of Long Beach California

#### RECOMMENDATION:

Receive the supporting documentation into the record, conclude the public hearing, and adopt a Resolution approving an update to the Bicycle Master Plan as a technical appendix to the Mobility Element of the Long Beach General Plan; and,

Accept Mitigated Negative Declaration No. MND 04-16. (Citywide)

#### **DISCUSSION**

On December 11, 2001, the City Council adopted a new Bicycle Master Plan to guide the development of a comprehensive bicycle network and support facilities. Subsequently, the City has installed over 78 miles of bikeways, completing many of the bicycle facilities identified in the Bicycle Master Plan. Some of the signature bicycle facilities completed include the downtown parking-protected bicycle lanes, Second Street green lane sharrows, and Vista Bike Boulevard. The proposed update builds upon those investments and will guide the creation of new bicycle infrastructure over the coming 20 years. An up-to-date Bicycle Master Plan is also a prerequisite for grants the City may pursue to fund those improvements.

On October 15, 2013, the City Council adopted an update to the Transportation Element (renamed Mobility Element) establishing a Citywide vision and policies necessary to achieve a balanced mobility system by facilitating an increased use of bicycling as a viable option for both work and non-work trips. The Bicycle Master Plan is one of several supporting documents recommended for updating to implement the multi-modal policies and complete streets policies identified in the Mobility Element.

On April 14, 2016, the Departments of Development Services and Public Works held a Citywide kickoff meeting for an update to the Bicycle Master Plan. The Bicycle Master Plan update was developed through a comprehensive and collaborative process that included community outreach, an analysis of existing conditions, City departmental coordination meetings and stakeholder interviews. Public outreach was organized around fun, innovative, and meaningful community events to solicit input from Long Beach residents, visitors, and business owners. Moreover, the project team took a thorough approach to reach parts of the City and population groups that are often absent from the planning process. To that end, community engagement included

HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL February 7, 2017 Page 2 of 3

reaching these residents where they work, shop, and play – at farmer's markets, concerts in the park, and in the downtown during the lunch hour.

On September 1, and November 17, 2016, the Planning Commission held study sessions on the proposed 20-year plan for bicycle infrastructure and policies developed based on national best practices and public input. The draft Bicycle Master Plan (Draft Plan), attached as an exhibit to the Resolution, establishes policies, programs, and design guidelines intended to make bicycling in Long Beach safe, comfortable, convenient, and enjoyable for all bicyclists. The Draft Plan calls for a comprehensive bicycle network of "8 to 80" bicycle facilities across the City, made up of a variety of bicycle boulevards and parking-protected bicycle lanes. The "8 to 80" network was designed to appeal to bicycle riders of different ages (i.e., 8 to 80 years) and abilities, with emphasis on providing protected, low-stress bicycle facilities for more inexperienced riders. The Draft Plan also includes bicycle strategies that identify implementation measures that the City should undertake to achieve its vision and goals.

On January 5, 2017, the Planning Commission conducted public hearings on the Draft Plan and recommended that the City Council adopt a Resolution approving the Draft Plan as a technical appendix to the Mobility Element (Exhibit A – Planning Commission Staff Report).

Since the Draft Plan is a Citywide document, a public hearing notice was provided through newspaper publication on January 21, 2017. No responses were received as of the preparation of this report.

In accordance with the Guidelines for Implementation of the California Environmental Quality Act, a Mitigated Negative Declaration (MND-04-16) was issued for the proposed project (Exhibit B - Mitigated Negative Declaration).

This matter was reviewed by Deputy City Attorney Amy R. Webber on January 11, 2017 and by Budget Management Officer Rhutu Amin Gharib on January 18, 2017.

#### SUSTAINABILITY

The ultimate goal of this effort is to increase the number of persons who bicycle in Long Beach for transportation to work, school, errands, and for recreation. The benefits of increased bicycling include improved air quality, reduced emissions that contribute to global warming, improved traffic conditions, reduced dependence on non-renewable fuels, lower transportation costs for citizens, improved physical fitness, stress reduction, and reduced health care costs.

#### TIMING CONSIDERATIONS

City Council action on this matter is not time critical.

HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL February 7, 2017 Page 3 of 3

#### FISCAL IMPACT

The Draft Plan is a policy document that lays out the City's overall bicycle network and support facilities goals. The projects and programs identified in this plan indicate the type of activities contemplated by the City for the next 20 years. Although the Draft Plan includes projects and program descriptions, the details and designs are not yet known. Design details will be developed with the Draft Plan's implementation. The Draft Plan does not constitute City approval of projects, programs or expenditures. As such, there is no fiscal or local job impact associated with this recommendation.

#### SUGGESTED ACTION:

Approve recommendation.

Respectfully submitted,

AMY/J. BODEK, AICP

DIRECTOR OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

**CRAIG BECK** 

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS

AJB:LT:CK:IB

Attachments:

P:\Planning\City Council Items (Pending)\Council Letters\2017\2017-02-07\Bike Plan v3.docx

APPROVED:

TRICK H. WEST CITY MANAGER

Exhibit A – Planning Commission Staff Report

Exhibit B - Mitigated Negative Declaration MND 04-16

City Council Resolution with Exhibit Draft Bicycle Master Plan



# AGENDA ITEM No. O CITY OF LONG BEACH

DEPARTMENT OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

333 West Ocean Boulevard, 5th Floor • Long Beach, CA 90802 • (562) 570-6194 FAX (562) 570-6068

January 5, 2017

CHAIR AND PLANNING COMMISSIONERS
City of Long Beach
California

#### RECOMMENDATION:

Accept Negative Declaration ND 04-12 and recommend that the City Council adopt a Resolution approving the draft Bicycle Master Plan as a technical appendix to the Mobility Element of the Long Beach General Plan. (Citywide)

APPLICANT:

City of Long Beach

Department of Development Services

333 West Ocean Boulevard Long Beach, CA 90802

#### **DISCUSSION**

The City of Long Beach has committed to the aspirational goal of making Long Beach 'the most bike-friendly city in the United States' and is a regional and national leader in designing innovative bicycle facilities. Since the first Bicycle Master Plan was adopted in 2001, the City has installed over 78 miles of bikeways to reach the current 141 miles of bikeways. These signature bicycle facilities include the downtown parking-protected bicycle lanes, Second Street green lane sharrows and Vista Bike Boulevard. The City aims to see 10 percent of all trips made by bicycle in 10 years, 20 percent in 20 years, and 30 percent in 30 years. This update to the Bicycle Master Plan reinforces this commitment and provides a clear path forward to increase bicycle ridership by residents and visitors of all ages and abilities.

The draft Long Beach Bicycle Master Plan (Plan) establishes policies, programs and design guidelines intended to make bicycling in Long Beach safe, comfortable, convenient, and enjoyable for all bicyclists (Exhibit A - Draft Bicycle Master Plan). The ultimate goal of this effort is to increase the number of persons who bicycle in Long Beach for transportation to work, school, errands, and for recreation. The benefits of increased bicycling include improved air quality, reduced emissions that contribute to global warming, improved traffic conditions, reduced dependence on non-renewable fuel, lower transportation costs for citizens, improved physical fitness, stress reduction, and reduced health care costs. The Plan outlines a 20-year plan for bicycle infrastructure and policies developed based on national best practices and public input.

The Bicycle Master Plan is one of several supporting documents that will implement the

CHAIR AND PLANNING COMMISSIONERS January 5, 2017 Page 2

Mobility Element of the Long Beach General Plan. The Mobility Element establishes a citywide vision and the policies necessary to achieve a balanced mobility system by implementing improvements on making the existing mobility network more efficient by facilitating the use of non-private automobile modes of transportation — primarily walking, bicycling, and public transit. One of the objectives of this multi-modal access policy is to facilitate increased use of bicycling as a viable option for both work and non-work trips. The Plan is consistent with and furthers multi-modal policies and projects from recently approved planning documents, including the Downtown and TOD Pedestrian Master Plan, CX3 Pedestrian Plan, the West Long Beach Livability Plan and Midtown Specific Plan. As such, once adopted, the Plan will serve as a technical appendix to the Mobility Element.

The Bicycle Master Plan update was prepared in accordance with the State of California Bicycle Transportation Act. The Bicycle Transportation Act (BTA) requires that local agencies complete a Bicycle Master Plan in order to qualify for bikeway grant funds issued by the California Department of Transportation. The Plan also implements the State's complete street's policy, which requires cities to adopt policies that support the design and construction of roadways to serve all users of streets regardless of their age, ability and mode of travel.

The Bicycle Master Plan was developed through a comprehensive and collaborative process that included community outreach, an analysis of existing conditions, City departmental coordination meetings and stakeholder interviews. Public outreach was organized around fun, innovative, and meaningful community events to solicit input from Long Beach residents, visitors, and business owners. Moreover, the project team took a thorough approach to reach parts of the City and population groups that are often absent from the planning process. To that end, community engagement included meeting these stakeholders where they were, at grocery stores, transit stops, and on their way to school, where a few moments could be spared in between destinations.

The goal of this outreach approach is to develop a community supported vision for a comprehensive bikeway network and program that will facilitate biking for transportation and recreation purposes. This vision is achieved by enhancing bicyclist safety, comfort, and convenience. In total, the Plan team held a kickoff event, attended nine community activities or festivals, set up eight pop-up mapping exercises, and held nine focus group meetings. Additionally, a survey was administered online and in person in four different languages (English, Spanish, Khmer, and Tagalog). Of the 469 people that responded, 57 percent stated that they typically use a car to get around town. Most respondents identified exercise as the main reason they ride a bicycle, and over half stated that they did not feel safe currently riding a bicycle in Long Beach. Lastly, study sessions on the Plan with the Planning Commission were held on September 1, 2016 and November 17, 2016.

The plan provides the vision for bicycling in Long Beach conceptualized by the following goals:

#### CHAIR AND PLANNING COMMISSIONERS January 5, 2017 Page 3

- Design bicycle facilities that are accessible and comfortable for people of all ages and abilities
- Increase awareness and support of bicycling through programs and social equity
- Identify, develop, and maintain a complete and convenient bicycle network

The Plan calls for a comprehensive bicycle network of "8 to 80" bicycle facilities across the City, made up of a variety of bicycle boulevards and cycle tracks. The "8 to 80" network was designed to appeal to bicycle riders of different ages and abilities, with emphasis on providing protected, low-stress bicycle facilities for more inexperienced riders. The Plan also includes bicycle strategies that identify specific measures that the City should undertake to achieve its vision and goals. The recommended bikeway network is shown in Figure 6-5 of the Draft Plan.

The Plan recommends the installation of bikeway projects in four phases: pipeline, next steps, gap closure and vision. The pipeline phase includes funded projects that are in the community outreach phase and/or final engineering/design phase. The next steps phase are "shovel ready" projects that staff is actively seeking funding for. Pipeline (funded) and next steps (shovel ready) phases should be implemented within five years from Plan adoption. The Gap Closure phase would complete a citywide backbone network of "8 to 80" facilities within a 10-year time horizon. The Vision phase represents projects to fulfill the City's long-term aspirational goal to be the 'the most bike-friendly city in the United States'.

The Plan has been made publicly available and posted online for comment since December 22, 2016. Staff has not received any written comments on the Plan, as of the preparation of this staff report. If adopted by City Council, the Plan positions the City to secure funding to implement the programs and projects in the Plan.

#### **PUBLIC HEARING NOTICE**

A public hearing notice was published on Thursday, December 23, 2016. This notice included the date, time and location for this meeting. Notice was also provided via eNotify announcements on the City's web page.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW**

In accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act, a Negative Declaration was prepared for the Plan. The Negative Declaration was posted on the City's website and has been circulated for comment. Staff received positive feedback from Caltrans on the Plan's approach to implementing the State's complete streets policy and Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro) provide constructive feedback on bike parking, which was incorporated into the plan. The Negative Declaration (Exhibit B - Bicycle Master Plan Negative Declaration ND 04-16) will be considered for acceptance by the Planning Commission at this hearing.

CHAIR AND PLANNING COMMISSIONERS January 5, 2017 Page 4

Respectfully submitted,

LINDA F.TATUM, AICP

PLANNING BUREAU MANAGER

Sinda F. Jahren

Amy Bodek 14 AMY J. BODEK, AICP

**DIRECTOR OF DEVELOPMENT SERVICES** 

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AJB:LT:CK: IB

Attachment: Exhibit A - Draft Bicycle Master Plan

Exhibit B – Bicycle Master Plan Negative Declaration (ND 04-16)



# City of Long Beach Bicycle Master Plan

NEGATIVE DECLARATION ND 04-16

Prepared by:

City of Long Beach
Department of Development Services
Planning Bureau

#### **INITIAL STUDY**

#### **Project Title:**

City of Long Beach Bicycle Master Plan

#### Lead agency name and address:

City of Long Beach 333 W. Ocean Boulevard, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor Long Beach, CA 90802

#### Contact person and phone number:

Craig Chalfant, Senior Planner (562) 570-6368

#### **Project Location:**

City of Long Beach, County of Los Angeles, California.

#### Project Sponsor's name and contact information:

City of Long Beach, Long Beach Development Services c/o Christopher Koontz 333 W. Ocean Boulevard, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor Long Beach, CA 90802 (562) 570-6288

#### **General Plan:**

The proposed updated Bicycle Master Plan (BMP) will be consistent with, and further define, the bicycle policies and facilities identified in the Mobility Element of the Long Beach General Plan. The bicycle network improvements are a component of the City's adopted Mobility Element and the proposed updated Bicycle Master Plan would require amendments to the Long Beach General Plan.

#### Zoning:

The project is Citywide and therefore involves all zoning districts in the City of Long Beach.

#### **Project Description:**

The proposed project is a revision to the original 2001 Long Beach Bicycle Master Plan (2001 Plan). The proposed update to the 2001 Plan will serve as the guiding document that contributes to the transformation of Long Beach into the most bicycle friendly city in the United States. The continued development of the City's network of bicycle facilities will not only make bicycling a more viable mode of transportation, but will contribute to an enhanced quality of life in the City that includes increased public health, community development and reduced greenhouse gas emissions.

The goals and objective for the 2016 updated Bicycle Master Plan are based on the goals and objective in the 2001 Plan. The objectives in the 2001 Plan are:

- Develop a comprehensive bikeway network
- Develop comprehensive support facilities for bicycling
- Develop and enhance opportunities for bicyclists to connect with other forms of transportation
- Build awareness for bicyclists and motorists on bicycle safety
- Promote bicycling activities for work and leisure
- Identify and pursue all potential funding sources
- Enhance ongoing maintenance and monitoring of the Bicycle Master Plan
- Continue to maintain the bicycle program with ongoing planning

The proposed updated Long Beach Bicycle Master Plan (BMP) presents changes to the 2001 Plan by updating the existing conditions section, incorporation of new bicycle facility design guidelines, and a "blueprint' for potential expansion and refinement of the existing bicycle network. The proposed updated Master Plan consists of a set of new and modified objectives and policies. The proposed new goals are:

- Improve the safety of all road users, especially bicycle riders
- Create a connected network of bicycle facilities that facilitate comfortable travel for all ages and abilities
- Increase the number and proportion of trips make by bicycle
- Ensure timely implementation of the Bicycle Master Plan

These updated goals and objectives reflect the City's commitment to develop a comprehensive bicycle plan that supports bicycling as a sustainable, equitable, healthy, and non-polluting form of transportation, which promotes the development of vibrant urban streets and public places. Moreover, the proposed updated Bicycle Master Plan will be consistent with, and further define, the bicycle policies and facilities identified in the Mobility Element of the Long Beach General Plan.

The proposed 2016 updated Bicycle Master Plan identifies potential projects to improve bicycle transportation throughout Long Beach. Those projects described under the bicycle network improvements will require a separate environmental review and are not part of this environmental analysis. It is only through subsequent approval of any of these facilities that there could be physical change and consequent environmental

effect. As such, the bicycle network improvements are a Citywide expression of the goals and objectives of the proposed updated Plan.

The Bicycle Facilities Design Guidelines will serve as an important reference document that can ensure that bicycle facilities are incorporated during road maintenance and reconstruction, as well as when land use decisions are made.

The Long Beach Bicycle Master Plan is a public policy document establishing the framework that provides an overview of the policies and components of a successful bicycle program. The bicycle network improvements are a component of the City's adopted Mobility Element of the Long Beach General Plan. As such, the proposed updated Bicycle Master Plan would require amendments to the Long Beach General Plan. The updated 2016 Bicycle Master Plan meets the State of California requirement that local governments prepare and adopt a Bicycle Transportation Plan and periodically update it every five years.

#### Surrounding land uses and settings:

The City of Long Beach is adjacent to the following municipalities: City of Los Angeles (Wilmington, Port of Los Angeles), Carson, Compton, Paramount, Bellflower, Lakewood, Hawaiian Gardens, Cypress, Los Alamitos and Seal Beach. It is also adjacent to the unincorporated communities of Rancho Dominguez and Rossmoor. In addition, the City of Signal Hill is completed surrounded by the City of Long Beach.

#### Public agencies whose approval is required:

Long Beach Planning Commission (recommend City Council adopt Negative Declaration 04-16 and approve Bicycle Master Plan)
Long Beach City Council (adopt Negative Declaration 04-16 and approve Bicycle Master Plan)

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:**

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages:

Aesthetics	Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Population and Housing
Agricultural Resources	Hazards and Hazardous Materials	Public Services
Air Quality	Hydrology and Water Quality	Recreation
Biological Resources	Land Use and Planning	Transportation/Traffic
Cultural Resources	Mineral Resources	Utilities and Service Systems
Geology and Soils	Noise	Mandatory Findings of Significance

### **DETERMINATION:**

On the	basis of this initial evaluation:
$\boxtimes$	I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
	I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
	I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
	I find that the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis, as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.
	I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIAVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.
_	Chalfant Date Planner

#### **EVALUATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS**

- 1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are supported adequately by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parenthesis following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g. the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g. the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project specific screening analysis).
- 2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- "Negative Declaration; Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analysis," as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- 5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration (per Section 15063(c)(3)(D)). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effect were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less that Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.

- 6) Supporting information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 7) The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - a) The significance criteria or threshold. If any, used to evaluate each question; and
  - b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance.

AESTHETICS			
a. Would the p	project have a substanti	ial adverse effect	on a scenic vista?
Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	☐ No Impact
effects to any so is relatively flat, the west. In a Mountains to th	Bicycle Master Plan (BMF cenic vistas or public view with scenic vistas of the addition, distant views on the north as well as the ailable to the public on da	vs of scenic vistas ocean to the sout f the San Gabrie Santa Ana Mour	s. The City topography th and Palos Verdes to I and San Bernardino ntains to the east are
overview of the achieve the goa forth in the Mob	ublic policy document est policies and componen als and advance the policility Element, the BMP wopment of the City's netw	ts of a successful cies related to the rill serve as the gu	I bicycle program. To mobility of people set iding document for the
scenic vistas. A environmental Environmental	of the proposed BMP wi All future BMP improven review in accordance Quality Act (CEQA) and of this environmental issi	nent projects will I with the provision I the CEQA Guid	be subject to separate ons of the California
	oroject substantially dan to, trees, rock outcrop c highway?		
Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
resources, trees implementation.	State scenic highways s or rock outcroppings was There would therefor further analysis is require	would be damage e be no impact	
-	oroject substantially de ne site and its surround	_	ng visual character or

				One-to			***********************	
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
	Plea	se see I.a. aı	nd b. a	bove for discuss	sion.			
		•	-	create a new sely affect day				
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
	appli Bead	cable regula ch Nuisance ectly create	tions, i	ement projects ncluding Long B ). Since BMF adverse light o	each M imple	unicipal Cod mentation v	le Chapt vould no	er 9.37 (Long ot directly or
II.	AGR	CULTURE	RESO	JRCES				
effects Asses	s, lead smen al mo	d agencies n It Model (19	nay ref 97) pr	ts to agricultura er to the Califor epared by the essing impacts o	nia Agri Califorr	cultural Lan iia Dept. of	d Evalua Conser	ition and Site vation as an
	F p	armland of repared pur	Statev suant	t convert Pri vide Importand to the Farmlan urces Agency,	e (Farn d Mapp	nland), as s ing and Mo	shown o	
		Potentially		Less Than		Less Than	<u> </u>	
		Significant Impact		Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Significant Impact		No Impact
		Significant Impact	•	Significant with Mitigation Incorporation Conflict with ex	∟ ∠isting z	Significant Impact		·

Would the pro that, due to Farmland to no	their	location or	nature,		_		
Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact	

For II. a., b. and c. - There are no agricultural zones within the City of Long Beach, which is a fully urbanized community that has been built upon for over half a century. The BMP would have no effect upon agricultural resources within the City of Long Beach or any other neighboring city or county.

#### III. AIR QUALITY

The South Coast Air Basin is subject to some of the worst air pollution in the nation, attributable to its topography, climate, meteorological conditions, large population base, and dispersed urban land use patterns.

Air quality conditions are affected by the rate and location of pollutant emissions and by climatic conditions that influence the movement and dispersion of pollutants. Atmospheric forces such as wind speed, wind direction, and air temperature gradients, along with local and regional topography, determine how air pollutant emissions affect air quality.

The South Coast Air Basin has a limited capability to disperse air contaminants because of its low wind speeds and persistent temperature inversions. In the Long Beach area, predominantly daily winds consist of morning onshore airflow from the southwest at a mean speed of 7.3 miles per hour and afternoon and evening offshore airflow from the northwest at 0.2 to 4.7 miles per hour with little variability between seasons. Summer wind speeds average slightly higher than winter wind speeds. The prevailing winds carry air contaminants northward and then eastward over Whittier, Covina, Pomona and Riverside.

The majority of pollutants found in the Los Angeles County atmosphere originate from automobile exhausts as unburned hydrocarbons, carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen and other materials. Of the five major pollutant types (carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, reactive organic gases, sulfur oxides, and particulates), only sulfur oxide emissions are produced mostly by sources other than automobile exhaust.

a. Would the project conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable Air Quality Attainment Plan?

	claration ND 04-1 Beach Bicycle Ma		an				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
chaj addi dete subi Mar regi Sinc grov wou The bicy tran outli	oters of the Location, the Societion, the Societion, the Societion in which agement District on all emissions be the Mobility of the Boding as a supportation, which in Chapter in the Boding of the B	ng Beathern f a p it is rict (Seare r greated by Elei MP is sustail sich is r 4 of		an, inclociation ociation ociation otient windings on the control of the comprehen the the the comprehen ociation ociati	uding the Air of Governith the grow t with the So Managemen strategies specification ith the SCAC ore no furthe nensive bicyclithy and no transportation	r Quality nments vth fored uth Coa t Plan ( pecified ific deve growth r analys cle plan on-pollute on contr	Element. In (SCAG) has casts for the st Air Quality (AQMP), and in the AQMP. elopments or forecasts, it is is required. that supports ting form of rol measures
			violate any air d air quality vio			or con	tribute to an
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
or c Eler and wou	contribute to a ment is a policy greenhouse ( ald be reviewe	n air / level gas e d on	e BMP would no quality violation approval desigr missions. More a project-specif BMP impact on	The ned to he over, fic basi	BMP amend have a positive future BMP is s consistent	dment to ve affect mprover with Cl	the Mobility on air quality ment projects EQA and the
( (	any criteria p under an ap	olluta plical easing	result in a cum ant for which ole federal or g emissions wh	the pr state	oject regior ambient a	n is no ir qual	n-attainment ity standard
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
Plea	ase see III.a. a	nd b.	above for discus	sion.			

d. Would the project expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?
Potentially Less Than Significant Significant Impact Incorporation Less Than Impact No Impact Significant Impact Impact Incorporation
The <u>CEQA Air Quality Handbook</u> defines sensitive receptors as children, athletes, elderly and sick individuals that are more susceptible to the effects of air pollution than the population at large. Facilities that serve various types of sensitive receptors, including, schools, hospitals, and senior care centers, are located throughout the City. While the BMP contemplates bicycle network improvements nearby both sensitive receptors and existing substantial pollutant concentrations, these network improvements will reduce pollutant loads by making bicycling a more viable mode of transportation (through VMT reductions in vehicle trips) and do not introduce new, but rather serve existing, populations in these locations. Please see Sections III.a. and b. above for further discussion.
e. Would the project create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?
Potentially Less Than Significant Significant Impact Mitigation Impact Incorporation
Land uses associated with odor complaints typically include agricultural uses, wastewater treatment plants, food processing plants, chemical plans, composting, refineries, landfills, dairies, and fiberglass molding. Potential sources of odors during construction include use of architectural coatings and solvents, and diesel-powered construction equipment. SCAQMD Rule 1113 limits the amount of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) from architectural coatings and solvents, which lowers odorous emissions.
The BMP bicycle facilities improvement projects would not result in any new odors or intensification of odors beyond those typically associated with construction activities or bicycle transportation network maintenance and improvements (i.e., bike lane construction, street re-paving). All future BMP improvement projects will be subject to separate environmental review in accordance with the CEQA. No further environmental analysis is necessary.
f. Would the project generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment, based on any applicable threshold of significance?

City of	Long Beach Bicycle Master Plan
	Potentially Less Than Significant With Significant Impact Mitigation Incorporation Solution Impact Significant Impact Incorporation
	Future BMP improvement projects could generate some emission of greenhouse gases during construction activities such as new bike lanes or street re-paving These construction activities are subject to all AQMD control measures and are contemplated in the regional construction budget found within the AQMP Additionally, all future BMP bicycle network improvement proposals will be subject to separate environmental review in accordance with the provisions of CEQA. The BMP amendment to the Mobility Element would not result in any new, ongoing sources of greenhouse gas emissions. Please also see III.a through e. above for discussion. Therefore, contributions to greenhouse gas emissions of global climate change would be less than significant.
	g. Would the project conflict with any applicable plan, policy or regulation of an agency adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?
	Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant With Significant Impact Mitigation Impact Incorporation
	See Section III.f. above for discussion. The BMP amendment to the Mobility Element would not establish any new plans, policies or regulations that would conflict with any federal, State of local plans, policies or regulations intended to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. This BMP amendment will conform to the California climate change goals as stipulated in AB32 and SB375.
IV.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES
	a. Would the project have a substantial adverse impact, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S Fish and Wildlife Service?
	Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant With Significant Impact Mitigation Impact Incorporation
	Wildlife habitats within the City are generally limited to parks, nature preserves, and water body areas. The BMP amendment to the Mobility Element is a policy document that does not promote activities that would

Negative Declaration ND 04-16

	remove or impact any existing or planned wildlife habitats. No further environmental analysis is required.
b.	Would the project have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?
	Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant with Significant Impact Mitigation Impact Incorporation
	Future BMP improvement projects consistent with the Mobility Element would occur in established urbanized areas and would not remove or impact any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural communities. No further environmental analysis is required.
c.	Would the project have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?
	Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant with Significant Impact Mitigation Impact Incorporation
	Future BMP improvement projects would occur in established urbanized areas and would not promote or involve alteration of any protected wetland areas. No further environmental analysis is required.
d.	Would the project interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?
	Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant with Significant Impact Mitigation Impact Incorporation
	Future BMP improvement projects would occur in established urbanized areas and would not alter or adversely impact any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, corridors or nursery sites. No further environmental analysis is required.

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e. Would the project conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?
Potentially Less Than Less Than Significant Significant With Significant Impact Incorporation
The Mobility Element, as amended by the BMP, is a policy document encouraging maintenance and improvement of all modes of transportation in the City. Implementation of the Mobility Element would be consistent with the General Plan and in conformity with all local policies and regulations. It would not alter or eliminate any existing or future policy or ordinance protecting biological resources. No further environmental analysis is required.
f. Would the project conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?
Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant with Significant Impact Mitigation Impact Incorporation
The BMP is unrelated to habitat conservation and would not have any adverse effects on any existing or future habitat conservation plans. The Mobility Element, as amended by the BMP, would be consistent with all other chapters of the General Plan, including the Conservation Element and the Open Space & Recreation Element. Please see Sections IV.a. through e. above for further discussion.
CULTURAL RESOURCES
a. Would the project cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in Section §15064.5?
Potentially Less Than Less Than Significant Significant Impact Incorporation
The City of Long Beach is an urbanized community and nearly all properties within the City (with the exception of areas such as protected park lands) have been previously disturbed and/or developed. While this proposed BMP identifies potential projects to improve bicycle transportation throughout Long Beach, the exact timing and specific components of these and other possible BMP bicycle

network improvement projects has not yet been determined. These BMP improvements projects are contemplated in the public right-of-way and do not involve the demolition of any existing structures. Consistent with the City's Cultural Heritage Ordinance, further review of each individual BMP bicycle improvement project will occur prior to construction to assure there are no impacts to protected historic structures. The BMP amendment to the Mobility Element is a policy document that would not promote, encourage or enable projects or activities that could remove, degrade or in any way adversely impact local historic resources. Since the timing and details of the BMP improvement projects have yet to be defined, full environmental analysis of these projects cannot be done at this time. Future BMP project proposals consistent with the Mobility Element, as amended by the BMP, will be subject to separate environmental review in accordance with CEQA. No further environmental analysis is required.

	t cause a suk n archaeologica				•
Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	5	ess Than Significant mpact	$\boxtimes$	No Impact
The BMP bicycle network improvement projects do not identify any specific construction activities involving extensive excavation, and therefore would not be anticipated to affect or destroy any archaeological resources due its geographic ocation. Future BMP project improvement projects consistent with the Mobility Element will be subject to separate environmental review in accordance with CEQA. Please see Section V.a. above for further discussion.					
c. Would the project d resource or site or ເ				e pale	eontological
Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		ess Than Significant mpact	$\boxtimes$	No impact
The BMP amendment to	the Mobility Elem	ent do	es not propos	e any	projects that

would be anticipated to result in extensive excavation that could adversely impact any paleontological resources or geologic features. Please see Sections V.a. and b. above for further discussion.

	d. Would the project disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?
	Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant with Significant Impact Mitigation Impact Incorporation
	The BMP amendment to the Mobility Element does not propose any projects that would involve extensive excavation that could result in the disturbance of any designated cemetery or other burial ground or place of interment. Please see Sections V.a. through c. above for further discussion.
∕I.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS
	<ul> <li>a. Would the project expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:</li> </ul>
	i) Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.
	Potentially Less Than Significant Significant with Significant Impact Mitigation Impact Incorporation
	Per Plate 2 of the Seismic Safety Element of the General Plan, the most significant fault system in the City is the Newport-Inglewood fault zone. This fault zone runs in a northwest to southeast angle across the southern half of the City.
	The BMP amendment to the Mobility Element would be consistent with all chapters of the General Plan, including the Seismic Safety Element. All future BMP bicycle network improvement projects will be subject to separate environmental review in accordance with CEQA. In addition, all future BMP improvement projects would be required to comply with applicable building codes that account for the possibility of seismic events. No further environmental analysis is necessary.

Strong seismic ground shaking?

ii)

		laration ND 04-16 Beach Bicycle Ma		lan				
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	$\boxtimes$	Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
	seisr othe level dete not p seisr appli	mic event occur r fault system s of ground s rmine the leve possible to dete mic event. A icable State ar	rred in So shakin I of d ermin All fu nd loo	I fault zone could along that fault. Southern California lang throughout the lamage to a specifie the level of damenture BMP improved building codes further discussion	Similanas the City fic local age to vement relati	rly, a strong s ne potential to r. However, cation. Given hat may occur nt projects m	eismic create numero these values contact cont	event on any considerable ous variables, it is site during a onform to all
		iii) Seisr	nic-r	elated ground fai	lure,	including liqu	uefacti	on?
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
	Per Plate 7 of the Seismic Safety Element, most of the City is located in areas of either minimal or low liquefaction potential. The only exceptions are in the southeastern portion of the City, where there is significant liquefaction potential and the western portion (most of the area west of Pacific Avenue and south of the 405 freeway), where there is either moderate or significant liquefaction potential. Please see Section VI.a.i. above for further discussion.							
		iv) Land	slide	es?				
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact	$\boxtimes$	No Impact
1	slop 1-1/2 Bear slop City Their requ	es that are not 2:1, horizontal ch Quadrangle es on Signal H lying within t refore, no impa iired. Please s	high to ve e ind lill ar he e act we ee S	Element, the City (less than 50 feet ertical). The State icates that the land Reservoir Hill) earthquake-induce ould be expected ection VI.a.i. about	i) or s Seisr ick of result d lan and n e for f	teep (generall mic Hazard Zo f steep terrain s in only abou dslide zone o further envir further discuss	ly slopi one ma n (exco ut 0.1 p for this conmer sion.	ng flatter than up of the Long ept for a few percent of the s quadrangle. Ital analysis is

Negative Declaration ND 04-16

The entire City is served by an existing sewer system and therefore has no need for septic tanks or any other alternative wastewater disposal systems. No further environmental analysis is required.

### VII. GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

		generate greenh / have a signific						
Potentia Signific Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact		
emitting over indicate that Fahrenheit potentially of which is to primary GH	er 400 mill at California over the n contributes t increase th Gs have a la ly well-mixe	ntial contributor ion tons of carb is likely to see ext century. Moreon o global climate ne earth's ability ong lifetime in the d, their impact o	oon dio e an in ethane change to abs e atmos	xide per ye crease of the is also an . GHGs are orb heat in sphere, accu	ear. Cli hree to importa global i the atm mulate o	mate studies four degrees nt GHG that n their effect, osphere. As over time, and		
a list of positive BMP a chapters of addition of light direct or insulpect to s	The Mobility Element as amended by the BMP is a policy document that provides a list of possible future multimodal mobility improvements throughout the City. The BMP amendment to the Mobility Element would be consistent with all chapters of the Long Beach General Plan, including the Air Quality Element. The addition of BMP improvement projects to the Mobility Element would not result in direct or indirect GHG impacts. All future BMP improvement projects will be subject to separate environmental review in accordance with CEQA. No further environmental analysis is needed.							
		conflict with an purpose of red						
Potenti Signific Impact	ally 🔲 ant	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact	$\boxtimes$	No Impact		
Sustainable financial de	Action Plar	/II.a. above for n (CAP) in Februa ne City. While th s in the City, the	ary 201 e CAP	0 to guide o provides a s	peration sustainal	al, policy, and ble framework		

municipal in nature and not project-specific. When fully implemented, the BMP improvement projects will result in an improved bicycle network that supports bicycling as a sustainable, equitable, healthy and non-polluting form of transportation. All future BMP improvement projects will be subject to separate environmental review in accordance with CEQA. No further environmental analysis is needed.

	II A ST	-	ARIE	11A - 4		BEATERIALO
VIII.	HAZZ	ZKI12	LINIA	MAZA	AKUUUS	MATERIALS

envir		hroug	create a signi gh the routin ?				
	entially nificant act	S	ess Than Significant with Mitigation ncorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
not enco future B review in of hazard Long Be	ourage or el MP improvo accordand dous or pot ach Munici	nable remen ce with entiall pal C	amended by the the exposure of at projects will h CEQA. In add ly hazardous ma ode Sections 8. No further enviro	f haza be su dition, aterials 86 thr	rdous mater bject to se any future I would be i ough 8.88 a	rials to the parate en andling notes full coras well a	ne public. Al nvironmenta and disposa npliance with s all existing
envir cond	onment t	hroug	create a signi gh reasonably g the release	fore	seeable u	pset ar	ıd accident
	entially nificant act	S	ess Than Significant with Mitigation ncorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
Please s	ee Section	VIII.a.	. above for discu	ıssion.			
acute	ely hazardo	ous n	mit haźardous naterials, subst r proposed sch	tances			
	entially nificant act	S	ess Than Significant with Mitigation ncorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact

Please see Section VIII.a. above for discussion.

d. Would the project be located on a hazardous materials sites compile Section 65962.5 and, as a result, wo the public or the environment?	d pursuant to Government Code							
Potentially Less Than Significant Significant with Impact Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than No Impact Significant Impact							
document used by the State, local agen CEQA requirements in providing informat materials release sites. All future BMP imp separate CEQA review that would include	The Hazardous Waste and Substances Sites (Cortese) List is a planning document used by the State, local agencies and developers to comply with CEQA requirements in providing information about the location of hazardous materials release sites. All future BMP improvement projects would be subject to separate CEQA review that would include analysis of information from the Cortese List. Please see Section VIII.a. above for further discussion.							
e. For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?								
Potentially Less Than Significant Significant with Impact Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than No Impact Significant Impact							
The Long Beach Airport is located within to between Cherry Avenue and Lakewood Bo Mobility Element would not alter air traffic that could conflict with established Federal	ulevard. The BMP amendment to the patterns or encourage future projects							

The Long Beach Airport is located within the City, just north of the 405 freeway between Cherry Avenue and Lakewood Boulevard. The BMP amendment to the Mobility Element would not alter air traffic patterns or encourage future projects that could conflict with established Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) flight protection zones. Passenger access and goods movement at the Long Beach Airport are addressed in this Element as an important regional air traffic facility that is part of the City's comprehensive and efficient mobility system. All future development in the vicinity of the Long Beach Airport would be in compliance with all applicable local and FAA requirements. Please see Section VIII.a. above for further discussion.

f. For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?

discharge requirements?

river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?

Potentially Significant **Impact** 

Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation

Less Than Significant **Impact** 

No Impact

The proposed BMP amendment to the Mobility Element does not encourage or enable any alterations to existing drainage patterns or to the course of streams or rivers. Please see Section IX.a. above for further discussion.

d. Would the project substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on-or off-site?

		laration ND 0 Beach Bicycle		lan				
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
F	Plea	se see Sec	tions IX.	a. and c. above	e for disc	ussion.		
е				create or cont sting or planne				
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
w ir ir re	vate npro n ac eter	r drainage ovement pi ccordance	system rojects, v with CE0 nfiltration	a. and c. abovis adequate to which would be QA. The BMP of stormwaters.	accomm subject would r	odate runof to separate not adversel	f from an environr y affect	y future BMP mental review provisions for
f.	f. Would the project otherwise degrade water quality?							
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
ir	npro	ovement pi	ojects w	IX.a. and c. ould be subject nagement prac	ct to all a			future BMP ity standards,
g	g. Would the project place Mobility within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?							
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
L a	ong rea	Beach is All futu	located re BMP	ral Emergency n Zone X, whi improvement accordance wi	ch is out projects	side of the would be	100 year	flood hazard
h				place within a le or redirect f	_		zard are	a structures

-				•
Potentially Significant	Less Than Significant with	Less Than Significant	$\boxtimes$	No Impa

a. Would the project physically divide an established community?

Mitigation Impact Incorporation Impact

ct

The Mobility Element is a chapter of the Long Beach General Plan. This Mobility Element builds upon the other General Plan chapters and would remain consistent with the goals, policies and objectives of the entire General Plan. The goals and policies of this Mobility Element are not intended to divide any established community. Rather than divide any established communities, the Mobility Element is intended to increase connectivity for all neighborhoods and

communities in the City by encouraging maintenance and improvement of all local transportation modes.

As an amendment to the adopted Mobility Element, the proposed Bicycle Master Plan (BMP) presents changes to the original 2001 Long Beach Bicycle Master Plan (2001 Plan) by updating the existing conditions section, incorporating new bicycle facility design guidelines, and a "blueprint" for potential expansion and refinement of the existing bicycle network.

The proposed updated Master Plan consists of a set of new and modified objectives and policies. The proposed new goals are:

- Improve the safety of all road users, especially bicycle riders
- Create a connected network of bicycle facilities that facilitate comfortable travel for all ages and abilities
- Increase the number and proportion of trips make by bicycle
- Ensure timely implementation of the Bicycle Master Plan

These updated goals and objectives reflect the City's commitment to develop a comprehensive bicycle plan that supports bicycling as a sustainable, equitable, healthy, and non-polluting form of transportation, which promotes the development of vibrant urban streets and public places. Moreover, the proposed updated Bicycle Master Plan will be consistent with, and further define, the bicycle policies and facilities identified in the Mobility Element of the Long Beach General Plan.

The proposed 2016 updated BMP identifies potential projects to improve bicycle transportation throughout Long Beach. Those projects described under the network improvements will require a separate environmental review and are not part of this environmental analysis. It is only through subsequent approval of any of these facilities that there could be physical change and consequent environmental effect. As such, the network improvements are a Citywide expression of the goals and objectives of the proposed updated Plan.

The Bicycle Facilities Design Guidelines will serve as an important reference document that can ensure that bicycle facilities are incorporated during road maintenance and reconstruction, as well as when land use decisions are made.

The Long Beach Bicycle Master Plan is a public policy document establishing the framework that provides an overview of the policies and components of a successful bicycle program. The bicycle network improvements are a component of the City's adopted Mobility Element of the Long Beach General Plan. As such, the proposed updated BMP would require amendments to the Long Beach General Plan. The updated 2016 BMP meets the State of California requirement that local governments to prepare and adopt a Bicycle Transportation Plan and to periodically update it every five years.

Future implementation of the BMP will be done within the City's existing mobility network. Since the details of BMP improvement projects have yet to be fully defined, environmental analysis of these projects cannot be done at this time. No specific construction schedule or prioritization timetable has been established. All future BMP improvement projects would be subject to separate CEQA review. No further environmental analysis is required.

b. Would the project conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?									
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact		
Eleme includ Plan s more Gener	ent would be co ling the Land Us seeks to better i sustainable Cit ral Plan, the 20 policies. Impact	nsis se E nteg ty. 110 (	for discussion. stent with all othe Element and the grate land use an This BMP ame Strategic Plan, o existing local re	er cha Loca d mo endmo er any	apters of the following apters of the left	City's ( gram. i in ord t confl able la	General Plan, The General er to create a ict the City's nd use plans		
c. Would the project conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural communities conservation plan?									
٠.	Potentially Significant Impact	_ S N	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact		
enviro develo consis	onment characte oped properties stent with all oth	erize s. T er c	ed by in-fill develonged by in-fill develonged by in-fill develonged by the BMP amend thapters of the Gospace & Recreati	opme Imen enera	nt projects that t to the Mob al Plan, includi	at recyclity Ele	cle previously ement will be Conservation		

impacted by implementation.

any sensitive or special status species within transportation network of the City. No habitat conservation plan or natural communities conservation plan would be

# XI. MINERAL RESOURCES

Historically, the primary mineral resources within the City of Long Beach have been oil and natural gas. However, oil and gas extraction operations have diminished over the last century as the resources have become depleted. Today, extraction operations continue but on a reduced scale compared to past levels.

a. Would the project resource that wou state?		_	of a known mineral he residents of the
Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	⊠ No Impact
The BMP amendment local mineral resource would be altered or crequired.	and uses and there	e are no mineral re	source activities that
b. Would the project mineral resource specific plan or otl	recovery site de	elineated on a l	a locally-important ocal general plan,
Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	⊠ No Impact
Please see Section XI.a	a. above for discuss	sion.	

# XII. NOISE

Noise is defined as unwanted sound that disturbs human activity. Environmental noise levels typically fluctuate over time, and different types of noise descriptors are used to account for this variability. Noise level measurements include intensity, frequency, and duration, as well as time of occurrence.

Some land uses are considered more sensitive to ambient noise levels than other uses due to the amount of noise exposure and the types of activities involved. Residences, motels, hotels, schools, libraries, churches, nursing homes, auditoriums, parks and outdoor recreation areas are more sensitive to noise than are commercial and industrial land uses.

a. Would the project result in exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance or applicable standards of other agencies?							
Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant With Significant Impact Mitigation Impact Incorporation							
Future BMP improvement project construction activities could involve various types of short-term noise impacts from trucks, earth-moving equipment, and paving equipment. However, all construction activities and land use operations must be performed in compliance with the City's Noise Ordinance (Long Beach Municipal Code Section 8.80). BMP implementation would not alter the Noise Ordinance provisions or exempt any future improvement projects from local noise controls. All future BMP improvement projects would be consistent with the Mobility Element and would involve the same type of short-term noise producing actions and equipment typical of public infrastructure improvement projects. The local Noise Ordinance would continue to regulate all future land use construction and operational noise levels. In addition, all future BMP improvement projects would be subject to separate environmental review in accordance with CEQA. No further environmental analysis of this issue is necessary.							
b. Would the project result in exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?							
Potentially Less Than Less Than No Impact Significant Significant with Significant Impact Mitigation Impact Incorporation							
See Section XII.a. above for discussion. Future BMP improvement project construction activities consistent with the Mobility Element would not expose persons to periodic excessive ground borne noise or vibration (i.e., pile driving) during phases of demolition and construction since the nature of these projects involves improvements to the City's bicycle facilities network that would not include pile driving, extensive excavation or other more intensive construction activities associated with building construction. All future implementation of BMP improvement projects would occur in compliance with local noise controls.							
c. Would the project create a substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?							

	eclaration ND 04-1 Beach Bicycle M		lan				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	$\boxtimes$	Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
Ele sul go: en	ement does not ostantial perma als, improvem	set fo nent i ent p levels	ve for discussion the or encourage ncrease in noise orograms and any higher that it it is the control of the co	e any fu e levels. implem	ture projects . The amen nentation m	that wo ded Mo easures	uld result in a bility Element s would not
d.	•	_	create a substa Is in the projec		-	-	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
Se	e Sections XII.a	a. and	c. above for dis	cussion.			
e.	plan has not luse airport, w	been a rould	ed within an a adopted, withir the project exp essive noise le	n two mi	iles of a pub	olic airp	ort or public
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
bei Mo Pa add the the loc tra	ween Cherry bility Element was enger accessoring this City's compressional vicinity of the all and FAA rectific patterns or	Avenu would ss and Eleme nensiv Long Long quirem Admi	t is located with e and Lakewo not alter noise I d goods move nt as an import e and efficient r Beach Airport wents. The amerurage developmistration (FAA s necessary.	od Boulevels enement a ant region nobility sould be nded Monents the	levard. The nanating from the Long onal air traffic system. All fin complian obility Element could con	e ameno n any fu Beach c facility uture do ce with nt would	dment to the ature projects.  Airport are that is part of evelopment in all applicable d not alter air

levels?

f. For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area excessive noise

# XIV. PUBLIC SERVICES

Fire protection would be provided by the Long Beach Fire Department. The Department has 23 stations in the City. The Department is divided into bureaus of Fire Prevention, Fire Suppression, the Bureau of Instruction, and the Bureau of Technical Services. The Fire Department is accountable for medical, paramedic, and other first aid rescue calls from the community.

Police protection would be provided by the Long Beach Police Department. The Department is divided into bureaus of Administration, Investigation, and Patrol. The City is divided into four Patrol Divisions: East, West, North and South.

The City of Long Beach is served by the Long Beach Unified School District, which also serves the City of Signal Hill, Catalina Island and a large portion of the City of Lakewood. The District has been operating at or over capacity during the past decade.

Would the proposed project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:

a. F	ire protection	1?					
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
Tho	RMP amendm	ent t	o the Mobility Ele	ement :	would be c	oneietont	with all o

The BMP amendment to the Mobility Element would be consistent with all other chapters of the General Plan, including the Land Use and Public Safety Elements. The amended Mobility Element is a policy document rather than a development project, and it would not encourage growth beyond the goals, policies and programs established in the General Plan. This planned growth would not be of magnitude in added density and intensity to substantially affect

CEQ	A. No further	envir	onmental review is	nece	essary.		
b. P	olice protecti	on?					
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
docu incre	ment rather th	ian a	a. above, the an development plar police protection s	n, an	d as such wou	ld no	t significantly
c. S	chools?						
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
	ment that will r		.a. above, the an esult in an increase		•		• •
d. P	arks?						
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
docu		ıld no	.a. above, the an ot generate any ac ne City.				
e. C	ther public fa	ciliti	es?				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
			peen identified that nmental facilities.	wou	ıld require the p	orovis	ion of new o

the provision of fire protection services. All future BMP improvement project proposals will be subject to separate environmental review in accordance with

### XV. RECREATION

re	egional p	arks or	increase to other recre on of the fac	eational f	acilities su	ch that	substantia		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact		
proje and Recr in co Perp	The amended Mobility Element is a policy document rather than a development project proposal, and it would not encourage growth beyond the goals, policies and programs established in the General Plan, including the Open Space & Recreation Element. Implementation of the BMP improvement projects would be in compliance with all applicable requirements of the local Dedication of Parks in Perpetuity Ordinance. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant and no further environmental analysis is necessary.								
С		on or exp	include and includ	creationa	l facilities v		require the ight have a		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact		

The amended Mobility Element is a policy document rather than a development project and does not include any proposals for recreational facilities or require construction or expansion of recreational facilities. The BMP amendment to the Mobility Element would not encourage local growth beyond the goals, policies and programs established in the General Plan. This planned growth would not create significant increases in demand for parks or other recreational facilities. All future improvement projects would be subject to separate CEQA review. No further environmental analysis is required.

# XVI. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC

a. Would the project cause an increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)?

Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
--------------------------------	--	---	--	------------------------------------	--	-----------

The BMP amendment to the Mobility Element would not encourage growth beyond levels planned for in the General Plan. The amended Mobility Element would comply with State General Plan law to provide a comprehensive "complete streets" policy document. The overall intent of this Mobility Element is to improve traffic circulation patterns as well as increase opportunities for multi-modal forms of transportation.

As an amendment to the adopted Mobility Element, the proposed Bicycle Master Plan (BMP) presents changes to the original 2001 Long Beach Bicycle Master Plan (2001 Plan) by updating the existing conditions section, incorporating new bicycle facility design guidelines, and a "blueprint" for potential expansion and refinement of the existing bicycle network.

The proposed updated Master Plan consists of a set of new and modified objectives and policies. The proposed new goals are:

- Improve the safety of all road users, especially bicycle riders
- Create a connected network of bicycle facilities that facilitate comfortable travel for all ages and abilities
- Increase the number and proportion of trips make by bicycle
- Ensure timely implementation of the Bicycle Master Plan

These updated goals and objectives reflect the City's commitment to develop a comprehensive bicycle plan that supports bicycling as a sustainable, equitable, healthy, and non-polluting form of transportation, which promotes the development of vibrant urban streets and public places. Moreover, the proposed updated Bicycle Master Plan will be consistent with, and further define, the bicycle policies and facilities identified in the Mobility Element of the Long Beach General Plan.

The proposed 2016 updated BMP identifies potential projects to improve bicycle transportation throughout Long Beach. Those BMP projects described under the network improvements will require a separate environmental review and are not part of this environmental analysis. It is only through subsequent approval of any of these facilities that there could be physical change and consequent environmental effect. As such, the network improvements are a Citywide expression of the goals and objectives of the proposed updated Plan.

The Bicycle Facilities Design Guidelines will serve as an important reference document that can ensure that bicycle facilities are incorporated during road maintenance and reconstruction, as well as when land use decisions are made.

The Long Beach Bicycle Master Plan is a public policy document establishing the framework that provides an overview of the policies and components of a successful bicycle program. The bicycle network improvements are a component of the City's adopted Mobility Element of the Long Beach General Plan. As such, the proposed updated Bicycle Master Plan would require amendments to the Long Beach General Plan. The updated 2016 BMP meets the State of California requirement that local governments to prepare and adopt a Bicycle Transportation Plan and to periodically update it every five years.

No specific construction schedule or prioritization timetable has been established for the bicycle facilities improvements projects. All future improvement projects would be subject to separate CEQA review. No further environmental analysis is necessary.

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The BMP amendment to the Mobility Element would be consistent with all General Plan chapters, including the Land Use Element. While the future BMP improvement projects would not conflict with applicable local and FAA requirements, none of the improvement projects are located in the vicinity of the Long Beach Airport. No further environmental analysis is required.

d. Would the project substantially increase hazards to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?

	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact
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t c	b. Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?									
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation	$\boxtimes$	Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact			
chap	oters of the	General	o the Mobility E Plan and would nticipated for the	l not co	ntribute to a	ny cumu	lative growth			
s	c. Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?									
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less Than Significant with Mitigation Incorporation		Less Than Significant Impact		No Impact			

Many of the BMP improvement projects are "self-mitigating" in that they are specifically intended to reduce environmental impacts from current transportation patterns with respect to traffic, air emissions, public safety, municipal services and community cohesion. Finally, physical changes to the environment associated with the improvement projects cannot be undertaken without subsequent project-level environmental review that complies with requirements of CEQA. For these reason, the City has concluded that the amendment to the Mobility Element can be adopted without causing significant adverse environmental effects and determined that the Negative Declaration is the appropriate type of CEQA documentation.

# OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY CHARLES PARKIN, City Attorney 333 West Ocean Boulevard, 11th Floor Long Beach. CA 90802-4664

# RESOLUTION NO.

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LONG BEACH ADOPTING, AFTER PUBLIC HEARING, AN UPDATE TO THE BICYCLE MASTER PLAN, AS A TECHNICAL APPENDIX TO THE MOBILITY ELEMENT OF THE LONG BEACH GENERAL PLAN

WHEREAS, the City Council of the City of Long Beach has adopted, pursuant to Section 65302 of the California Government Code, a Mobility Element as part of the City of Long Beach General Plan; and

WHEREAS, the City Council desires to amend the General Plan of the City of Long Beach by approving and adopting the update to the Bicycle Master Plan, establishing a Citywide vision and policies necessary to achieve a balanced mobility system by facilitating an increased use of bicycling as a viable option for both work and non-work trips; and

WHEREAS, on April 14, 2016, the Department of Development Services and Public Works held a Citywide kickoff meeting for an update to the Bicycle Master Plan; and

WHEREAS, on September 1, 2016 and November 17, 2016, the Planning Commission held study sessions on the proposed 20-year plan for bicycle infrastructure and policies developed based on national best practices and public input; and

WHEREAS, the draft Bicycle Master Plan ("Draft Plan") establishes policies, programs and design guidelines intended to make bicycling in Long Beach safe, comfortable, convenient, and enjoyable; and

WHEREAS, on January 5, 2017, the Planning Commission conducted public hearings on the Draft Plan and recommended the City Council adopt a resolution

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approving the Draft Plan as a technical appendix to the Mobility Element of the Long Beach General Plan;

NOW, THEREFORE, the City Council of the City of Long Beach resolves as follows:

On February 7, 2017 at 5:00 p.m., the City Council conducted Section 1. a duly noticed public hearing at which time it gave full consideration to all pertinent facts, information, proposals and recommendations and the views expressed at the public hearing and afforded full opportunity for public input and participation respecting all parts of the update to the Bicycle Master Plan as a technical appendix to the Mobility Element of the Long Beach General Plan.

Section 2. Following receipt of all appropriate documentation, full hearings and deliberation, the City Council did concur with the recommendations of the Planning Commission and did approve the update to the Bicycle Master Plan as a technical appendix to the Mobility Element of the Long Beach General Plan, as shown on Exhibit "A", which is attached hereto and incorporated herein by this reference.

Section 3. This resolution shall take effect immediately upon its adoption by the City Council, and the City Clerk shall certify the vote adopting this resolution.

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Council of the City of Long Beach at its meeting of \_\_\_\_\_\_, 2017, by the following vote: Ayes: Councilmembers: Councilmembers: Noes: Absent: Councilmembers: City Clerk 

OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY CHARLES PARKIN, City Attorney 333 West Ocean Boulevard, 11th Floor Long Beach. CA 90802-4664

I hereby certify that the foregoing resolution was adopted by the City