

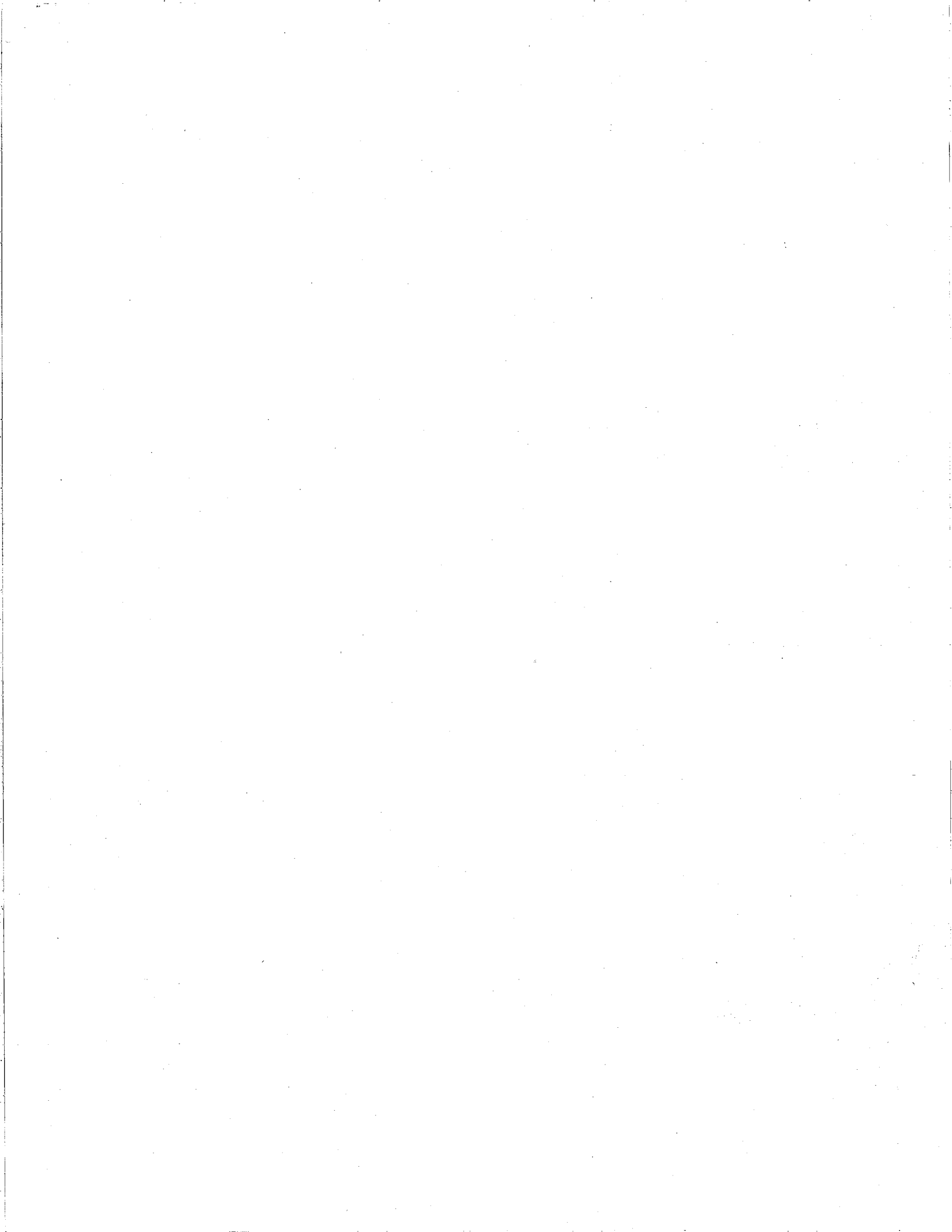
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
LONG BEACH TRANSIT

2011



For the year ended June 30, 2011 Long Beach, CA • A component unit of the City of Long Beach

the shape of things to come



2011

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report LONG BEACH TRANSIT

For the year ended June 30, 2011 Long Beach, CA
A component unit of the City of Long Beach
Prepared by the Finance Department
Jennifer Abro, Controller • Lisa Patton, Executive Director / VP



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**COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011**

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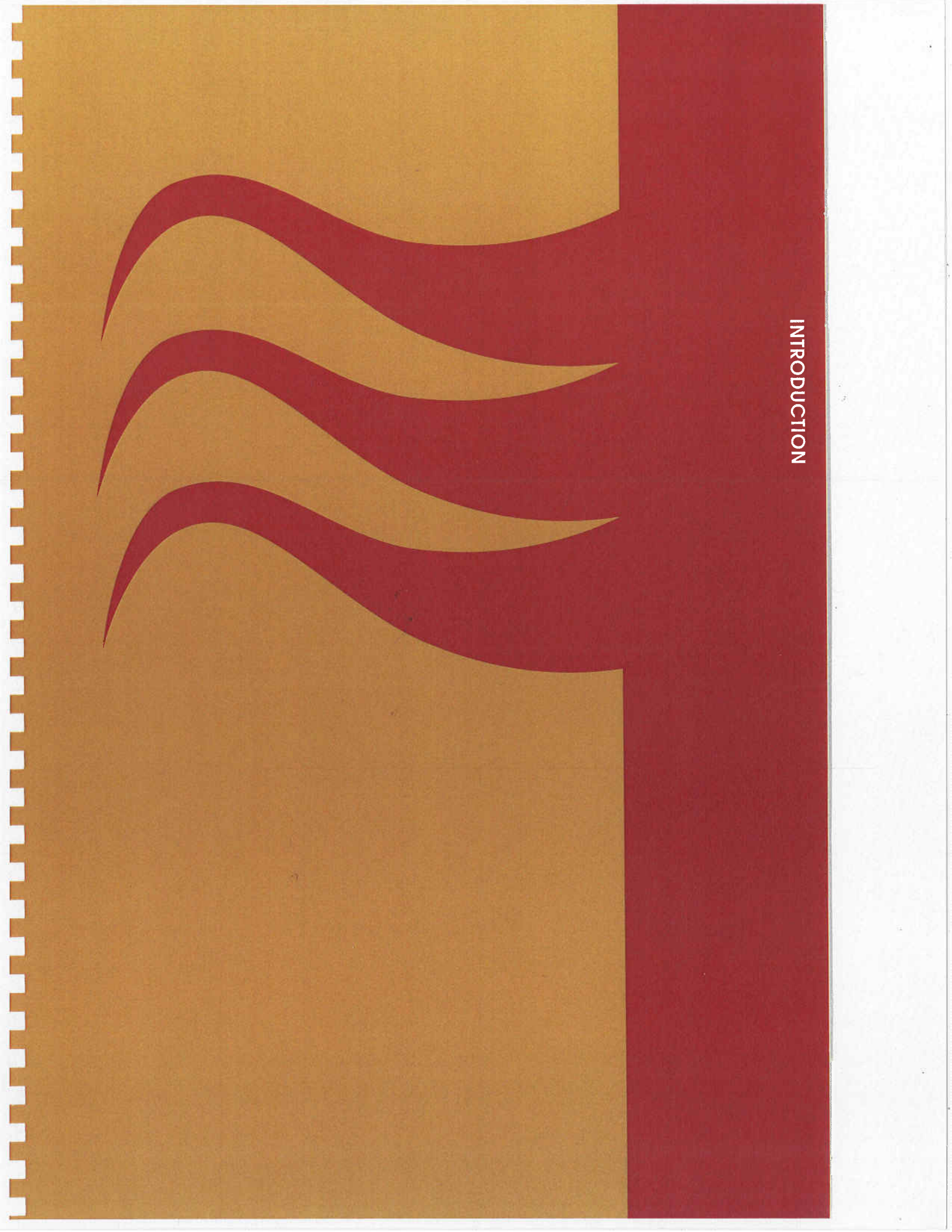
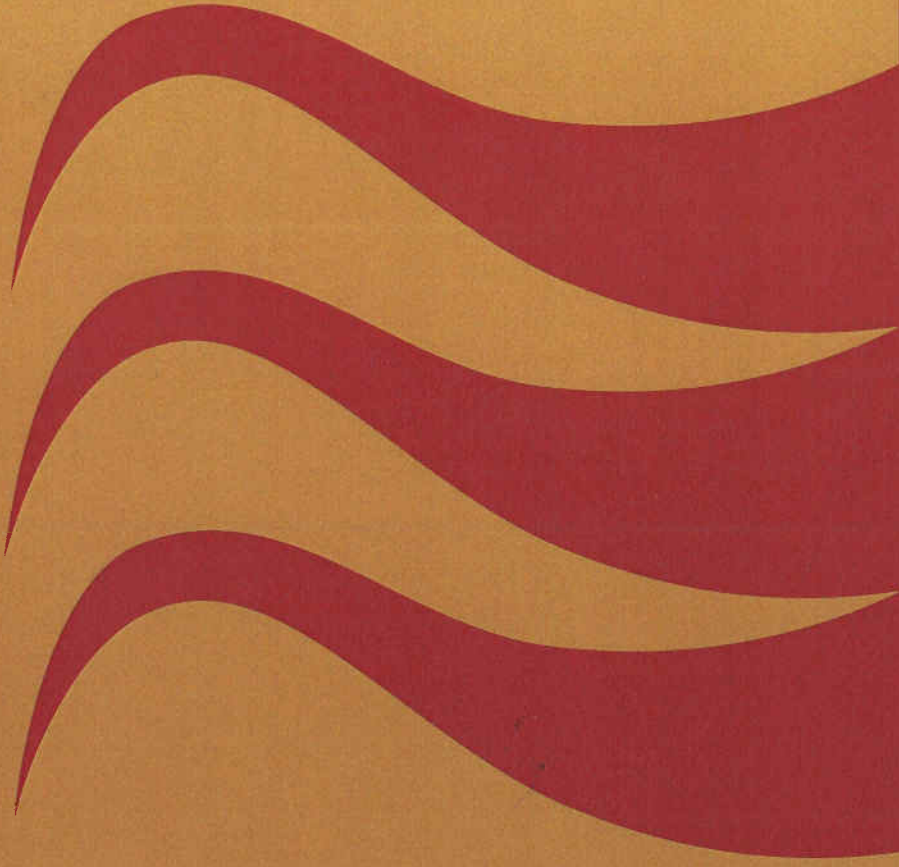
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INTRODUCTION







LONG BEACH

TRANSIT
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December 14, 2011

To the Board of Directors of
Long Beach Public Transportation Company:

We are pleased to submit for your information and consideration the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Long Beach Public Transportation Company (Long Beach Transit or the Company) for fiscal year July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011.

The CAFR has become the standard format used in presenting the results of the Company's annual financial operations for the fiscal year. We believe this report is presented in a manner designed to fairly disclose the financial position and results of operations of the Company as measured by its financial activities. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the disclosures are accurate in all material respects.

The accompanying basic financial statements, supplemental schedules and statistical information are the representations of the Company's management which bears the responsibility for their accuracy and completeness. The Independent Auditors' Report, prepared by Windes & McClaughry Accountancy Corporation, is included along with other necessary disclosures to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the Company's financial activities.

The independent audit of the accompanying basic financial statements of Long Beach Transit was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the accompanying basic financial statements, but also on the audited agency's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Long Beach Public Transportation Company's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires management to provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Company's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Laurence W. Jackson, President and CEO

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

REPORTING ENTITY

The Company is a nonprofit corporation, formed in 1963 with the purchase of the local transit system from a private carrier leaving the business.

Long Beach Transit is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors (Board) which provides broad policy and financial decisions, setting direction for management. The Mayor, with the approval of the Long Beach City Council, appoints residents of the community to the Board to serve overlapping four-year terms. In addition, two designees of the City Manager's Office may serve as ex-officio members of the Board but do not have voting authority. The Board designates a Chief Executive Officer who is responsible for overseeing daily operations. Long Beach Transit's management is represented by the Chief Operating Officer, Chief Administrative Officer and six Executive Directors heading Finance, Maintenance, Information Services, Service Development, Operations and Administrative Services. The Company's organizational chart is shown later in this introductory section.

The Company's reporting entity includes only transit operations and there is no other organization within the City of Long Beach providing a similar scope of public transportation service.

In accordance with GASB, the Company is considered a component financial reporting unit of the City of Long Beach (City). As such, the Company's financial statements are included in the City's comprehensive annual financial report as a discretely presented component unit. Long Beach Transit has a separate legal status and has historically operated as an independently managed and operated nonprofit corporation, receiving no direct administrative or financial support from the City. For the present, there has been no expressed intent to alter the status of this financial reporting and administrative relationship.

SERVICES

Long Beach Transit's mission is "to provide public transit services that enhance and improve the quality of life for the residents of our community." The strategic business plan provides a framework for accomplishing this mission. The business plan serves as a foundation for the preparation of annual action plans and budgets which detail specific objectives to be achieved and the financial resources that will be provided to achieve them. The plan is updated each year to ensure goals are consistent with current and anticipated operating and economic conditions.

Long Beach Transit is a full service public transit system, providing a wide range of transit services, including:

- Fixed route bus service
- Shuttle service (Passport)
- Demand responsive paratransit service (Dial-A-Lift)
- Water taxi service (AquaBus and AquaLink)
- Community special service

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Fixed Route Bus Service

The Company provides fixed route bus service to a 98 square mile area, which includes the cities of Long Beach, Lakewood and Signal Hill; and portions of Bellflower, Carson, Cerritos, Hawaiian Gardens, Norwalk, Paramount and Seal Beach. This service covers 38 routes, requiring 223 buses and shuttles.

The First Street Transit Gallery, located in downtown Long Beach, is the focal point of the fixed route system as well as Metro Blue Line rail service running between Long Beach and downtown Los Angeles. The Transit Gallery provides special features such as exclusive bus lanes and traffic control equipment, special bus stop improvements, passenger shelters equipped with graphic displays, and electronic monitors displaying real-time schedule information.

Of the 38 fixed routes operated by the Company, 32 radiate from the Transit Gallery. This location is a major transfer point not only for the Company's routes but for the Metro Blue Line Light Rail System as well as other bus services provided by Torrance Transit, Los Angeles Department of Transportation (LADOT), and Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro).

All of Long Beach Transit's fixed-route service vehicles are low-floor and wheelchair accessible. These coaches are maintained and dispatched from two facilities. Approximately 60% of the vehicles are stored at the central administrative, operating and maintenance facility located at 1963 E. Anaheim St. in Long Beach. The remaining coaches are assigned to a secondary maintenance facility at 6860 Cherry Street in North Long Beach. Besides the coaches, the Company owns a fleet of automobiles used for supervisory and administrative functions and various maintenance vehicles for emergency road services and bus stop support.

Long Beach Transit maintains neighborhood bus shelters, benches, and standard bus stops providing customer convenience and comfort. There are over 2,900 stops throughout the system and the Company ensures the stops are well-maintained and meet high cleanliness standards.

Passport Shuttle Service

The Passport was designed to easily shuttle customers around downtown and then travel along the breathtaking Long Beach coastline. All Passports meet on Pine Avenue between 1st Street and Ocean Blvd. to take people to their destinations. Passport service is provided by 30 low-floor minibuses. Passport vehicles are stored and maintained at the main administrative facility on Anaheim Street. During fiscal year 2011, the Passport carried 4.26 million passengers.

Passport A service travels along Long Beach's sun-dappled coast to the Long Beach Museum of Art, Belmont Shore, and Alamitos Bay Landing.

Passport B serves 4th Street's Retro Row shopping and dining. It provides service between downtown Long Beach and Belmont Heights including Cesar Chavez Park and the East Village Arts District.

The Passport C route, serving Pine Avenue, Shoreline Drive, the Aquarium of the Pacific and the iconic Queen Mary, is a free service that connects downtown Long Beach's finest attractions and destinations, including the AquaBus and AquaLink water taxis.

Passport D serves downtown, Belmont Shore, the college campus at CSULB and travels along

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Atherton to the Traffic Circle shopping and restaurants.

Demand Responsive Paratransit Service (Dial-A-Lift)

The Dial-A-Lift service is operated by a local taxi company using a fleet of mini-van taxis. The contractor supplements Dial-A-Lift rides with its ordinary taxi service on an as-needed basis, eliminating the need for additional dedicated vans. This results in lower overall costs. There were 47,064 boardings on Dial-A-Lift in FY 2011.

Long Beach Transit is a member of Access Services (ASI) which provides mandated paratransit transportation services to Los Angeles County under the Americans with Disabilities Act. To complement the service provided by ASI, the Company offers Dial-A-Lift paratransit service for persons with disabilities. This curb-to-curb service operates on a call-in basis and is provided by a private contractor. All vehicles are owned by the Company, but stored, maintained and dispatched by the contractor.

Water Taxi Service (AquaBus and AquaLink)

The Aquarium of the Pacific, Convention Center, and the Pike venue with restaurants, retail and theatres, continue to attract many visitors to the City's downtown waterfront. As a complement to the Passport shuttles, the Company also operates water taxi service in Queensway Bay and along the Long Beach coastline.

There are two AquaBus boats that provide links to the Queen Mary, Aquarium, and Shoreline Village. These boats, which carry up to 49 passengers, tie directly with the downtown Passport shuttle buses and parking facilities, allowing visitors to see Long Beach's many attractions without having to get in their car.

For passengers wanting to travel further down the coast, the AquaLink, a 75-seat catamaran, provides service that operates between the Queen Mary, Aquarium, Belmont Pier and Alamitos Bay Landing. Belmont Pier service began in May, 2011 as a result of renovations to accommodate AquaLink boat operations. With the new arrival of AquaLink II, express service will begin in FY 2012 from the Aquarium of the Pacific dock 4 in downtown Long Beach, directly to Alamitos Bay landing restaurants.

The service is provided by Catalina Express, a private contractor. The vessels are owned by Long Beach Transit, and stored and maintained at the contractor's docking facilities. This service runs daily during the summer months. Annual ridership for fiscal year 2011 was 26,716 boardings.

Community Special Service

Long Beach Transit provides a Museum Express bus service to major museums and garden attractions in Los Angeles and Orange Counties. Tickets can be purchased in advance for the service, which runs from June through August. The Museum Express offers residents who would not ordinarily ride the bus an opportunity to try transit and is particularly beneficial to our senior and transit dependent customers who can rely on the service to access attractions they could not travel to on their own. Each year, the Company also supports the Toyota Grand Prix of Long Beach and other large, special events by providing supplemental service where needed.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS

Long Beach Transit's mission is "to provide public transit services that enhance and improve the quality of life for the residents of our community". To accomplish this mission, the Company has undertaken a wide variety of initiatives to continue improving the overall quality, effectiveness, and efficiency of transit services.

Fleet Improvements

The Company continues to focus on its goal of maintaining a modern, low emission, efficient transit fleet. With the recent completion of our alternative fuel study, LBT is now committed to adding Compressed Natural Gas (CNG) buses to our existing gasoline hybrid fleet. LBT has ordered 64 new CNG coaches, manufactured by Gillig, to be delivered in 2012 and operated out of our Larry Jackson Facility located at 6860 Cherry Street in North Long Beach.

As part of the ongoing effort to keep our bus fleet modern, attractive, clean and functioning to our highest standards for our customers and community, LBT is continuing to detail our coaches twice a year and to replace our passenger and operator seats every three years.

Long Beach Transit and Catalina Express celebrated the arrival of AquaLink II, a sister boat to AquaLink I in June, 2011. The 68-foot catamaran, built by Kvichak Marine Industries comfortably ferries up to 75 passengers and began providing express service on July 1, 2011.

Customer Amenities

Using \$6 million in Federal Economic Stimulus funds, we were able to dramatically upgrade and modernize our First Street Transit Gallery while creating a significant number of jobs for our community. The First Street Transit Gallery has a new look and feel with more color, artwork, landscaping, lighting and eight new bold shelters with real-time information displays, making it a safer and more inviting atmosphere for the entire city. The upgrades compliment our recently constructed Heston Transit and Visitor Information Center, making it a more vibrant and functional regional transportation hub that benefits our customers and the entire downtown community.

The Company dedicated over \$1 million in Federal Economic Stimulus funds to implement major improvements to 18 bus stops throughout our service area. These improvements provided both added convenience to our customers and a pleasing neighborhood environment while creating many construction job opportunities. The stops received new shelters, benches, public art work and TranSmart real-time information signage.

Using our TranSmart communications system that features satellite GPS tracking of all of our vehicles, we implemented an interactive voice response (IVR) system that provides 24-hour real-time schedule information allowing customers to access schedule information from their cell phone and other devices. This system assigns a unique four-digit number to each of the more than 2,900 LBT bus stops. The stop number is posted at each stop, where waiting customers may dial a 24-hour telephone line, enter the stop number, and get updated next-bus arrival information. Long Beach Transit is the first on the west coast to offer such technology.

Facility Upgrades

As a result of funding from the Federal Economic Stimulus program, we were able to complete renovations to portions of the Maintenance and Operations buildings at our Anaheim Street

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

facility. The remodel of the Operations building improved communications and coordination between the employees by bringing these two critical functions together into one open space. The maintenance remodel has modernized the mechanics' locker, lunch and rest rooms and provided an additional 535 feet of office space.

With the decision to add CNG to our fuel mix, we have started the process to build a CNG station at our Larry Jackson Facility and upgrade both our facilities to repair CNG coaches. The facility team has hired a consultant to help with the design/build of this new station and facility modifications, with the goal of completing the project in mid-2012 – ready to serve the newly anticipated CNG coaches.

Sustainability Program

Long Beach Transit is committed to being a leader in environmental preservation and resource efficiency by using sustainable materials, methods and technologies that improve the environmental, social and economic health of the communities we serve.

Our commitment to sustainability includes the operation of the largest hybrid gasoline-electric bus fleet in the nation (89 coaches). Further, our Board of Directors has approved an alternative fuel policy that includes the introduction of CNG-powered vehicles in fiscal year 2012.

Sustainability efforts continue with the formation of our new Environmental Sustainability Management System (ESMS) team with a focus on the conservation of energy and water through facility upgrades with efficient fluorescent lights, motion-sensors, upgraded sprinkler system, low flush toilets and water free urinals. Our sustainable bus stops continue to grow with the use of solar-based power to provide lighting and energy for the real-time variable message signs.

The employee green team kicked off a "Let's Be Thinking Green" employee information campaign, asking every employee to pledge to be committed to LBT's sustainability efforts. With this effort, we have been able to see an increase in our recycling efforts, with over 60% of our waste now being recycled.

Long Beach Transit is a signatory to both the International Association of Public Transportation and American Public Transportation Association sustainability charters, committing the agency to ongoing conservation and sustainability efforts.

Federal and State Audits

Every third year, Long Beach Transit is subject to comprehensive audits by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and the State of California. Both of these triennial audits were completed in fiscal year 2010. The federal audit found Long Beach Transit 100% compliant in all 24 areas, and the state performance audit highlighted the Company's successful efforts to control costs.

KEY PERFORMANCE RESULTS

Performance Statistics

Despite the continuing difficult economic environment in which we operate, Long Beach Transit achieved many noteworthy results during the fiscal year. In particular, our rate of preventable accidents dropped to 1.2 per 100,000 miles. Fewer accidents translates to reduced claims costs, so our total risk management costs for the year were 7.4% of total operating costs, an outstanding result.

One of the actions we have taken is to delay the purchase of new buses. This means we have older buses on the street operating more miles. Despite this, we saw a significant improvement in the miles between road calls, a measurement of service reliability for our customers, during the quarter ending June 30. The miles between road calls increased to 6,381.

On time performance remained remarkably high at 97.6%. This is an incredible achievement considering that we were required to detour virtually all of our service coaches for the reconstruction of the First Street Transit Gallery, one of our region's busiest transit hubs. We were very efficient with maximizing our passenger loads this year, carrying 45 passengers per vehicle service hour, the highest it's been in 8 years. Considering the budget constraints we have been experiencing, including a surge in the cost of fuel, LBT continued to efficiently manage our cost per vehicle service hour compared to other like transit agencies.

One of the several methods used to monitor performance is through key indicators that track service quality, efficiency, and productivity. The results for fiscal year 2011 are on page 45.

Community Evaluation

Long Beach Transit also tracks the degree of customer satisfaction with the quality of services provided. An independent research firm is engaged annually to randomly poll customers and non-riders to measure perceptions of service quality. Results for 2011 and prior years are shown on page 45.

Overall, 97% of riders continue to view Long Beach Transit service as good or excellent. The information provided by these surveys is a key source for the development of the Company's business plan. Ratings and customer comments are analyzed in detail to ensure Long Beach Transit is responsive to customer and community concerns and ideas.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

General Economic Conditions

Long Beach Transit, like transit systems and businesses all across California and the nation, is operating in an exceedingly difficult economic climate. We face the twin challenges of the worst national economy since the 1930's and the State Legislature's decision to slash state transit assistance. The result is state transit subsidies, which account for the largest portion of our operating budget, have declined by 28% since 2008. Some of this shortfall has been made up by the introduction of Measure R revenues deriving from a voter-approved one-half cent transit sales tax in Los Angeles County, but certainly not all. Further, we have asked our customers to absorb two fare increases, one in 2009 and another in 2010. We have also implemented service reductions totaling 3%. This reduction in vehicle service hours was achieved by increasing the time between buses on several routes. A wide variety of cost reductions have also been

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

implemented such as unfilled management staff positions, a three-year salary freeze, negotiations with suppliers to reduce costs, and others. To date we have avoided layoffs and the major service reductions that have been implemented by transit systems throughout California. Our ability to maintain existing service levels to the communities we serve will depend upon how quickly economic conditions improve.

Financial Policies

The Company procures the majority of its capital assets through annual grants awarded through the Federal Transit Administration. The federal grants are allocated by region under Section 5307 and 5309 of the Safe, Accountable, Flexible, and Efficient Transportation Equity Act – A Legacy for Users (SAFETEA-LU) of 2005. The Company is eligible to receive funds based on a formula allocation and discretionary money for specific projects such as buses.

During 2006, a state-wide bond initiative was passed that provides Los Angeles County with additional capital funds for buses and security-related projects. The availability of these funds is based on the State's ability to issue bonds. Bond proceeds are distributed based on the existing County formula allocation. Any remaining capital needs not funded by federal or bond monies are financed through state and local grants.

The Company currently has no long-term debt and has historically only used available grant funds to procure capital acquisitions. The Company has no immediate plans to issue debt and will continue to fund future capital needs through formula and discretionary grants.

Daily operations are financed by fare revenue, annual sales tax subsidies received from state and county programs, and miscellaneous other revenue such as income from advertising on Company vehicles and investment income. The amount of sales tax subsidies received each year is based on a regional formula comprised of fares, revenue miles, and passengers.

Accounting System

Internal Control Structure

In evaluating and developing the accounting system, Federal Transit Administration (FTA) and generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) are applied to achieve an adequate system of internal accounting controls which ensures assets are protected against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the data used to prepare financial statements are timely and reliable. These controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance is to ensure the cost of the control does not exceed the benefit received. It also recognizes that evaluation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management. We believe the Company's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance financial transactions are properly recorded.

Basis of Accounting

Long Beach Transit is a single enterprise proprietary fund using the accrual method of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

Government grants for operating assistance and the acquisition of capital assets are not formally recognized in the accounts until the grant becomes a valid receivable as a result of the Company complying with appropriate grant requirements. Operating assistance grants are included in

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

non-operating revenues in the year in which the grant is applicable and the related reimbursable expenditure is incurred. It is the Company's policy to record capital grants as an addition to capital assets and net assets as the related expenditures are incurred.

Cash Management

The Company's cash assets continue to be held at the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), the Corporate Investment Account which contains investment vehicles similarly structured to LAIF and money market accounts. All investments are governed by an investment policy adopted by the Board. The policy is in accordance with the California Government Code and all other applicable federal, state and local laws, as well as using prudent money management. The Company is authorized to participate in obligations of the federal government and its agencies, corporate notes, money market accounts, local bonds, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, and mutual funds issued by diversified management companies.

All deposits are covered by federal insurance or collateralized under the California Government Code requiring the financial institution to pledge government securities as collateral with a market value of at least 110% of deposits.

Risk Management

Long Beach Transit is self-insured for each occurrence of workers' compensation and public liability and property damage claimed up to \$1.5 million and \$1 million, respectively. Claims in excess of \$1.5 million for workers' compensation and \$1 million for public liability and property damage are covered under policies in force with an insurance company up to \$25 million for workers' compensation and \$10 million for public liability and property damage. Risk retention levels for public liability and property damage did not change during fiscal year 2011. The amount of settlements for both programs has not exceeded the insurance coverage limits for the last three fiscal years.

An independent claims manager estimates losses and recommends reserve levels with losses recognized on an accrual basis. Cash and investments are maintained to fully fund the estimated liabilities. Additional information on Long Beach Transit's risk management activity can be found on page 24 in note (6) of the notes to the accompanying basic financial statements.

Pension Benefits

The Company sponsors two single employer defined benefit pension plans, one for contract employees and the other for salaried employees. Each year, an independent actuary calculates the amount of annual contribution that Long Beach Transit must make to the pension plans to ensure the plans will be able to fully meet its obligations to retired employees on a timely basis.

Long Beach Transit contributes funding to each plan based on the actuary's calculation of future benefits. When taking into consideration future projected benefits, the funding status is 79% and 66% for the Contract Plan and Salaried Plan, respectively. The remaining unfunded future liability is being systematically funded over 30 years as determined by the actuary.

The financial statements for the plans are available under separate cover. There is also additional information regarding the pension plans in this CAFR which can be found on page 31 in note (13) of the notes to the accompanying basic financial statements.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

INNOVATION AND RECOGNITION

For the 20th straight year, the GFOA of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for excellence in Financial Reporting to Long Beach Transit for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. In order to receive the award, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report in compliance with the GFOA policies, procedures and program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

Long Beach Transit was acknowledged by the International Association of Public Transport for our contribution as a pledge charter signatory for 2010 - 2012 in pursuing sustainable development practices. LBT is committed to the continuation of sustainable development as a strategic objective and has put in place practices for regular reporting on the social, environmental and economic performance of the organization. We also received similar recognition from the American Public Transportation Association for our sustainability efforts.

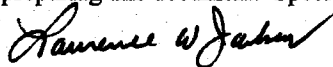
Long Beach Transit partnered with the Long Beach Police Department (LBPD) SWAT team to assist their Explorer program with training high school students in leadership and responsible citizenry. The Company invited the Explorer members and their LBPD instructors to train for a national Explorer competition where a key element was a bus evacuation under duress. The Explorer team of 20 youths spent a day learning and practicing how to board a bus in a concise progressive manner, becoming a commanding presence and evacuating passengers safely. The result was a 1st Place in the National Explorer Program competition.

Long Beach Transit partnered with the Federal Air Marshall Service (FAM) to conduct a Visual Intermodal Prevention and Response (VIPR) operation. The exercise included five agencies, teams of officers, K-9, behavior detection officers and LBT management. The purpose was to present a visual police presence to the public for the purpose of empowering the citizenry to participate in our homeland security.

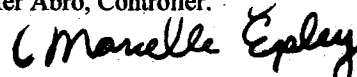
The Board of Harbor Commissioners awarded a plaque to Long Beach Transit for Outstanding Support and Partnership of their 100th Birthday Celebration. Using our hybrid buses, Long Beach Transit provided shuttle service for the Green Port Fest.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We wish to acknowledge the participation and professional contribution of the accountancy firm of Windes & McClaughry in providing technical assistance when needed. In addition, we wish to recognize those Finance and Administrative staff members who contributed their time and efforts in preparing this document. Special thanks to Jennifer Abro, Controller.



President and
Chief Executive Officer



Executive Vice President and
Chief Administrative Officer



Executive Director and
Vice President of Financial Services

**Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting**

Presented to
**Long Beach Public Transportation
Company, California**

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2010

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Linda C. Danison

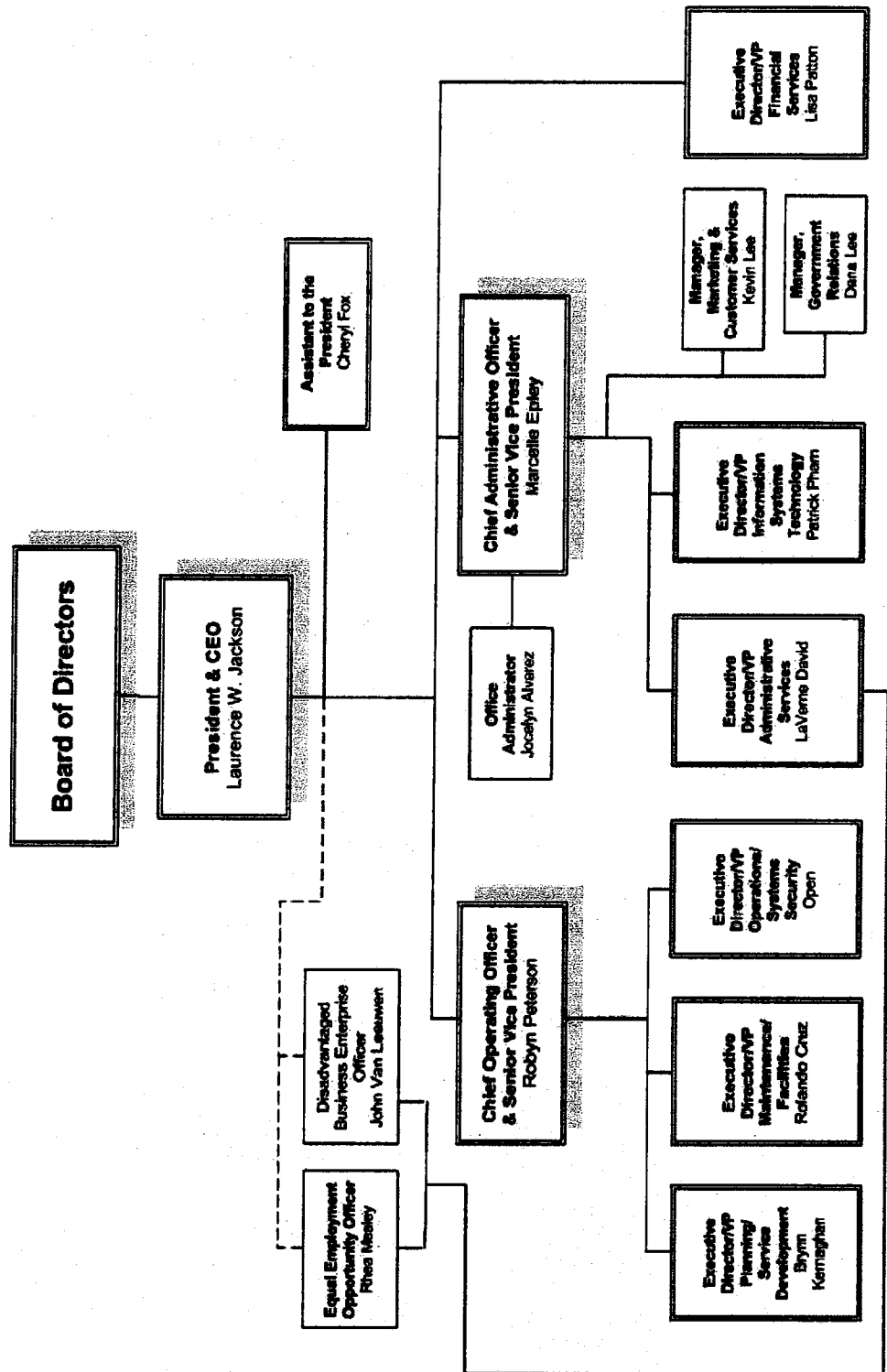
President

Jeffrey R. Emer

Executive Director

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Long Beach Transit General Management



Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Board of Directors

Mark Curtis	Chair of the Board
Dr. James P. Norman, Jr.	Vice Chair
Barbara Sullivan George	Secretary – Treasurer
Vacant	Assistant Secretary – Treasurer
Lori Ann Farrell	Director
Freda Hinsche Otto	Director
Robert W. Parkin	Director
Michael Conway	Ex Officio Member, City of Long Beach
David Roseman	Ex Officio Member, City of Long Beach

Management

Laurence W. Jackson	President & Chief Executive Officer
Robyn Peterson	Senior Vice President & Chief Operating Officer
Marcelle Epley	Senior Vice President & Chief Administrative Officer
Lisa Patton	Executive Director, VP Financial Services
Rolando Cruz	Executive Director, VP Maintenance & Facilities
LaVerne David	Executive Director, VP Risk Management, Training & Human Resources
Patrick Pham	Executive Director, VP Information Systems & Technology
Brynn Kernaghan	Executive Director, VP Planning & Service Development

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

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FINANCIAL







WINDES & McCLAUGHRY
ACCOUNTANCY CORPORATION
Certified Public Accountants & Consultants
EXCEEDING EXPECTATIONS SINCE 1926

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
Long Beach Public Transportation Company

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Long Beach Public Transportation Company (Company), a component unit of the City of Long Beach, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

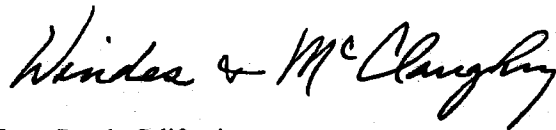
As described more fully in note 1, the financial statements referred to above include only the financial activities of the Long Beach Public Transportation Company and are not intended to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the City of Long Beach, California in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Long Beach Public Transportation Company, as of June 30, 2011 and 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2011, on our consideration of the Company's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3 through 9 and the required supplementary information on page 31, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Long Beach Public Transportation Company's basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Winder & McCaughey".

Long Beach, California
December 14, 2011

M D & A



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS

As management of Long Beach Public Transportation Company (Long Beach Transit or the Company), we offer readers of Long Beach Transit's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Company for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i-x of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Long Beach Transit's assets exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2011 by \$87.4 million (net assets). Of this amount, \$3.6 million (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the Company's ongoing obligations arising from providing transportation service to the community.
- The State of California reinstated State Transit Assistance (STA) funding to transit operators in 2011. Long Beach Transit received \$3.7 million in STA funds in fiscal year 2011.
- Measure R, approved by the voters, provides a ½ cent sales tax for transportation improvements. In fiscal year 2011, we received \$6.4 million in Measure R funds.
- Increased fuel costs and casualty and liability costs resulted in an increase in operating expenses before depreciation of 5.1%.
- In order to balance the operating budget, the Company used funds from reserves and funded preventive maintenance operating expenses with capital grant funds, as permitted by Federal law.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Long Beach Transit's financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

The statements of net assets present information on all of Long Beach Transit's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Long Beach Transit is improving or deteriorating.

The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets present information showing how the Company's net assets changed for the two most recent fiscal years. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued

The statements of cash flows present information on the Company's cash receipts, cash payments and net changes in cash (and cash equivalents) for the two most recent fiscal years. Generally accepted accounting principles for governmental units require that cash flows be classified into one of four categories:

- Cash flows from operating activities
- Cash flows from noncapital financing activities
- Cash flows from capital and related financing activities
- Cash flows from investing activities

The Company's financial statements can be found on pages 10-14 of this report.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 15-35 of this report.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the Company's financial position. In the case of Long Beach Transit, assets exceeded liabilities by \$87.4 million at the close of fiscal year 2011.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company's Condensed Summary of Net Assets

	Year - Ended		
	2011	2010	2009
Current assets	\$ 35,347,004	\$ 34,825,780	\$ 33,910,993
Other noncurrent assets	24,446,023	23,670,356	19,909,267
Capital assets, net	<u>83,828,062</u>	<u>84,286,309</u>	<u>87,250,464</u>
Total assets	<u>143,621,089</u>	<u>142,782,445</u>	<u>141,070,724</u>
Current liabilities	32,280,231	32,013,149	31,121,815
Noncurrent liabilities	<u>23,908,017</u>	<u>22,878,208</u>	<u>19,093,666</u>
Total liabilities	<u>56,188,248</u>	<u>54,891,357</u>	<u>50,215,481</u>
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets	83,828,062	84,286,309	87,250,464
Restricted	21,356	16,747	102,205
Unrestricted	<u>3,583,423</u>	<u>3,588,032</u>	<u>3,502,574</u>
Total net assets	<u>\$ 87,432,841</u>	<u>\$ 87,891,088</u>	<u>\$ 90,855,243</u>

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued

Almost all of Long Beach Transit's net assets (96%) reflect its investment in capital assets (e.g., fleet, buildings, passenger facilities, shop equipment). The Company uses these capital assets to provide transportation service to the community; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. All of Long Beach Transit's capital assets were procured with federal, state and local grant funds. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$3.6 million in 2011, \$3.6 million in 2010 and \$3.5 million in 2009) may be used to meet the Company's ongoing obligations arising from providing transportation service to the community.

For fiscal year 2011, Long Beach Transit's net assets decreased by \$458 thousand due to the annual depreciation expense exceeding capital purchases by \$458 thousand. Long Beach Transit spent \$17.1 million for capital assets which included the renovation of certain portions of our main operations and maintenance facility, major upgrades to passenger facilities, and routine replacement of bus tires, shop, office and IT equipment.

In fiscal year 2010, Long Beach Transit's net assets decreased by \$2.9 million. This is due to annual depreciation exceeding capital purchases by \$2.9 million. Long Beach Transit spent \$13.5 million for capital assets which included the ground-breaking for the renovation of certain portions of our main operations and maintenance facility, a new bus washer, upgrades to passenger facilities, and routine replacement of bus tires, shop, office and IT equipment.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company's Condensed Summary of Changes in Net Assets

	Year - Ended		
	2011	2010	2009
Operating revenues:			
Passenger fares and special events	\$ 17,350,225	\$ 16,545,718	\$ 15,857,912
Advertising	558,490	609,161	797,814
Other	22,872	25,861	14,551
Total operating revenues	<u>17,931,587</u>	<u>17,180,740</u>	<u>16,670,277</u>
Non-operating revenues:			
Subsidies	55,012,754	51,773,322	50,720,199
Interest	496,298	938,330	740,135
Total non-operating revenues	<u>55,509,052</u>	<u>52,711,652</u>	<u>51,460,334</u>
Total revenues	<u>73,440,639</u>	<u>69,892,392</u>	<u>68,130,611</u>
Expenses:			
Transportation	35,413,269	36,416,765	34,874,385
Maintenance	21,292,632	18,546,811	18,602,288
Administration	16,734,738	14,928,816	14,653,938
Depreciation	17,588,757	16,519,346	14,009,081
Total expenses	<u>91,029,396</u>	<u>86,411,738</u>	<u>82,139,692</u>
Change before capital grants	(17,588,757)	(16,519,346)	(14,009,081)
Capital grants	<u>17,130,510</u>	<u>13,555,191</u>	<u>28,744,925</u>
Change in net assets	<u>\$ (458,247)</u>	<u>\$ (2,964,155)</u>	<u>\$ 14,735,844</u>

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued

Operating revenues. Overall total operating revenues for 2011 increased 4.3%. Fare revenue comprises 97% of operating revenues.

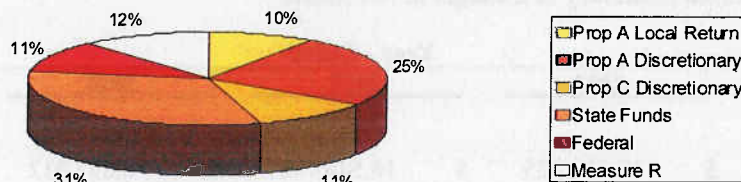
Fare and special events revenue in 2011 rose \$804,507 or 4.8%. This was the fourth consecutive year of increased fare revenue; 2010 totals increased 4% over 2009, 2009 was 6% over 2008 and 2008 totals increased 4% over 2007. Fiscal year 2010's increase was due to a fare increase implemented in February 2010.

The current economic recession continues to negatively affect the advertising industry, resulting in less advertising revenue for the past three years. In 2011, advertising revenue decreased \$50,671 or 8%. In 2010, advertising revenue decreased \$188,653 or 24%.

Non-operating revenues. To make up for the decrease in state and local subsidies, we have had to draw down from our operating reserves and have had to transfer a portion of our capital grants to the operating budget to pay for maintenance costs. As a result, subsidies, which comprise 75% of total revenues, increased \$3.2 million or 6.2% in 2011. This increase is a direct result of higher expenses due to major increases in fuel prices and public liability and property damage reserves.

In 2010, subsidy revenue increased \$1.1 million or 2%. This increase is a direct result of higher expenses due to higher pension and unemployment costs.

2011 Subsidy Revenue by Source



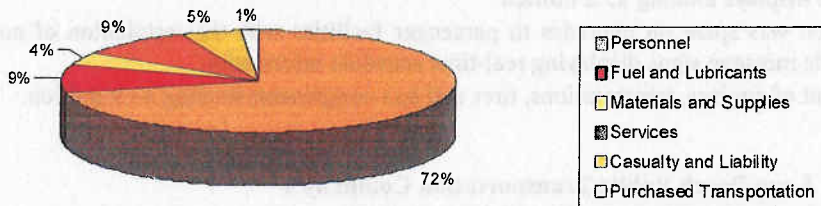
Expenses. Fiscal year 2011 operating expenses, before depreciation, increased 5.1% primarily due to increased fuel costs and casualty and liability costs. Fuel costs increased \$1.1 million and casualty and liability costs for public liability and property damage costs increased \$1.8 million over fiscal year 2010.

In fiscal year 2010, operating expenses, before depreciation, increased 2.6% primarily due to increased pension and workers' compensation costs. Pension costs increased \$1,547,024 or 33%. Workers' compensation costs increased 10% or \$209,804.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued

In 2011, depreciation expense increased 6.4% and exceeded capital acquisitions by \$458 thousand. In 2010, depreciation expense increased 17.9% and exceeded capital acquisitions by \$2.9 million.

2011 Operating Expenses (before depreciation)



CAPITAL ASSETS

Long Beach Transit's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2011, amounted to \$83.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, fleet, communication and farebox systems, machinery and equipment, and passenger facilities. All assets have been purchased with federal, state or local grants awarded to the Company, and Long Beach Transit has never issued any debt to fund the procurement of capital assets.

The total net decrease in the Company's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 0.5%. Long Beach Transit had \$17.1 million in new capital contributions during the year, an increase of \$3.6 million when compared to 2010. In 2011, the Company completed construction on the renovation of maintenance and operation buildings at the Anaheim location, upgraded multiple passenger facilities, and replaced engines, transmissions, tires, and shop equipment.

As noted above, all assets are purchased with grants, the majority coming from federal funding. Total grant awards will vary each year as Long Beach Transit is eligible for a formula percentage of the County's federal funding, plus one-time grants available for specific projects, such as bus replacement. The Company received \$16.3 million in one-time American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) federal stimulus funds which have been used for bus stops and improvements at our First Street Transit Gallery, support vehicles, safety and training equipment, bus components, facility improvements and EDP equipment. Grant requirements allow, on average, three years to expend these funds. As of June 30, 2011, the Company had \$88.5 million in grant funds designated for capital procurements. This is a \$12.9 million increase from the available balance at the end of fiscal year 2010.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued

Significant capital asset acquisitions during 2011 included the following:

- Purchased a second 68-foot catamaran to add to the water taxi service totaling \$2.2 million.
- First Street Transit Gallery improvements including shelters, benches, landscaping, lighting and electronic schedule displays totaling \$5.2 million.
- Almost \$2.3 million was spent on upgrades to passenger facilities with the installation of new shelters and variable message signs displaying real-time schedule information.
- Routine replacement of engines, transmissions, tires and bus components totaling \$3.9 million.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Year – Ended		
	2011	2010	2009
Land	\$ 5,525,000	\$ 5,525,000	\$ 5,525,000
Buildings and improvements	12,772,917	14,135,974	15,960,594
Fleet	45,562,325	50,217,378	54,462,434
Communications systems	170,711	238,180	293,096
Fare collection system	3,434,771	3,870,634	4,810,431
Office, shop and garage equipment	4,401,384	4,795,035	2,645,899
Passenger facilities	9,500,866	2,322,206	2,427,228
Construction in progress	2,460,088	3,181,902	1,125,782
Total assets, net of depreciation	<u>\$ 83,828,062</u>	<u>\$ 84,286,309</u>	<u>\$ 87,250,464</u>

Long Beach Transit's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2010, amounted to \$84.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation). The Company had \$13.5 million in new capital contributions during the year, a decrease of \$15.2 million when compared to 2009. In fiscal year 2010, the Company started construction on the renovation of maintenance and operation buildings at the Anaheim location, made upgrades to passenger facilities with the installation of new shelters and variable message signs and acquired an emergency generator and a bus washer. Other asset acquisitions during the fiscal year were mainly for on-going programs and upgrades and replacements of existing assets.

Significant capital asset acquisitions during 2010 included the following:

- The Company started construction on the renovation of maintenance and operation buildings at the Anaheim location in 2010. Expenses were \$1.2 million.
- Upgrades to passenger facilities with the installation of new shelters and variable message signs displaying real-time schedule information totaling almost \$2.2 million.
- Routine replacement of engines, transmissions, tires and bus components totaling \$6.4 million, which included a special stimulus project to update bus air conditioners totaling \$1.3 million.
- Office and Shop equipment was acquired at the cost of \$3.6 million which included an emergency generator, a bus washer and other routine equipment replacement.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, continued

Additional information on Long Beach Transit's capital assets can be found in note (8) in the notes to the accompanying financial statements beginning on page 26 of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS and NEXT YEAR'S FINANCIAL PLAN

Transit systems throughout California and the United States continue to face severe funding challenges. Federal appropriations for transit systems have been cut this year and overall transit funding is in the cross-hairs of those advocating further federal program reductions. State budget deficits continue to loom on the horizon and we hope that transit will not receive further reductions in support.

We anticipate receiving a total of \$68.6 million in operating revenues, including state and local subsidies. With an operating budget of \$75.2 million, this equates to a \$6.6 million funding shortfall. This year, as we have done in recent years, we are proposing to fill this gap by using federal capital funds that are eligible for "preventive maintenance" operating purposes.

During FY 2012, the cost of fuel will significantly impact us. For FY 2012, we have budgeted \$3.75 per gallon and that translates to an additional \$1.6 million in fuel costs for fiscal year 2011/2012. Unfortunately, the huge increases in fuel will eat up any increases we receive in revenue.

While we face significant budget challenges, our approved budget is balanced and within the financial resources available to us. Our conservative financial practices, cost saving measures, employee contributions to healthcare and pension, and the transfer of a portion of capital funds to operating funds allows us to maintain a balanced budget.

While management believes Long Beach Transit's conservative financial practices will allow us to meet the funding challenges for the upcoming year, we will closely monitor all of these issues to ascertain whether future service reductions may become necessary.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Long Beach Public Transportation Company's finances for all those with an interest in the Company's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director of Financial Services, Long Beach Transit, P.O. Box 731, Long Beach, California, 90801.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Statements of Net Assets June 30, 2011 and 2010

	Assets	
	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Current assets:		
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 14,922,308	\$ 14,878,159
Accounts receivable (note 4)	863,513	654,934
Materials and supplies inventory	1,416,569	1,107,177
Prepaid expenses	360,218	273,872
Restricted and designated assets:		
Cash and investments (notes 2 and 5)	2,383,327	2,451,433
Accounts receivable (note 5)	6,543,539	8,819,248
Cash and investments designated for insurance claims (notes 2, 5 and 6)	<u>8,857,530</u>	<u>6,640,957</u>
Total current assets	<u>35,347,004</u>	<u>34,825,780</u>
Noncurrent assets:		
Cash and investments - contingency reserve (notes 2 and 5)	2,000,000	2,000,000
Restricted assets:		
Cash and investments (notes 2 and 5)	22,446,023	21,670,356
Capital assets (note 8):		
Land	5,525,000	5,525,000
Buildings and improvements	41,246,850	39,863,758
Fleet	126,002,622	122,838,875
Communications systems	6,906,803	6,906,803
Fare collection system	7,960,900	7,443,078
Office, shop and garage equipment	19,919,613	19,152,628
Passenger facilities	11,611,270	4,145,118
Construction-in-progress	2,460,088	3,181,902
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(137,805,084)</u>	<u>(124,770,853)</u>
Total net capital assets	<u>83,828,062</u>	<u>84,286,309</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>108,274,085</u>	<u>107,956,665</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 143,621,089</u>	<u>\$ 142,782,445</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Statements of Net Assets, Continued June 30, 2011 and 2010

Liabilities and Net Assets

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,051,395	\$ 2,173,851
Accrued payroll expenses	997,462	930,269
Compensated absences payable (note 11)	2,579,347	2,465,240
Retiree health care benefits (note 11)	287,811	41,887
Subsidy deferral (note 9)	10,752,925	12,595,680
Current liabilities payable from restricted or designated assets:		
Deferred revenue (note 5)	6,753,761	7,165,265
Estimated liability for insurance claims (note 6)	8,857,530	6,640,957
Total current liabilities	<u>32,280,231</u>	<u>32,013,149</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Liabilities payable from restricted or designated assets:		
Deferred revenue (note 5)	22,463,474	21,763,530
Retiree health care benefits (note 11)	1,444,543	1,114,678
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>23,908,017</u>	<u>22,878,208</u>
Total liabilities	<u>56,188,248</u>	<u>54,891,357</u>
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets	83,828,062	84,286,309
Restricted for capital procurement	21,356	16,747
Unrestricted	3,583,423	3,588,032
Total net assets	<u>\$ 87,432,841</u>	<u>\$ 87,891,088</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Years Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

	2011	2010
Operating revenues:		
Passenger fares	\$ 17,308,290	\$ 16,473,909
Special events	41,935	71,809
Advertising	558,490	609,161
Other revenue	22,872	25,861
	<u>17,931,587</u>	<u>17,180,740</u>
Total operating revenues		
Operating expenses:		
Transportation	35,413,269	36,416,765
Maintenance	21,292,632	18,546,811
Administration	16,734,738	14,928,816
Depreciation (note 8)	17,588,757	16,519,346
	<u>91,029,396</u>	<u>86,411,738</u>
Total operating expenses		
Operating loss	<u>(73,097,809)</u>	<u>(69,230,998)</u>
Nonoperating income:		
Subsidies (note 3)	55,012,754	51,773,322
Interest income	496,298	938,330
	<u>55,509,052</u>	<u>52,711,652</u>
Total nonoperating income		
Change in net assets before capital grants	(17,588,757)	(16,519,346)
Capital grants	<u>17,130,510</u>	<u>13,555,191</u>
Change in net assets	(458,247)	(2,964,155)
Total net assets, July 1	<u>87,891,088</u>	<u>90,855,243</u>
Total net assets, June 30	<u>\$ 87,432,841</u>	<u>\$ 87,891,088</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers	\$ 17,766,275	\$ 17,067,130
Cash paid to employees for services	(35,103,643)	(35,066,960)
Cash paid to other suppliers of goods or services	(35,825,474)	(34,859,950)
	<u>(53,162,842)</u>	<u>(52,859,780)</u>
Cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities:		
Operating subsidies received	<u>51,847,278</u>	<u>57,487,717</u>
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	63,760	27,338
Purchase of capital assets	(17,130,510)	(13,555,191)
Capital grant contributions received	<u>20,958,877</u>	<u>14,843,699</u>
	<u>3,892,127</u>	<u>1,315,846</u>
Cash flows provided by investing activities:		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	24,835,278	---
Purchase of investments	(24,196,548)	(9,756,602)
Realized and unrealized (gains)/losses	(83,500)	---
Interest received on cash and investments	<u>391,720</u>	<u>523,992</u>
	<u>946,950</u>	<u>(9,232,610)</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,523,513	(3,288,827)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1	<u>23,083,626</u>	<u>26,372,453</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30 (note 2)	<u>\$ 26,607,139</u>	<u>\$ 23,083,626</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Statements of Cash Flows, Continued Years Ended June 30, 2011 and 2010

Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used in Operating Activities	2011	2010
Operating loss	\$ (73,097,809)	\$ (69,230,998)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	17,588,757	16,519,346
Decrease/(increase) in accounts receivable from operations	(109,258)	46,019
Increase in materials and supplies inventory	(309,392)	(177,823)
Increase in prepaid expenses	(86,346)	(45,380)
Decrease in accounts payable	(122,456)	(29,784)
Increase in accrued payroll expenses and compensated absences payable	757,089	308,109
Increase (decrease) in estimated liability for insurance claims	2,216,573	(249,269)
Total adjustments	19,934,967	16,371,218
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$ (53,162,842)</u>	<u>\$ (52,859,780)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2011 and 2010

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The Long Beach Public Transportation Company (Long Beach Transit or the Company) is a nonprofit corporation organized to provide public transportation services to the citizens of Long Beach, California. The Company is governed by a seven-member Board of Directors appointed to serve four-year terms by the Mayor with the approval of the Long Beach City Council. In turn, the Board Members appoint a Chief Executive Officer who is responsible for overseeing the Company's daily operations. The Company is responsible for the preparation of its own annual financial plan.

In accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the Company is considered a component financial reporting unit of the City of Long Beach (City), California. As such, the Company's financial statements are included in the City's comprehensive annual financial report as a discretely presented component unit. Long Beach Transit has a separate legal status and has historically operated as an independently managed and operated nonprofit corporation, receiving no direct administrative or financial support from the City. For the present, there has been no expressed intent to alter the status of this financial reporting and administrative relationship.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, the Company applies all applicable GASB pronouncements, as well as the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations, Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions, or Accounting Research Bulletins (ARBs) of the Committee on Accounting Procedures.

The Company distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Company's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Company include passenger fares charged for transportation service to the community and advertising fees. Operating expenses include the cost of transportation services, maintenance of capital assets and facilities, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All other revenues and expenses are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Use of Estimates and Assumptions

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements. Principal areas requiring the use of estimates include determination of useful lives of capital assets, liability for insurance claims, accrued retiree sick leave and defined benefit plan assumptions.

Material and Supplies Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis as applied on a moving-average-cost method, or market, whichever is lower.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are defined by the Company as assets with initial project values exceeding \$5,000, with individual federally funded items costing more than \$500 and having an estimated useful life of more than one year. The Federal Transit Administration (FTA) excludes the bus tire lease from this requirement as it is depreciated over a twelve-month period. Capital assets are valued at historical cost. Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method, with no allowance for salvage values. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market at the date of donation. The Company did not receive any donated capital assets during fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

Estimated useful lives of the Company's capital assets are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	5-25 years
Buses and vessels	12 years
Fare boxes	10 years
Smaller coaches	7 years
Furniture, equipment and passenger facilities	5 years
Service trucks	4 years
EDP equipment	3 years
Bus components	3 years
Service autos	3 years
Bus tires	1 year

Financial Plan

The Company adopts an annual financial plan for management information purposes only. Accordingly, financial statements presenting comparison of budgeted and actual results are not included.

Government Grants

Grants, with the exception of Proposition A local share (noted below) for operating assistance, for the acquisition of equipment or other capital outlay are not formally recognized in the accounts until the grant becomes a valid receivable as a result of the Company complying with appropriate grant requirements.

Operating assistance grants are included in non-operating revenues in the year in which a related reimbursable expenditure is incurred or in deferred revenue for use in the subsequent fiscal year.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

The Company's policy is to report revenues from capital grants separately after non-operating revenues as the related expenditures are incurred. Assets acquired with capital grant funds are included in capital assets. Capital monies received prior to an expenditure being incurred are recorded as deferred revenue.

The City allocates a portion of its Proposition A local share funding to the Company in accordance with an agreement between the Company, the City and the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority (Metro) (see notes 3 and 5). The Company records such Proposition A funds received and due from the City as deferred revenue until used for operating assistance and/or capital expenditures. Those Proposition A funds used for operating assistance are included in non-operating subsidies income and those funds used for capital expenditures are included in net assets.

Statements of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers all of its cash deposits and investments with an original maturity of three months or less, including restricted and designated cash and investments, to be cash and cash equivalents. Monies invested with the State Treasurer's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) may have maturities longer than 90 days; however, LAIF functions as a demand deposit account. Therefore, the Company considers such investments to be cash equivalents. There were no significant noncash capital and related financing activities in 2011 and 2010.

(2) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows as of June 30:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Current unrestricted cash and investments	\$ 14,922,308	\$ 14,878,159
Current restricted and designated cash and investments	2,383,327	2,451,433
Current cash and investments designated for insurance claims	8,857,530	6,640,957
Noncurrent restricted cash and investments	24,446,023	23,670,356
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 50,609,188</u>	<u>\$ 47,640,905</u>

Cash and investments consist of the following as of June 30:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Cash on hand	\$ 72,035	\$ 59,131
Deposits with financial institutions	1,991,284	95,855
Cash equivalents	24,543,820	22,928,640
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>26,607,139</u>	<u>23,083,626</u>
Investments	<u>24,002,049</u>	<u>24,557,279</u>
Total cash, cash equivalents, and investments	<u>\$ 50,609,188</u>	<u>\$ 47,640,905</u>

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and Long Beach Public Transportation Company's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for Long Beach Transit by the Company's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the Company's investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. During fiscal year 2011 and 2010, the Company elected to have its investments with LAIF and a similarly structured investment vehicle managed by an independent manager.

	<u>Maximum Maturity</u>	<u>Maximum Percentage of Portfolio</u>	<u>Maximum Percentage In One Issuer</u>
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	10%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Bankers Acceptances	180 days	40%	10%
Repurchase Agreements	90 days	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	15%	10%
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Obligations	5 years	None	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	10%	None

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Company manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of the investment portfolio to no more than two years.

Information about the sensitivity of fair values of the Company's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the maturity date of each investment at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Weighted Average Maturity (Yrs)

<u>Type</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>Weighted Average Maturity (Yrs)</u>
<u>Cash Equivalents</u>		
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 19,921,280	.65
Bank of America Money Market	2,367,314	N/A
Fidelity Municipal Money Market	2,255,226	N/A
Total cash equivalents	<u>\$ 24,543,820</u>	

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

Type	2011	Weighted Average Maturity (Yrs)
<u>Investments</u>		
General Elec Cap Corp Mtn 3.500% Due 08-13-12	\$ 669,630	1.1
Cons Edison Co of Nydeb 4.875% Due 02-01-13	689,176	1.6
Morgan Stanley Global Note 5.300% Due 03-01-13	687,250	1.7
Computer Sciences Corp Sr. Nt 5.500% Due 03-15-13	690,495	1.7
Verizon New Eng Inc Note 4.750% Due 10-01-13	719,273	2.3
AT&T Inc Note 6.700% Due 11-15-13	728,904	2.4
JP Morgan Chase & Co Sr. Nt 4.650% Due 06-01-14	698,815	2.9
MetLife Inc Global Note 5.500% Due 06-15-14	715,260	3.0
Goldman Sachs Group Inc Note 5.000% Due 10-01-14	696,209	3.3
Morgan Stanley Senior Note 3.450% Due 11-02-15	643,871	4.3
Ameriprise Financial Inc Sr Note 5.650% Due 11-15-15	733,538	4.4
Corporate Bonds Total	<u>\$ 7,672,421</u>	
<u>Government Bonds</u>		
US Treasury Notes 0.875% Due 02-29-12	1,004,840	0.7
US Treasury Notes 0.625% Due 06-30-12	1,003,910	1.0
US Treasury Notes 0.625% Due 07-31-12	1,004,100	1.1
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Call 0.550% Due 11-01-12	1,000,990	1.3
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 0.890% Due 01-07-13	1,000,090	1.5
US Treasury Notes 1.375% Due 03-15-13	1,016,410	1.7
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 0.625% Due 04-25-13	1,000,080	1.8
Federal Home Loan Banks Cons Bd 3.125% 12-13-13	1,058,510	2.5
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Call 1.000% Due 04-25-14	999,620	2.8
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 1.180% Due 06-06-14	1,002,290	2.9
Federal Home Ln Banks Cons Bd 1.35% Due 06-20-14	1,000,470	3.0
Federal Home Loan Bk Bond 1.400% Due 09-09-14	996,830	3.2
Federal Home Loan Bk Con Bd 1.200% Due 09-30-14	996,110	3.3
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Call 1.000% Due 11-18-14	990,400	3.4
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp 1.250% Due 12-30-14	995,850	3.5
US Treasury Notes TIPS 2% Due 01-15-16	1,259,128	4.5
Government Bonds Total	<u>\$ 16,329,628</u>	
Total Investment Value	<u>\$ 24,002,049</u>	

As of June 30, 2011, there was \$100,713 of accrued bond interest which is included in accounts receivable.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

Type	2010	Weighted Average Maturity (Yrs)
<u>Cash Equivalents</u>		
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	\$ 19,524,240	.56
Bank of America Money Market	2,028,806	N/A
Fidelity Municipal Money Market	99,881	N/A
Russell Money Market	1,275,713	N/A
Total cash equivalents	<u>\$ 22,928,640</u>	
<u>Investments</u>		
iShares Barclays 1-3 year Treasury Bond	\$ 5,156,220	1.93
PIMCO 1-3 year US Treasury Index	5,151,785	1.89
iShares Barclays MBS Bond	2,604,653	2.21
iShares Barclays Short Treasury Bond	5,128,671	.41
iShares Barclays TIPS Bond	2,625,282	3.45
Russell Investment Grade Bond	1,326,485	4.40
PIMCO Short Term	1,270,234	.60
Russell Short Duration Bond	1,293,949	2.30
Total investments	<u>\$ 24,557,279</u>	

N/A – not applicable

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. LAIF does not have a rating provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. For 2011 ratings on the investments, excluding LAIF and money market accounts, are as follows at June 30, 2011.

Investment Type	Rating
<u>Investments</u>	
General Elec Cap Corp Mtn 3.500% Due 08-13-12	AA+
Cons Edison Co of Nydeb 4.875% Due 02-01-13	A-
Morgan Stanley Global Note 5.300% Due 03-01-13	A
Computer Sciences Corp Sr. Nt 5.500% Due 03-15-13	A-
Verizon New Eng Inc Note 4.750% Due 10-01-13	A-
AT&T Inc Note 6.700% Due 11-15-13	A-
JP Morgan Chase & Co Sr. Nt 4.650% Due 06-01-14	A+
MetLife Inc Global Note 5.500% Due 06-15-14	A-
Goldman Sachs Group Inc Note 5.000% Due 10-01-14	A-
Morgan Stanley Senior Note 3.450% Due 11-02-15	A
Ameriprise Financial Inc Sr Note 5.650% Due 11-15-15	A

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Rating</u>
Government Bonds	
US Treasury Notes 0.875% Due 02-29-12	AAA
US Treasury Notes 0.625% Due 06-30-12	AAA
US Treasury Notes 0.625% Due 07-31-12	AAA
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Call 0.550% Due 11-01-12	AA+
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 0.890% Due 01-07-13	AAA
US Treasury Notes 1.375% Due 03-15-13	AAA
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 0.625% Due 04-25-13	AAA
Federal Home Loan Banks Cons Bd 3.125% 12-13-13	AA+
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Call 1.000% Due 04-25-14	AA+
Federal Farm Cr Bks Cons Bd 1.180% Due 06-06-14	AA+
Federal Home Ln Banks Cons Bd 1.35% Due 06-20-14	AAA
Federal Home Loan Bk Bond 1.400% Due 09-09-14	AAA
Federal Home Loan Bk Con Bd 1.200% Due 09-30-14	AA+
Federal Natl Mtg Assn Call 1.000% Due 11-18-14	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mtg Corp 1.250% Due 12-30-14	AA+
US Treasury Notes TIPS 2% Due 01-15-16	AAA

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the Company contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. There are no investments in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of total Company investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the Company's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure government deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools, such as LAIF.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(3) Operating Subsidies

Subsidies from the following sources were earned during the years ended June 30:

	2011	2010
Proposition A, County of Los Angeles	\$ 13,460,669	\$ 12,069,662
TDA and STA, State of California	17,480,351	14,777,565
Proposition C, County of Los Angeles	5,928,996	9,178,568
Proposition A Allocation, City of Long Beach	5,375,238	3,536,593
Preventative Maintenance, Federal	6,067,800	6,704,200
Measure R	6,442,329	5,196,066
Other local sources	257,371	310,668
	<u>\$ 55,012,754</u>	<u>\$ 51,773,322</u>
Total		

The voters of the County of Los Angeles approved Proposition A in November 1980 and Proposition C in November 1990. These voter approved sales tax initiatives each provide a 1/2% sales tax within the County to be used for mass transit and transportation purposes. A substantial portion of these funds are distributed to the various County transit operators by Metro on both a formula and discretionary basis.

Additionally, each city in Los Angeles County receives a formula allocation of certain Proposition A revenues. The City of Long Beach in turn allocates a portion of its Proposition A local share funding to the Company in accordance with an agreement between the Company, the City and Metro. The portion of the local Proposition A funds used for operating assistance is included above.

The State of California's Transportation Development Act (TDA) of 1971 designated a portion of County sales tax receipts to finance transit operations and development. This financing is made available to eligible transit operators within the County through allocations from the Local Transportation Fund of Los Angeles County and administered by Metro. State Transportation Assistance Funds (STA) are generated from a portion of the statewide sales tax and are disbursed to transit agencies based on a formula allocation by Metro.

In accordance with the Federal Transit Administration (FTA) regulations, the Company is allowed to use a portion of federal grant monies for operating preventative maintenance expenditures. These funds are shown as subsidy income in the Company's accompanying financial statements. The FTA funds 80% of the costs with the remaining 20% matched by Proposition C funds.

Measure R, approved by the voters in November 2009, provides a 1/2 cent sales tax for transportation improvements.

Other local monies are reimbursement for service hours supplied to seven surrounding cities and Job Access Reverse Commute funds (JARC) awarded through Metro for service to the Villages at Cabrillo.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(4) Accounts Receivable

Unrestricted accounts receivable were comprised of the following at June 30:

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Subsidies	\$ 30,468	\$ 35,725
Insurance reimbursements	149,369	119,079
Interest	125,301	20,723
Trade	<u>558,375</u>	<u>479,407</u>
Total	<u>\$ 863,513</u>	<u>\$ 654,934</u>

Accounts are written off when determined to be uncollectible. In the opinion of management, all significant accounts receivable at June 30, 2011 and 2010 are fully collectible.

(5) Restricted and Designated Assets and Deferred Revenue

At June 30, 2011 and 2010, the balance of restricted and designated assets and deferred revenue accounts were as follows:

Restricted and Designated Assets

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Current cash and investments:		
Proposition A funds, City of Long Beach	\$ 2,383,327	\$ 2,451,433
Cash and investments designated for insurance claims	<u>8,857,530</u>	<u>6,640,957</u>
Total current cash and investments	<u>11,240,857</u>	<u>9,092,390</u>
Noncurrent cash and investments:		
Board mandated contingency reserve	2,000,000	2,000,000
Capital grant funds	<u>22,446,023</u>	<u>21,670,356</u>
Total noncurrent cash and investments	<u>24,446,023</u>	<u>23,670,356</u>
Total restricted and designated cash and investments:	<u>\$ 35,686,880</u>	<u>\$ 32,762,746</u>
Accounts receivable:		
Proposition A funds due from City	\$ 5,751,706	\$ 4,835,232
Capital grants receivable	<u>791,833</u>	<u>3,984,016</u>
Total restricted and designated accounts receivable	<u>\$ 6,543,539</u>	<u>\$ 8,819,248</u>

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

Deferred Revenue

	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>
Current deferred revenue:		
Proposition A funds, City of Long Beach	\$ 6,753,761	7,165,265
Total current deferred revenue	<u>6,753,761</u>	<u>7,165,265</u>
Noncurrent deferred revenue:		
Capital grant funds	21,649,079	20,898,307
Other	814,395	865,223
Total noncurrent deferred revenue	<u>22,463,474</u>	<u>21,763,530</u>
Total deferred revenue	<u>\$ 29,217,235</u>	<u>28,928,795</u>

The Company maintains a \$2 million contingency reserve mandated by the Board of Directors to meet unexpected cash shortfalls.

Proposition A funds from the City are local share Proposition A funds received by the City from Metro and are allocated to the Company in accordance with the agreements described in note 3 in the notes to the accompanying financial statements. Such monies are for the Company's use as operating assistance and/or to finance capital expenditures. The unused portion of Proposition A funds received from and due from the City is included in deferred revenue.

Capital grants receivable are grant funds earned and shown as capital contributions through purchase or construction of qualifying capital assets, but not yet received. Capital grant funds included in restricted and designated cash and investments and deferred revenue are funds the Company has received in advance for capital asset acquisition or construction but which have not been expended at the date of the statements of net assets.

Other noncurrent deferred revenue includes proceeds from the sale of assets originally purchased with capital grant contributions, which will be used for future asset acquisitions, and escheat checks.

(6) Estimated Liability for Insurance Claims

Under its insurance programs, the Company retains the risk for each occurrence of workers' compensation and public liability and property damage claimed up to \$1.5 million and \$1 million, respectively. Claims in excess of \$1.5 million for workers' compensation and \$1 million for public liability and property damage are covered under policies in force with an independent insurer up to \$25 million for workers' compensation and \$10 million for public liability and property damage. Individual claim settlements for both workers' compensation and public liability and property damage did not exceed insurance coverage limits in fiscal years 2011 and 2010.

The level of risk retention is dictated by the insurance market and the rates available to the Company. The Company weighs the increased premium costs against the risk level attempting to minimize overall program expenses. Risk retention levels for public liability and property damage increased substantially due to actuarial reserves for fiscal year 2011.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

The Company's policy is to estimate and recognize losses on the accrual basis based on the report of the Company's independent claims manager or an actuarial report and to maintain designated cash and investments to fund the estimated liabilities. Liability may also be accrued if it is reasonable to suspect claims may arise from an incident that has occurred, but has yet to be reported to our independent claims manager.

The changes in estimated liabilities for reported claims are as follows:

	Public Liability and Property Damage	Workers' Compensation	Total
Estimated liabilities at June 30, 2009	\$ 1,545,683	\$ 5,344,543	\$ 6,890,226
Reserves:			
New claims	444,263	375,417	819,680
Adjustments to existing claims	916,870	2,228,061	3,144,931
Payouts	(1,956,405)	(2,257,475)	(4,213,880)
Estimated liabilities at June 30, 2010	950,411	5,690,546	6,640,957
Reserves:			
New claims	1,135,342	509,922	1,645,264
Adjustments to existing claims	2,083,619	1,310,779	3,394,398
Payouts	(1,143,300)	(1,679,789)	(2,823,089)
Estimated liabilities at June 30, 2011	\$ 3,026,072	\$ 5,831,458	\$ 8,857,530

(7) Deferred Compensation

The Company offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan is administered by an independent contractor. The Plan is available to all Company employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Plan assets consist of money market and mutual funds and are purchased based on elections made by the Company's employees. The deferred compensation is not available to employees or beneficiaries until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency.

Existing assets in the Plan are maintained in a qualified custodial account. The Custodian holds the Plan's assets for the exclusive benefit of participants and beneficiaries. The Plan's assets are not the legal property of the Company and are not subject to the claims of the Company's general creditors nor can they be used by the Company for any purpose other than the payment of benefits to employees participating in the Plan or their designated beneficiaries. Therefore, deferred compensation funds are not shown on the Company's Statements of Net Assets.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(8) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2010	Adjustments/ Transfers	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2011
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 5,525,000	\$ ---	\$ ---	\$ ---	\$ 5,525,000
Construction in progress	3,181,902	(2,811,386)	2,089,572	---	2,460,088
Total capital assets not being depreciated	8,706,902	(2,811,386)	2,089,572	---	7,985,088
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings & improvements	39,863,758	370,366	1,012,726	---	41,246,850
Fleet	122,838,875	434,305	5,918,563	(3,189,121)	126,002,622
Communications systems	6,906,803	---	---	---	6,906,803
Fare collection system	7,443,078	---	517,822	---	7,960,900
Office, shop & garage equipment	19,152,628	299,718	1,099,374	(632,107)	19,919,613
Passenger facilities	4,145,118	1,706,997	6,492,453	(733,298)	11,611,270
Total capital assets being depreciated	200,350,260	2,811,386	15,040,938	(4,554,526)	213,648,058
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings & improvements	(25,727,784)	---	(2,746,149)	---	(28,473,933)
Fleet	(72,621,497)	---	(11,007,921)	3,189,121	(80,440,297)
Communications systems	(6,668,623)	---	(67,469)	---	(6,736,092)
Fare collection system	(3,572,444)	---	(953,685)	---	(4,526,129)
Office, shop & garage equipment	(14,357,593)	---	(1,792,743)	632,107	(15,518,229)
Passenger facilities	(1,822,912)	---	(1,020,790)	733,298	(2,110,404)
Total accumulated depreciation	(124,770,853)	---	(17,588,757)	4,554,526	(137,805,084)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	75,579,407	2,811,386	(2,547,819)	---	75,842,974
Total capital assets, net	\$ 84,286,309	\$ ---	\$ (458,247)	\$ ---	\$ 83,828,062

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

	Balance at June 30, 2009	Adjustments/ Transfers	Increases	Decreases	Balance at June 30, 2010
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 5,525,000	\$ ---	\$ ---	\$ ---	\$ 5,525,000
Construction in progress	1,125,782	(1,060,025)	3,116,145	---	3,181,902
Total capital assets not being depreciated	6,650,782	(1,060,025)	3,116,145	---	8,706,902
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings & improvements	38,985,746	36,603	841,409	---	39,863,758
Fleet	117,411,570	478,528	5,927,222	(978,445)	122,838,875
Communications systems	6,864,780	---	42,023	---	6,906,803
Fare collection system	7,437,141	---	5,937	---	7,443,078
Office, shop & garage equipment	15,646,978	146,596	3,394,609	(35,555)	19,152,628
Passenger facilities	4,128,570	398,298	227,846	(609,596)	4,145,118
Total capital assets being depreciated	190,474,785	1,060,025	10,439,046	(1,623,596)	200,350,260
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings & improvements	(23,025,152)	---	(2,702,632)	---	(25,727,784)
Fleet	(62,949,136)	---	(10,650,806)	978,445	(72,621,497)
Communications systems	(6,571,684)	---	(96,939)	---	(6,668,623)
Fare collection system	(2,626,710)	---	(945,734)	---	(3,572,444)
Office, shop & garage equipment	(13,001,079)	---	(1,392,069)	35,555	(14,357,593)
Passenger facilities	(1,701,342)	---	(731,166)	609,596	(1,822,912)
Total accumulated depreciation	(109,875,103)	---	(16,519,346)	1,623,596	(124,770,853)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	80,599,682	1,060,025	(6,080,300)	---	75,579,407
Total capital assets, net	\$ 87,250,464	\$ ---	\$ (2,964,155)	\$ ---	\$ 84,286,309

The Company operates from two locations within the City of Long Beach. The principal maintenance facility is located in the central portion of the City and the satellite facility is in North Long Beach. Land included on the Company's books includes a parcel adjacent to the principal maintenance facility and the North Long Beach site. Land occupied by the Company's principal facility has been deeded to the City of Long Beach and is recorded in the accounts of the City.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(9) Subsidy Deferral

The amount of subsidies received each year is based upon estimated funding marks prepared by Metro. These estimates are used for budget preparation, with final marks received after final budgets are approved. Subsidies received in excess of expenditures are carried over for use in the next year. Subsidy deferrals of \$10,752,925 and \$12,595,680, for 2011 and 2010, respectively, have been included in the accompanying financial statements.

(10) Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is subject to claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. Such claims are routinely evaluated by the Company's legal counsel. Management may make provisions for probable losses if deemed appropriate on advice of legal counsel. To the extent provisions for damages are considered necessary, appropriate amounts are reflected in the accompanying financial statements. It is the opinion of management, based on consultation with legal counsel, that the estimated liability for unreserved claims and suits will not have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Purchase Contracts

The Company had the following significant purchase commitments outstanding at June 30, 2011. These purchase orders are for future goods and services the Company has yet to receive and can be cancelled prior to delivery by either party subject to the provisions of each individual contract. The balances listed represent some contingency balances, therefore, actual costs may be lower than shown.

<u>Vendor</u>	<u>Project</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Expected Completion</u>
Pro Petroleum	Diesel Fuel	\$ 4,004,373	June 2012
Petro Diamond	Gasoline Fuel	3,556,175	June 2012
Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co	Tires	335,830	September 2011
Kvichak Marine Industries	Aqualink II	312,961	July 2011
Sardo Bus & Coach	Coach Detailing	134,552	December 2011
Windes & McLaughry Accountancy Corp.	Audit services	103,000	November 2011
Mincom, Inc	Software	97,000	July 2011

Lease Obligations

The Company's tire lease is eligible for capitalization and is depreciated over a twelve (12) month period. Under the terms of the lease, the vendor supplies the tires and invoices the Company based on monthly mileage. There are no minimum guarantee payments required in the contracts. Total lease costs were \$557,680 and \$551,468 for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(11) Employee Benefits

Vacation Compensation

Employees accrue vacation by reason of tenure at annual rates ranging from 12 to 30 days per year. Salaried employees may accumulate and carry-over no more than the number of vacation days earned in the previous year. Contract employees are paid their earned vacation in full each year. On June 30, 2011 and 2010, accrued unpaid vacation for all Company employees amounted to \$2,579,347 and \$2,465,240, respectively.

<u>Balance 6/30/10</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/11</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
\$ 2,465,240	\$ 2,579,347	(\$2,465,240)	\$ 2,579,347	\$ 2,579,347
<u>Balance 6/30/09</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/10</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
\$ 2,353,992	\$ 2,465,240	(\$ 2,353,992)	\$ 2,465,240	\$ 2,465,240

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

Once a year the Company allows employees to sell back a portion of their earned vacation in lieu of taking the time off. The Company has agreed to buy back vacation time in excess of ten (10) days earned during the calendar year. Vacation days carried over from the previous year are not eligible for this program. The Company paid \$219,192 and \$190,628 under this program during 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Post-Retirement Health Care Benefits

Full-time Company employees are entitled to receive up to 96 hours of sick leave per year. On April 4, 2011, the Board of Arbitration issued a unanimous decision in the Interest Arbitration Proceedings between the Amalgamated Transit Union, Local 1277, and Long Beach Transit. The Board increased the maximum unused sick hours accruable by contract employees and percentage of unused sick hours convertible for cash values from 1,200 hours to 2,722 hours and 50% to 100%, respectively, with a retroactive date of October 1, 2009. Unused sick leave may be accumulated until retirement with the cash value, or a percentage thereof for Contract retirees, used to pay health and dental insurance premiums under the Company's Retired Employees Health Insurance Program (REHIP). Once the cash value of the retiring employee's unused sick leave is exhausted, the retiree is required to pay all health and dental premiums.

There were 77 participants in the Company's REHIP at June 30, 2011 and 63 at June 30, 2010. The cash value equivalent of the remaining unused sick leave for the current retirees totaled \$711,336 and \$286,181, respectively. Total premiums paid by the Company under the REHIP during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, were \$58,114 and \$55,830, respectively.

The Company has established a liability related to unused sick leave which it estimates will be used by retirees to cover premiums under the REHIP. The estimated costs of the REHIP for both current and expected future payments is \$1,732,354 and \$1,156,565 at June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

<u>Balance 6/30/10</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/11</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
\$ 1,156,565	\$ 633,903	(\$ 58,114)	\$ 1,732,354	\$ 287,811
<u>Balance 6/30/09</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/10</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
\$ 1,057,107	\$ 155,288	(\$ 55,830)	\$ 1,156,565	\$ 41,887

(12) Labor Agreement

Union Labor Agreement

On April 4, 2011, the Board of Arbitration issued a unanimous decision in the Interest Arbitration Proceedings between the Amalgamated Transit Union, Local 1277, and Long Beach Transit. The duration of the new agreement is 4 years to expire June 30, 2013. The previous labor agreement between the Company and Amalgamated Transit Union, Local 1277 (ATU) expired September 30, 2009. The Board of Arbitration retains jurisdiction to hear evidence and make decisions for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2013 concerning the following subjects: (a) wages, (b) health benefits and contributions, (c) pension benefits and contributions, including whether there should be a defined contribution plan for new hires.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

(13) Pension Benefits

Plan Descriptions

The Company sponsors two single employer defined benefit pension plans: one for contract employees, the Long Beach Public Transportation Company Retirement Plan - Contract Employees (Contract Plan), and one for staff employees, the Long Beach Public Transportation Company Retirement Plan - Salaried Employees (Salaried Plan) for employees hired before April 1, 2011. For staff employees hired on or after April 1, 2011, Long Beach Transit adopted a new 401(a) qualified retirement plan for employer matching contributions.

The Company's payroll for employees covered by each pension plan for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 was \$25,473,634 and \$25,501,412 for the Contract Plan, respectively, and \$9,520,926 and \$9,337,229 for the Salaried Plan, respectively. Total Company payroll for 2011 and 2010 was \$35,103,643 and \$35,066,960, respectively.

The Contract and the Salaried Plans are noncontributory single employer defined benefit pension plans sponsored by the Company. All full-time employees in a job classification covered by a collective bargaining agreement between the Company and the Union participate in the Contract Plan as of their date of employment. All full-time employees not covered by a collective bargaining agreement and hired before April 1, 2011 participate in the Salaried Plan as of their date of employment. Participants in the Contract and Salaried Plans, hired before April 1, 2011 are eligible for annual benefit payments at the normal retirement age of 64 and completion of ten years of credited service and become 100% vested after five credited years of service. Employees covered under the Salaried Plan can retire prior to 64 with a normal retirement benefit if the combination of the employee's age and service equals 80 or more. For staff employees hired on or after April 1, 2011, Long Beach Transit adopted a new 401(a) qualified retirement plan for employer matching contributions. During the fiscal year ended 2011, the Board of Directors approved to amend the Plan to require its members to contribute 5% of his/her annual salary towards the Plan effective July 1, 2011.

Pension Plan Benefits

Benefit payments for the Salaried Plan are determined as 1.70% of adjusted final monthly earnings multiplied by years of credited service (maximum credit of 40 years). Adjusted final monthly earnings are the employee's highest average monthly wage for 36 consecutive months of earnings during the last ten calendar years of employment, prior to normal retirement date, which provide the highest value.

Benefit payments for the Contract Plan are determined as the sum of the following:

1. 1.23% of the first \$500 of adjusted monthly earnings multiplied by the years of credited service (maximum credit of 40 years).
2. 1.7% of adjusted final monthly earnings greater than \$500 multiplied by the years of credited service (maximum credit of 40 years).

Contract employees who are at least 54 years of age with ten years of service or more, will have their pension benefits, calculated as the sum of items 1 and 2 above, increased by 15%.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Adjusted final monthly earnings under the Contract Plan are the employee's highest average monthly wage for 60 consecutive months of earnings during the last 10 calendar years of employment, prior to normal retirement date, which provide the highest value.

Retirees for both Plans, if married, are eligible to receive a joint annuity with a reduced annuity to the surviving spouse or domestic partner and, if unmarried, a straight-life annuity. These benefits are actuarially equivalent at the normal retirement date. Plan members are entitled, upon leaving service, to a vested termination of employment benefit if they have completed five years of credited service on their termination date. The vested termination of employment benefit is equal to the normal retirement benefit earned to the termination date.

Death and Disability Benefits

In the event a Plan member dies after reaching retirement age, while still actively employed, a retirement benefit will be paid to the spouse in the amount of 50% of the amount the Plan member would have received under the joint and 50% survivor spouse annuity, assuming retirement occurred the day immediately prior to death.

If a Salaried Plan participant becomes occupationally disabled, he or she is entitled to a monthly benefit equal to 1.7% of the participant's average monthly final earnings for each year of service earned. The minimum monthly disability benefit is 17% of the participant average earnings regardless of the length of service or vesting status.

If a Contract Plan participant is totally and permanently disabled with ten or more years of credited service, the participant is entitled to receive the full normal retirement benefit earned to the date of disability, without actuarial reduction, commencing six months after the date of disablement. A reduced occupational disability benefit is available for those Plan members unable to perform their usual work duties who leave service after 10 or more years of credited service.

Termination

The Plans may be amended, altered or modified, or successor plans may be adopted at any time with the consent of the employer and its Board of Directors or its successor in interest. In the event of termination, the net assets will be allocated based on the order of priority prescribed in the Plans.

Funding Policy and Annual Pension Cost

Plan members are not required or allowed to make contributions to the Plans. The Company is required to contribute to the Plans at an actuarially determined rate. The contribution rates for 2011 were 15.01% and 22.19% for the Contract and Salaried Plans, respectively. For 2011, the Company's annual pension costs were \$3,791,200 and \$2,041,762 for the Contract and Salaried Plans, respectively. The required contributions were determined as part of the July 1, 2011 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal cost frozen initial liability cost method. The actuarial assumptions were as follows:

- Remaining amortization period 27 years
- Asset valuation method Market value
- Mortality Table IRS 2007 Current
 Liability Combined
- Amortization Method Level Dollar
- Amortization Periods Closed
- Investment rate of return 7.5%
- Projected salary increases* 4.0%
- *includes inflation at 1.5%
- Cost-of-living adjustments None

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

Funding Progress

The status of funding progress for both Plans is based on the actuarial valuations performed as of July 1, 2011 and 2010. The actuarial accrued liability is calculated using the entry-age method.

Salaried Plan

Actuarial valuation date (July 1)	(a) Actuarial value of assets	(b) Actuarial Accrued liability (AAL)– entry age	(b-a) Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	(a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a Percentage of covered payroll
2011	\$ 12,022	\$ 18,158	\$ 6,136	66.21%	\$ 9,521	64.44%
2010	9,950	18,267	8,317	54.47	9,337	89.08

Contract Plan

Actuarial valuation date (July 1)	(a) Actuarial value of assets	(b) Actuarial Accrued liability (AAL)– entry age	(b-a) Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	(a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a Percentage of covered payroll
2011	\$ 37,358	\$ 47,357	\$ 9,999	78.89%	\$ 25,474	39.25%
2010	29,212	45,374	16,162	64.38	25,501	63.38

The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as Required Supplemental Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of Plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Three-Year Trend Information

Contract Plan

Year ended June 30	Annual required contribution	Percentage contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2011	\$3,791,200	100%	\$0
2010	4,111,605	100	0
2009	3,048,814	100	0

Salaried Plan

Year ended June 30	Annual required contribution	Percentage contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2011	\$2,041,762	100%	\$ 0
2010	1,964,523	100	0
2009	1,582,975	100	0

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

Defined Contribution Plan 401 (a)

Participation in the 401(a) Plan is limited to full-time regular staff employees hired on or after April 1, 2011. The Company's contribution to the 401(a) Plan is as follows: (A) eligible employees with 3 years of service or less, a matching contribution equal to the amount of the employee's salary deferrals to the 457 Plan, up to a maximum of 5% of the employee's base salary, and (B) for eligible employees with more than 3 years of service, the company would make the following contributions: (1) matching contribution equal to the amount of the employee's salary deferrals to the 457 Plan, up to a maximum of 4% of the employee's base salary, and (2) a non-elective contribution equal to 3% of the employee's base salary regardless of whether the employee makes any salary deferrals to the 457 Plan for the plan year. As of June 30, 2011, there was only one employee eligible and they did not elect to participate in the program.

Financial statements for the Contract and Salaried Plans are available under separate covers. Copies of the financial statements can be obtained by writing to Long Beach Transit, Attn: Executive Director, VP Financial Services, P.O. Box 731, Long Beach, CA 90801.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

Required Supplementary Information

The following tables (which are unaudited) summarize the status of funding progress for the two Company sponsored defined benefit pension plans – Long Beach Public Transportation Company Retirement Plan – Contract Employees (Contract Plan) and Long Beach Public Transportation Company Retirement Plan – Salaried Employees (Salaried Plan). These tables are based on the actuarial valuations performed as the dates indicated.

Contract Plan

Actuarial valuation date (July 1)	(a) Actuarial value of assets	(b) Actuarial liability (AAL) – entry age	(b-a) Unfunded (Funding Excess) (AAL)	(a/b) Funded ratio	(c) Covered payroll	((b-a)/c) UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll
2011	\$ 37,358	\$ 47,357	\$ 9,999	78.89%	\$ 25,474	39.25%
2010	29,212	45,374	\$ 16,162	64.38	25,501	63.38%
2009	24,228	42,569	18,341	56.91	25,266	72.59

Salaried Plan

Actuarial valuation date (July 1)	(a) Actuarial value of assets	(b) Actuarial liability (AAL) – entry age	(b-a) Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	(a/b) Funded ratio	(c) Covered payroll	((b-a)/c) Percentage of covered payroll
2011	\$ 12,022	\$ 18,158	\$ 6,136	66.21%	\$ 9,521	64.44%
2010	9,950	18,267	8,317	54.47	9,337	89.08
2009	7,703	16,255	8,552	47.39	9,376	91.21





STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Long Beach Public Transportation Company's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Company's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends <i>These schedules contain trend information to assess how the Company's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.</i>	37
Revenue Capacity <i>These schedules contain information on the Company's revenue sources and their fluctuations over time.</i>	41
Demographic and Economic Information <i>These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators regarding the environment within which the Company's financial activities take place.</i>	42
Operating Information <i>These schedules contain information about services the Company provides and the activities it performs.</i>	44
Pension Information <i>The Company's Pension Plans' financial statements are issued under separate cover. The schedules contained in this section include general financial and actuarial information providing data concerning the Plans' funding status and general activity.</i>	51
Grant Information <i>The Company's grant programs are issued under separate cover in the Single Audit. The schedules contained in this section provide a summary of capital grant activity for Federal, State and Local sources.</i>	53

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Financial Trends Net Assets by Component 2002 - 2011

Exhibit 1

	Invested in Capital Assets (1)	Restricted	Unrestricted	Total
2002	\$ 65,847,844	\$ 31,951	\$ 3,574,975	\$ 69,454,770
2003	77,966,453	---	3,606,926	81,573,379
2004	72,060,726	166,914	3,437,866	75,665,506
2005	87,934,270	166,914	3,437,866	91,539,050
2006	83,588,365	113,048	3,491,732	87,193,145
2007	74,761,808	84,674	3,520,105	78,366,587
2008	72,514,620	259,954	3,344,825	76,119,399
2009	87,250,464	102,205	3,502,574	90,855,243
2010	84,286,309	16,747	3,588,032	87,891,088
2011	83,828,062	21,356	3,583,423	87,432,841

(1) Fluctuations in balances reflect the Company's procurement of capital assets in each year. Significant changes occur in years which included the receipt of new buses.

Financial Trends Operating Expenses By Type 2002 - 2011

Exhibit 2

	Personnel Wages & Benefits	Fuel & Lubricants	Supplies & Materials	Services	Casualty & Liability	Purchased Transportation	Depreciation	Total
2002	\$ 36,871,022	\$ 2,086,874	\$ 2,341,896	\$ 3,767,081	\$ 1,438,326	\$ 1,372,084	\$ 11,564,783	\$ 59,442,066
2003	38,769,171	2,448,437	2,103,616	4,238,861	1,740,925	1,272,669	13,608,074	64,181,753
2004	41,828,220	3,165,438	2,146,233	4,205,815	1,973,444	1,365,827	13,673,096	68,358,073
2005	41,013,333	4,254,173	2,327,356	4,403,307	1,398,575	1,304,570	15,209,043	69,910,357
2006	43,174,005	5,748,498	1,999,984	4,769,648	1,506,641	1,320,429	16,316,882	74,836,087
2007	45,273,578	5,580,884	2,041,326	5,670,338	1,454,319	1,331,373	16,712,820	78,064,638
2008	49,895,725	7,146,145	2,198,443	6,023,734	2,812,729	1,407,953	17,441,700	86,926,429
2009	50,711,153	5,721,736	2,442,697	5,758,880	2,115,349	1,380,796	14,009,081	82,139,692
2010	52,742,176	5,625,348	2,280,932	5,997,208	1,897,047	1,349,681	16,519,346	86,411,738
2011	52,462,571	6,754,776	2,858,490	6,644,394	3,693,995	1,026,413	17,588,757	91,029,396

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Financial Trends Changes in Net Assets 2002 - 2011

Exhibit 3

Expenses	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Transportation	\$ 23,511,227	\$ 25,385,931	\$ 27,723,568	\$ 27,366,019	\$ 29,156,285	\$ 30,454,056	\$ 32,376,023	\$ 34,874,385	\$ 36,416,765	\$ 35,413,269
Maintenance	12,736,587	13,400,059	14,154,855	15,781,778	16,800,999	17,251,960	19,612,265	18,602,288	18,546,811	21,292,632
Risk Management Marketing &	5,681,131	5,026,416	6,076,869	4,223,185	5,068,951	5,191,201	8,119,926	5,278,264	5,266,428	6,791,630
Customer Service General	1,144,752	1,567,140	1,263,387	1,296,256	1,286,531	1,397,475	1,631,278	1,578,839	1,673,878	1,665,938
Administration	4,803,586	5,194,133	5,466,298	6,034,076	6,206,439	7,057,126	7,745,237	7,796,835	7,988,510	8,277,170
Depreciation	11,564,783	13,608,074	13,673,096	15,209,043	16,316,882	16,712,820	17,441,700	14,009,081	16,519,346	17,588,757
Total Expenses	\$ 59,442,066	\$ 64,181,753	\$ 68,358,073	\$ 69,910,357	\$ 74,836,087	\$ 78,064,638	\$ 86,926,429	\$ 82,139,692	\$ 86,411,738	\$ 91,029,396
Revenues										
Passenger Fares	\$ 12,571,238	\$ 12,382,726	\$ 12,676,716	\$ 12,814,406	\$ 14,542,379	\$ 14,239,543	\$ 14,789,817	\$ 15,785,523	\$ 16,473,909	\$ 17,308,290
Special Events	26,150	85,589	91,467	85,671	38,346	52,275	103,971	72,389	71,809	41,935
Advertising	937,932	787,856	906,250	743,750	724,158	847,296	857,449	797,814	609,161	558,490
Subtotal Operating	13,535,320	13,256,171	13,674,433	13,643,827	15,304,883	15,139,114	15,751,237	16,655,726	17,154,879	17,908,715
Subsidies	33,627,182	36,932,476	40,615,870	40,444,529	42,078,890	44,495,763	52,151,341	50,720,199	51,773,322	55,012,754
Interest & Other	536,630	385,032	394,674	612,958	1,135,432	1,716,941	1,582,151	754,686	964,191	519,170
Subtotal Non-Op	34,163,812	37,317,508	41,010,544	41,057,487	43,214,322	46,212,704	53,733,492	51,474,885	52,737,513	55,531,924
Total Revenues	\$ 47,699,132	\$ 50,573,679	\$ 54,684,977	\$ 54,701,314	\$ 58,519,205	\$ 61,351,818	\$ 69,484,729	\$ 68,130,611	\$ 69,892,392	\$ 73,440,639
Net Expense	\$(1,742,934)	\$(13,608,074)	\$(13,673,096)	\$(15,209,043)	\$(16,316,882)	\$(16,712,820)	\$(17,441,700)	\$(14,009,081)	\$(16,519,346)	\$(17,588,757)
Capital Grants	13,703,722	25,726,683	7,765,223	31,082,587	11,970,977	7,886,262	15,194,512	28,744,925	13,555,191	17,130,510
Change in Net Assets	\$ 1,960,788	\$ 12,118,609	\$ (5,907,873)	\$ 15,873,544	\$ (4,345,905)	\$ (8,826,558)	\$ (2,247,188)	\$ 14,735,844	\$ (2,964,155)	\$ (458,247)

**Financial Trends
Capital Expenditures By Type
2002 - 2011**

Fiscal Year	Facilities	Fleet	Passenger Facilities	AVL, Farebox & Radio Equipment	Furniture & EDP Equipment	Shop & Garage Equipment	Total
2002	\$ 953,180	\$ 6,940,199	\$ 801,494	\$ 1,424,775	\$ 3,388,494	\$ 195,580	\$ 13,703,722
2003	563,536	20,082,479	702,691	3,301,673	785,846	290,458	25,726,683
2004	469,413	3,503,160	2,302,210	818,230	358,811	313,399	7,765,223
2005	761,993	27,650,227	719,055	728,378	1,032,081	190,853	31,082,587
2006	903,110	4,311,805	991,917	4,219,234	728,595	816,316	11,970,977
2007	2,013,508	4,839,412	257,740	267,526	193,018	315,058	7,886,262
2008	1,427,166	11,386,235	1,142,643	337,773	744,408	156,287	15,194,512
2009	3,133,478	20,214,981	1,557,227	2,068,732	1,468,789	301,718	28,744,925
2010	1,224,068	6,436,753	2,149,479	47,960	1,796,856	1,900,075	13,555,191
2011	1,206,706	6,764,468	7,256,720	518,104	1,134,931	246,581	17,130,510

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Revenue Capacity Operating Subsidy Sources 2002 - 2011

Exhibit 5

	Prop A Funds City of Long Beach	Prop A Funds L.A. County	Prop C & Measure R Funds L.A. County	State Assistance	Federal Preventative Maintenance Program	Other Sources	Total
2002	\$ 3,924,805	\$ 11,464,183	\$ 4,376,041	\$ 12,518,354	\$ 924,976	\$ 418,823	\$ 33,627,182
2003	5,421,163	8,714,058	5,328,950	14,231,214	2,928,720	308,371	36,932,476
2004	6,561,550	9,448,398	5,557,841	17,755,993	836,800	455,288	40,615,870
2005	5,740,953	7,956,295	5,296,405	18,236,348	2,533,066	681,462	40,444,529
2006	5,014,805	11,333,677	4,145,171	20,655,260	302,184	627,793	42,078,890
2007	4,656,775	11,840,403	5,507,340	21,864,340	---	626,905	44,495,763
2008	7,087,958	11,679,125	5,224,479	25,777,123	2,126,915	255,741	52,151,341
2009	4,067,755	12,500,860	9,848,459	21,266,639	2,378,850	657,636	50,720,199
2010	3,536,593	12,069,662	14,374,634	14,777,565	6,704,200	310,668	51,773,322
2011	5,375,238	13,460,669	12,371,325	17,480,351	6,067,800	257,371	55,012,754

Revenue Capacity Farebox Recovery Percentage 2002 - 2011

Exhibit 6

<u>Year</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
2002	27.3%
2003	25.2
2004	23.8
2005	24.1
2006	25.8
2007	23.8
2008	21.9
2009	23.9
2010	24.3
2011	24.2

NOTE: Represents passenger fares divided by fixed route operating expenses before depreciation.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Revenue Capacity Fare History 2002 - 2011

Exhibit 7

	<u>2000-2002</u>	<u>2003-2005</u>	<u>2006-2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010-2011</u>
Fixed Route Service:					
<u>Cash Fares:</u>					
Regular	\$.90	\$.90	\$.90	\$ 1.10	\$ 1.25
Student	.75	.75	.90	1.10	1.25
Senior & Disabled	.45	.45	.45	.50	.60
Local transfer	.10	.10	---	---	---
Interagency transfer	.35	.35	.50	.50	.50
<u>Day Pass:</u>					
Regular			\$ 2.50	\$ 3.50	\$ 4.00
Discounted			1.50	2.00	2.50
<u>5 Day Pass:</u>					
Regular				\$ 16.00	\$ 18.00
Discounted				8.00	9.00
<u>Monthly Pass:</u>					
Regular	\$ 40.00	\$ 40.00	\$ 50.00	\$ 60.00	\$ 65.00
Student	23.00	23.00	31.00	35.00	40.00
Senior & Disabled	11.00	11.00	19.00	21.00	24.00
Dial-A-Lift Service:					
Cash Fares	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.50	\$ 2.00	\$ 2.00
Water Taxi:					
<u>Cash Fares:</u>					
AquaBus	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00	\$ 1.00
AquaLink		2.00	3.00	5.00	5.00

**Demographic and Economic Information
City of Long Beach
Demographic Statistics
2002-2011***

Exhibit 8

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Estimated Population (A)	Personal Income (in millions) (B)	Per Capita Personal Income (B)	Public School Enrollment (C)	Unemployment Rate (D)
2002	472,763	10,420	22,042	96,488	7.5
2003	480,114	10,940	22,787	97,212	7.7
2004	485,797	11,620	23,919	97,560	7.2
2005	488,367	12,385	23,266	96,319	5.9
2006	489,673	13,461	27,490	93,589	5.3
2007	488,848	13,953	28,543	90,663	5.6
2008	489,864	14,211	29,011	88,186	8.2
2009	492,682	N/A	N/A	87,519	12.8
2010	494,709	N/A	N/A	86,283	13.9

Sources:

- (A) California Department of Finance.
- (B) Bureau of Economic Analysis. Personal income and per capita personal income, with exception of 2005, are based on percent change of per capita personal income for Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA (Metropolitan Statistic Area). Personal income and per capita personal income are not available for 2009.
- (C) California Department of Education Educational Demographic Unit. Annual school census from Long Beach Unified School District for preschool, grades kindergarten through 12.
- (D) Average annual rate reported by California Employment Development Department (EDD).

N/A - not available.

*Data not available for 2011.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Demographic and Economic Information City of Long Beach Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago*

Exhibit 9

Employer	2010 Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment	2001 Number of Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment
Long Beach Unified School District	7,846	3.38%	11,887	5.67%
Boeing, N.A. (Previously - McDonnell Douglas)	7,100	3.06	17,850	8.52
California State University, Long Beach	6,599	2.84	2,755	1.32
City of Long Beach	5,466	2.35	6,446	3.08
Long Beach Memorial Medical Center	5,105	2.20	3,928	1.88
Veterans Affairs Medical Center	2,306	.99	2,278	1.09
Long Beach City College	1,664	.72	N/A	.00
United States Postal Service	1,471	.63	910	.43
St. Mary's Medical Center	1,461	.63	1,779	.85
Verizon	1,200	.52	1,700	.81

Source: City of Long Beach, Department of Community Development and the US Census Bureau Labor Force as of 2005.

* This is the latest information available.

N/A – data not available.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Operating Information Key Performance Indicators 2002 – 2011

Exhibit 10

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
<u>Fixed Route</u>										
Operating Cost Per Vehicle Service Hour	\$ 70.74	\$ 73.74	\$ 76.52	\$ 75.64	\$ 83.12	\$ 87.48	\$ 96.17	\$ 96.28	\$ 98.73	\$ 106.77
Operating Cost Per Passenger	\$ 1.79	\$ 1.89	\$ 1.96	\$ 1.95	\$ 2.08	\$ 2.22	\$ 2.36	\$ 2.20	\$ 2.34	\$ 2.54
Roadcalls	942	1,034	978	1,133	871	1,142	1,339	1,392	1,481	1,325
Miles Between Roadcalls	7,207	7,338	8,257	7,211	9,014	6,771	5,904	5,716	5,384	5,807
Total Accidents	837	819	854	754	883	937	923	940	923	851
Preventable Accidents	143	105	139	138	164	154	166	149	100	90
Preventable Accidents Per 100,000 Miles	2.01	1.34	1.72	1.69	2.09	1.99	2.10	1.87	1.25	1.17
Passengers per Vehicle Service Hour	45	43	41	41	40	42	43	44	43	45
Service Delivery Rate	99.99%	99.75%	99.72%	99.73%	99.35%	99.45%	99.88%	99.88%	99.85%	99.83%
Number of Vehicles	224	221	221	228	229	229	229	263	265	265
Number of Employees	672	711	715	691	680	737	739	742	732	708
<u>Special Services</u>										
Dial-A-Lift Cost Per Passenger	\$ 12.71	\$ 13.42	\$ 14.71	\$ 15.97	\$ 18.57	\$ 19.96	\$ 21.32	\$ 21.65	\$ 23.02	\$ 19.71
Dial-A-Lift Passengers Per Vehicle Service Hour	5.1	5.6	6.1	5.9	5.3	5.0	4.8	4.7	4.8	5.0
Number of Dial-A-Lift Vehicles	18	18	18	18	18	18	17	16	17	15
Water Taxi Cost Per Passenger	\$ 5.69	\$ 4.69	\$ 5.91	\$ 6.29	\$ 7.10	\$ 8.24	\$ 10.17	\$ 9.47	\$ 10.99	\$ 11.94
Water Taxi Passengers Per Vehicle Service Hour	12.9	18.1	15.6	18.56	14.03	13.50	14.54	14.96	13.81	13.45
Number of Water Taxi Vessels	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Operating Information Customer Satisfaction Trends 2000-2011*

Exhibit 11

<u>Service Element</u>	<u>% of Customers Rating Favorably</u>									
	<u>2000</u>	<u>2001</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2011</u>
LBT Overall	96	94	92	94	92	90	95	96	95	97
LBT Compared to Others	92	86	87	88	91	87	94	92	89	89
Driver Appearance	98	100	96	96	96	97	97	99	97	99
Fares	91	89	90	94	92	88	90	91	85	73
Driver Courtesy	92	89	86	89	86	90	91	88	90	90
Driver Safety	95	92	91	93	92	93	93	93	97	97
On Board Safety	92	93	90	91	88	91	90	93	95	95
Route Convenience	93	90	93	96	85	92	93	96	93	95
Information Available	92	90	91	89	89	88	88	93	93	90
Telephone Information	88	88	86	86	86	81	90	92	91	90
Bus Stop Safety	90	92	87	84	83	86	82	91	87	90
Bus Stop Convenience	94	95	96	94	---	94	95	97	95	96
Schedule Reliability	80	82	75	84	69	74	72	77	78	78
Bus Cleanliness	88	88	88	90	79	84	76	88	85	93
Bus Stop Cleanliness	85	84	82	74	80	81	75	89	84	86
Customer Satisfaction Index**	91	90	89	90	86	88	88	92	90	90

Source: Annual community survey.

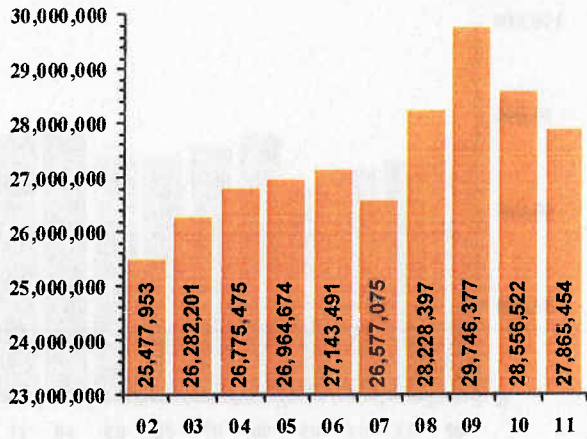
* Formal customer surveys were not performed for fiscal years 2005 and 2010.

** The customer satisfaction index is an average of the above ratings.

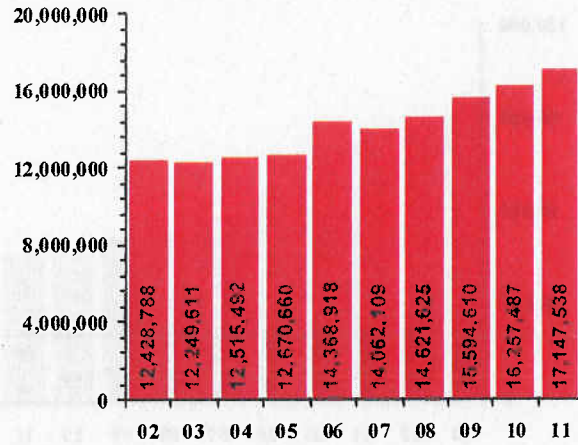
**Operating Information
Fixed Route Statistics
2002 - 2011**

Exhibit 12

Annual Ridership

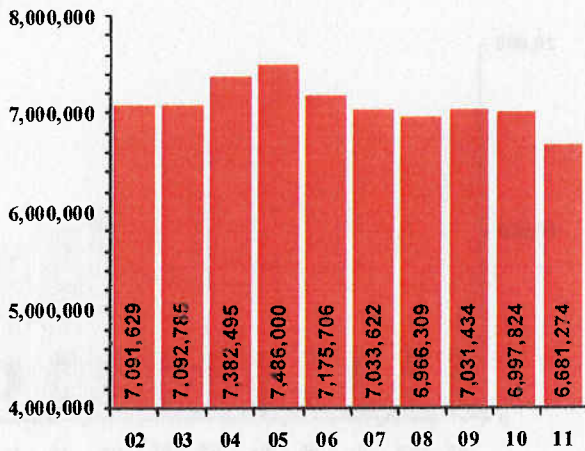


Annual Passenger Fare Revenues

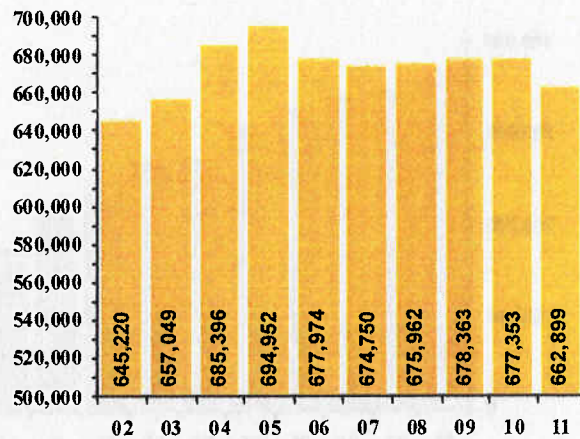


Due to reduced operating support from the state and sales tax revenues, a 3% service reduction was necessary in August 2010. Annual ridership has dropped due to the high unemployment rate given the worst economic downturn in recent years. A fare increase initiated in February 2010 produced a 5.4% increase in fare revenue for fixed route service.

Annual Revenue Miles



Annual Revenue Hours

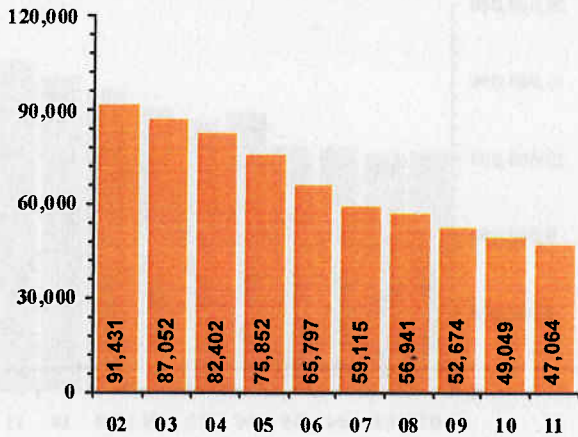


Source: Long Beach Transit's Annual National Transit Database Report

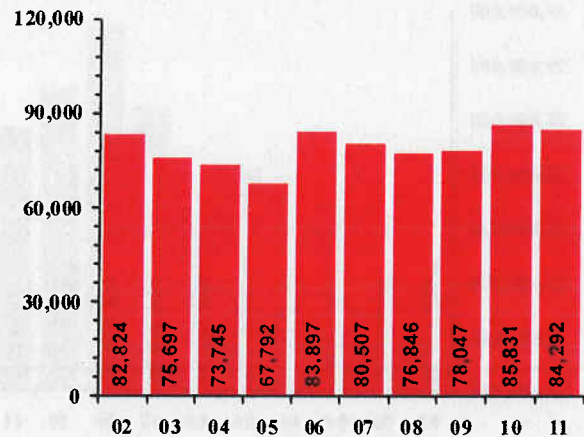
**Operating Information
Dial-A-Lift Statistics
2002 - 2011**

Exhibit 13

Annual Ridership

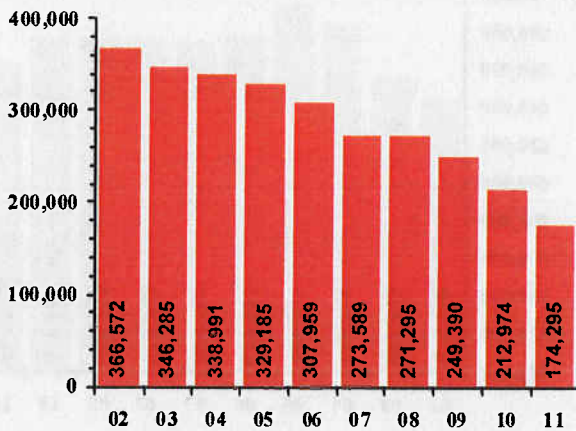


Annual Passenger Fare Revenues

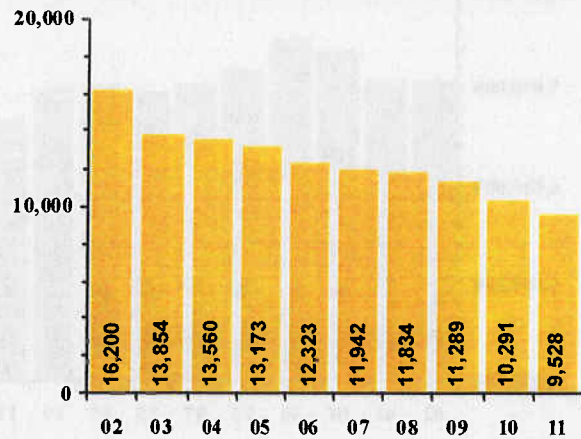


We continue to see a drop in Dial-A-Lift customers as they move to the fixed route bus system which is 100% accessible. The size of the active membership in the current program has also declined slightly. The Dial-A-Lift service is supplied by a local taxi company which supplements Dial-A-Lift van rides with taxi trips on an as-needed basis.

Annual Revenue Miles



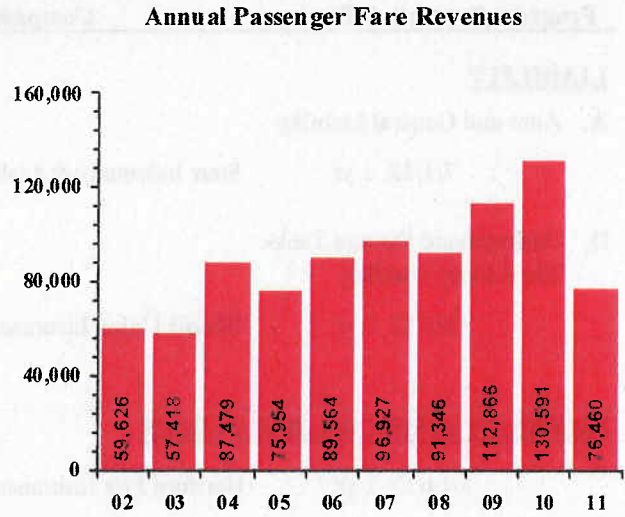
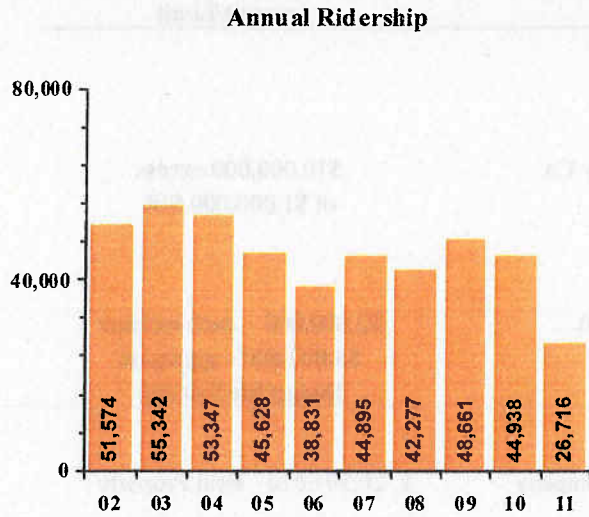
Annual Revenue Hours



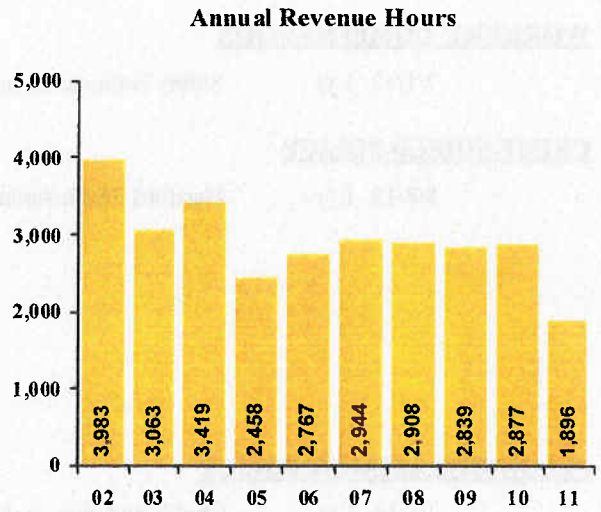
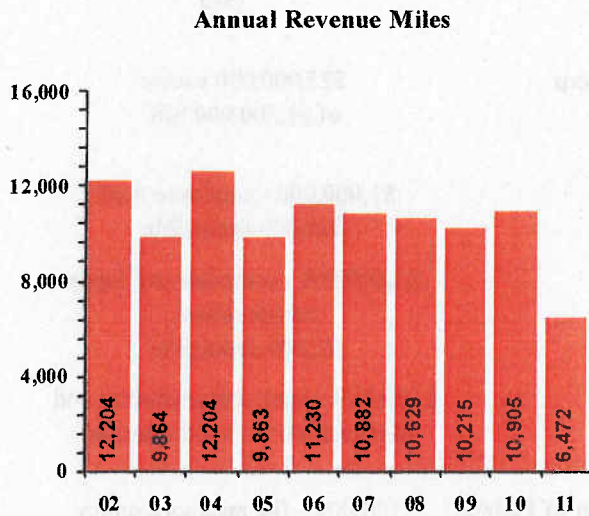
Source: Long Beach Transit's Annual National Transit Database Report

**Operating Information
Water Taxi Statistics
2002-2011**

Exhibit 14



There are two routes for the water taxi service. The Aquabus is assigned two smaller vessels and the Aqualink service is provided by a larger catamaran. Ridership and revenue both declined in 2011, due to the water taxi services only operating in the summer months as compared to operation all year in fiscal year 2010.



Source: Long Beach Transit's Annual National Transit Database Report

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Operating Information Schedule of Insurance in Force June 30, 2011

Exhibit 15

<u>Program</u>	<u>Expiration Term</u>	<u>Company</u>	<u>Amount/Limit</u>
<u>LIABILITY</u>			
A. Auto and General Liability			
	7/1/12 1 yr	Starr Indemnity & Liability Co.	\$10,000,000 excess of \$1,000,000 SIR
B. Underground Storage Tank- Third-Party Liability			
	3/4/12 1 yr	Illinois Union Insurance Co.	\$2,000,000 - each incident \$3,000,000 - aggregate Deductible \$10,000
<u>PROPERTY & SPECIAL MULTI-FLEX</u>			
	3/14/12 1 yr	Hartford Fire Insurance Company	\$ 20,304,010 Real Property \$ 32,412,000 Business Personal Property \$ 25,000 Deductible for buses in the open \$ 475,000 Extra Expense \$ 2,500 per occurrence; except \$25,000 for buses in the yard
<u>WORKERS' COMPENSATION</u>			
	7/1/12 1 yr	Safety National Casualty Corp	\$25,000,000 excess of \$1,500,000 SIR
<u>CRIME SHIELD POLICY</u>			
	8/8/12 1 yr	Hartford Fire Insurance Co.	\$1,000,000 - employee theft; \$20,000 deductible \$1,000,000 - computer and funds transfer fraud; \$5,000 deductible \$100,000 - theft, disappearance and destruction; \$5,000 deductible
<u>FELONIOUS ASSAULT POLICY</u>			
	7/1/14 3 yr	Chubb and Son, A Division of Federal Insurance Company	\$100,000 - life insurance policy

Source: Long Beach Transit's Risk Management Department.

Operating Information Fixed-Route Bus Service Summary of Service Frequency and Hours of Operation

Exhibit 16

DAILY HOURS OF OPERATION

FREQUENCY OF SERVICE

ROUTES	Peak/Base (5am-6pm)			Evening/Night (after 6pm)			DAILY HOURS OF OPERATION		
	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday	Weekday	Saturday	Sunday
1	30	45	45	30/60	45	45	538A - 903P	515A - 1002P	515A - 1002P
20	15	22.5	22.5	15/30/60	22.5/30/60	22.5/30/60	445A - 105X	515A - 1255X	515A - 1255X
40	7.5	12	15	10/30	15/30	15/30	436A - 1251X	504A - 1251X	504A - 1251X
50	12	15	20	20/30	20/30	20/30	430A - 1208X	503A - 1211X	503A - 1211X
60	12	15	20	20/30	30	30	450A - 1225X	531A - 105X	537A - 105X
70	30	45	45	30	45	45	455A - 825P	506A - 1022P	506A - 1022P
80	40/60	--	--	--	--	--	620A - 610P	---	---
90	8/10/12	15	20	15/30	20/30	20/30	410A - 105X	505A - 110X	500A - 100X
96 ZAP	10/12	--	--	--	--	--	642A-905A 1231P-507P	---	---
100	15/30	30	--	20/40	--	--	454A - 1013P	550A - 735P	---
110	20	35	35	20/30/60	35/60	35/60	500A - 111X	533A - 1253X	533A - 1253X
130	40	60	60	45	60	60	515A - 811P	600A - 646P	600A - 646P
170	15	15	15	15/30	20/30	20/30	513A - 1252X	523A - 1252X	523A - 1252X
171	25	45	45	30/40	--	--	450A - 1048P	709A - 749P	709A - 749P
180	40	45/60	45/60	60	60	60	455A - 1248X	516A - 1248X	516A - 1248X
190	15	20	20	30	30	30	449A - 110X	510A - 115X	510A - 115X
Passport A/D	15	15	15	15/20/30	15/20/30	15/20/30	505A - 1256X	508A - 1253X	508A - 1253X
Passport B	15/20	20	20	30/60	30/60	30/60	432A - 1247X	459A - 1249X	459A - 1249X
Passport C	10	7	7	10/20/30	10/20/30	10/20/30	514A - 101X	520A - 101X	520A - 101X

Source: Long Beach Transit's Service Development Department

**Pension Information
Employer Pension Contributions
2002 – 2011**

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Employer Contribution*	Payroll	Contribution as a Percentage of Payroll
<u>Contract Plan</u>			
2002	\$ 1,456,659	\$ 18,702,293	7.88%
2003	1,908,129	19,213,438	9.94
2004	2,099,246	20,188,278	10.49
2005	1,910,696	20,859,915	9.11
2006	2,055,584	21,628,593	10.08
2007	2,777,353	21,866,049	12.32
2008	2,661,268	23,643,084	11.35
2009	3,048,814	25,266,127	12.18
2010	4,111,605	25,501,412	16.20
2011	3,791,200	25,473,634	15.01
<u>Salaries Plan</u>			
2002	\$ 938,473	\$ 6,999,408	13.54%
2003	1,241,173	7,516,706	16.54
2004	1,194,982	7,783,115	15.42
2005	1,052,894	7,849,876	13.35
2006	1,060,300	7,954,923	12.88
2007	1,006,587	8,486,732	12.30
2008	1,202,609	9,125,649	13.43
2009	1,582,975	9,554,774	17.26
2010	1,964,523	9,337,229	23.11
2011	2,041,762	9,520,926	22.19

* Total contribution amounts reflect year-end accruals which are adjusted for actual pay in the following fiscal year.

Source: Contract and Salaries pension plan financial statements for the year-ended June 30, 2011.

These financial statements are prepared under separate cover and contain additional trend information.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Pension Information Pension Revenues by Source and Expenses by Type 2002 - 2011

Exhibit 18

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Revenues by Source				Expenses by Type			
	Employer Contribution	Benefit transfer receivable	Investment Return	Total	Administrative Expenses	Benefit Payments	Benefit transfer payable	Total
Contract Plan								
2002	\$ 1,456,659	\$ ---	\$ (978,566)	\$ 478,093	\$ 168,646	\$ 2,842,807	\$ ---	\$ 3,011,453
2003	1,908,129	---	927,966	2,836,095	159,046	1,327,836	720,171	2,207,053
2004	2,099,246	---	2,752,163	4,851,409	203,377	1,835,296	22,853	2,061,526
2005	1,910,696	---	2,029,549	3,940,245	191,829	2,294,689	31,496	2,518,014
2006	2,055,584	---	2,599,457	4,655,041	226,499	3,095,306	160,267	3,482,072
2007	2,777,353	---	3,485,553	6,262,906	224,618	2,847,651	365,198	3,437,467
2008	2,661,268	---	571,633	3,232,901	242,097	2,238,944	6,800	2,487,841
2009	3,048,814	---	(5,613,626)	(2,564,812)	167,515	1,448,156	35,377	1,651,048
2010	4,111,605	---	(3,780,305)	331,300	204,627	2,544,902	158,341	2,907,870
2011	3,791,200	---	6,604,495	10,395,695	227,965	1,852,836	168,731	2,249,532
Salaries Plan								
2002	\$ 938,473	\$ ---	\$ (239,242)	\$ 699,231	\$ 81,827	\$ 652,957	\$ ---	\$ 734,784
2003	1,241,173	720,171	423,704	2,385,048	89,856	380,953	---	470,809
2004	1,194,982	22,853	1,253,069	2,470,904	108,519	788,282	---	896,801
2005	1,052,894	31,496	976,622	2,061,012	107,490	1,202,742	---	1,310,232
2006	1,060,300	160,267	1,014,406	2,234,973	130,980	1,669,281	---	1,800,261
2007	1,006,587	365,198	1,687,859	3,059,644	134,999	2,092,796	---	2,227,795
2008	1,202,609	6,800	(184,115)	1,025,294	124,292	3,654,399	---	3,778,691
2009	1,582,975	35,377	(1,889,274)	(270,922)	90,378	1,567,196	---	1,657,574
2010	1,964,523	158,341	(1,169,295)	953,569	94,633	950,146	---	1,044,779
2011	2,041,762	168,731	2,235,151	4,445,644	118,827	2,255,212	---	2,374,039

Source: Contract and Salaries pension plan financial statements for the year-ended June 30, 2011.
These financial statements are prepared under separate cover and contain additional trend information.

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Grant Information Capital Grant History Federal Grants 2002 - 2011

Exhibit 19

FTA Grants	Authorized Amount	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
CA-03-0368	\$13,875,000										
CA-90-X671	7,362,000										
CA-90-X717	3,397,000		\$ 829,949								
CA-03-0468	1,488,850										
CA-03-0474	992,500	\$ 189,578	508								
CA-90-X778	3,267,220	540,713									
CA-90-X841	3,793,248	254,938	11,406								
CA-03-0496	1,465,794	94,610	92,632	\$ 66,258							
FBD	1,200,000										
CA-90-X915	8,769,677	846,627	5,875,660	176,109	\$ 320,232	\$ (1,267)					
CA-90-X950	6,249,570	1,126,987	80,438	1,288,310	1,212,151	(21,161)					
CA-90-Y057	10,381,045	5,197,417	2,201,222	899,083	1,225,417	273,569	\$ 127,546				
CA-90-Y082	11,356,000	170,751	5,195,237	407,214	1,177,836	3,478,611	227,586	\$ 79,907	\$ 608,104		
CA-90-Y117	7,751,180	1,577,124	4,024,566	591,854	529,645	104,451	104,124	582,745	239,603		
CA-03-0596	1,980,630		60		1,966,039	23,702					
CA-90-X011	35,000		13,096	21,905							
CA-90-Y136	7,788,668		2,916,966	1,381	4,526,858	297,813	36,203				
CA-90-Y226	10,958,295		83,659	1,875,129	6,216,499	2,077,500	166,025	452,558	241,178	\$ 57,407	
CA-90-Y271	9,982,170			35,834	5,154,206	1,574,121	1,168,787	754,104	1,132,509	130,707	
CAL0301	204,000			131,611		(131,611)					
CA-03-0642	1,980,058				1,921,249	58,809					
CA-03-0664	2,074,022				1,668,386	53,052					
CA-90-Y391	13,354,477				454,548		1,974,135	5,457,189	2,125,881	484,648	\$ 95,849
CA-90-Y440	6,358,401						1,295,708	1,343,478	3,394,798	178,157	35,420
Subtotal		\$9,998,745	\$21,325,399	\$5,494,688	\$25,918,518	\$8,242,137	\$5,100,114	\$8,669,981	\$7,742,073	\$850,919	\$131,269

Continued

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Exhibit 19

Grant Information Capital Grant History (Continued) Federal Grants 2002 - 2011

FTA Grants	Authorized Amount	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Subtotal		\$9,998,745	\$21,325,399	\$5,494,688	\$25,918,518	\$8,242,137	\$5,100,114	\$8,669,981	\$7,742,073	\$850,919	\$131,269
CA-90-Y502	\$14,756,941							1,979,965	10,160,890	1,582,195	81,688
CA-90-Y652	13,051,167							5,821	1,446,032	1,569,176	654,528
CA-95-X040	447,000							18,538	70,418	300,763	57,282
CA-03-0714	970,874						970,874				
CA-04-0061	1,915,492						3,651	1,911,839			
CA-90-Y731	14,960,635								71,794	5,850,160	4,965,764
CA-03-0759	485,888								485,888		
CA-96-X007	16,497,214								496,563	6,466,024	8,840,940
CA-04-0065	2,604,050										1,998,932
CA-04-0134	1,783,466										222,952
CA-90-Y798	13,994,380										3,046,130
TOTAL		\$9,998,745	\$21,325,399	\$5,494,688	\$25,918,518	\$8,242,137	\$5,100,114	\$11,648,830	\$22,385,497	\$16,619,237	\$19,999,485

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Exhibit 20

Grant Information Capital Grant History State Grants 2002 - 2011

State Grants	Authorized Amount	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
CA-03-0368	\$ 4,625,000	\$ 699									
CA-90-X671	1,841,000										
CA-90-X717	849,250										
CA-03-0468	372,212		\$ 207,873								
CA-03-0474	250,000	47,394	127								
CA-90-X778	816,805	130,385									
CA-90-X841	947,812	63,738	10,362								
CA-90-X915	2,142,753	211,656	1,453,638	\$ 44,035	\$ 77,936	\$ 329					
CA-03-0496	366,448	23,652	20,809	41,566							
CA-90-X950	1,660,481	281,791	123,719	399,844	204,778	11,388					
CA-90-Y057	2,429,263	1,245,281	557,130	224,773	302,449	79,382	\$ 33,271				
CA-90-Y082	1,471,292	22,122	671,328	52,759	152,352	450,691	29,486	\$ 10,394	\$ 84,231		
CA-90-Y117	1,937,795	392,840	1,035,009	147,967	132,350	26,111	26,047	145,681	59,932		
MTAP6059	100,000	18,334	13,433	5,088							
CA-03-0596	495,158		15		491,442	3,701					
CA-90-Y136	1,404,025		378,326	323	968,205	51,248	4,689				
CA-90-Y226	2,739,574		18,730	468,790	1,331,200	440,036	39,728	111,941	88,662	\$ 14,374	
CA-03-0642	405,554				438,604	(33,049)					
CA-95-X040	203,182							8,427	32,009	11,826	
Subtotal		\$2,437,892	\$4,490,499	\$1,385,145	\$4,099,316	\$1,029,837	\$133,221	\$276,443	\$264,834	\$26,200	

Continued

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Exhibit 20

Grant Information Capital Grant History (continued) State Grants 2002 - 2011

State Grants	Authorized Amount	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Subtotal		\$2,437,892	\$4,490,499	\$1,385,145	\$4,099,316	\$1,029,837	\$ 133,221	\$ 276,443	\$ 264,834	\$ 26,200	\$
TDA 96	\$4,072,000	27,975	33,548								
TDA 99	792,000										
TDA 00	3,250,000										
TDA 01	468,185	133,860		1,130							
TDA 02	32,225	7,549		222,698							
TDA 03	655,624		384,298		41,010	(1,161)					
STA 00	1,012,135										
STA 01	990,696	272,786	235,864	41,609	6,257	557		7,280			
STA 02	1,341,400	807,476	530,452	57,677	(25,150)	27,391	3,568	2,230			
STA 03	838,329		440	631,646	153,430	19,189	30,568	3,698			
STA 07	910,000							746,044			
STA 08	3,528,162							102,135	2,352,877	440,431	40,077
MSRC 05	335,453				330,453						
1B SEC	1,113,355								240,999	417,044	100,896
TOTAL		\$3,687,538	\$5,675,101	\$2,339,905	\$4,605,316	\$1,075,813	\$ 167,357	\$1,137,830	\$2,858,710	\$ 883,675	\$ 140,973

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Grant Information Capital Grant History Local Grants 2002 - 2011

Exhibit 21

Local Grants	Authorized Amount	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Prop A FY 96	\$1,300,000										
Prop A FY 97	1,185,000										
Prop A FY 98	1,207,000										
Prop A FY 99	1,933,150										
Prop A - FBD	309,000										
Prop C Security FY00	245,000	\$ 22,484									
Prop A FY 00	3,243,000	323,983	\$ 15,606								
Prop A FY 01	40,000										
Prop C FY 01	2,100,000	559,705	1,535,061								
Prop C Security FY 01	152,000				\$ 12,882						
Prop A FY 02	40,000	44,000									
Prop C Security FY 02	65,000	1,700	49,204	\$ 11,051	4,745						
Prop C Security FY 03	349,154			193,599	24,817	\$ 60,772	\$ 40,346	\$ 23,888	\$ 4,096		
AQMD 03	684,837		684,837								
Prop C Security FY 04	923,452			5,674	825,606	36,957	5,603	16,208	127		
Prop C - CA-90-Y271	2,375,547			8,960	1,199,967	388,360	300,489	173,882	212,278	\$ 27,101	
Prop C FY 02	1,041,853			331,967	395,502	242,904	60,541	3,004			
Prop C FY 03	1,123,797			130,606	592,344	61,441	223,736	111,223			
Prop C-CA-03-0664	352,584				341,786	10,798					
Prop C FY 04	923,452				203,569	164,860	5,018	98,592	335		
Subtotal		\$ 951,872	\$ 2,284,708	\$ 681,857	\$ 3,601,218	\$ 996,092	\$ 635,733	\$ 426,797	\$ 216,836	\$ 27,101	

Continued

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Grant Information Capital Grant History (Continued) Local Grants 2002 - 2011

Exhibit 21

Local Grants	Authorized Amount	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Subtotal		\$ 951,872	\$ 2,284,708	\$ 681,857	\$ 3,601,218	\$ 966,092	\$ 635,733	\$ 426,797	\$ 216,836	\$ 27,101	\$
Prop C Security FY 05	\$324,000				194,669	11,742			110,000		
Prop C FY 05	1,324,200					382,558	639,725	237,755	39,410		
Prop C-CA-90-Y391	2,934,372					101,084	455,102	1,168,738	486,797	118,327	21,172
Prop C-CA-90-Y440	1,329,020						242,753	331,894	682,488	36,085	8,134
Prop C FY 06	1,398,323						12,717	1,364,204			
MTA 8320	65,625					65,624					
Prop C FY 07	152,022						291	13,570	137,823		
Prop C Security FY 07	24,000						4,731	18,279			
Prop C Sec-CA-90-Y440	138,600						81,202	3,943	44,280	8,456	721
Prop C FY 08	987,014							237,858	670,767	111,424	433,695
Prop C-CA-90-Y502	3,469,451							495,589	2,562,193	394,626	20,417
Prop C-CA-90-Y652	1,940,738							1,455	245,504	289,667	163,641
Prop C-CA-03-0714	198,854							198,854			
Prop C-CA04-0061	392,330							748	391,582		
MTA 8111	428,774							162,341	62,909	164,545	
AQMD 08	81,744								81,744		
Prop C- CA03-0759	99,520								99,520		
Prop C Sec-CA-90-Y652	47,128								13,381	33,761	(13)
Prop C Sec FY08	31,896								31,896		
Prop C FY 09	971,734								142,767	322,747	519,828
Subtotal		\$ 951,872	\$ 2,284,708	\$ 681,857	\$ 3,795,887	\$ 1,527,100	\$ 2,072,254	\$ 4,662,025	\$ 6,019,897	\$ 1,506,739	\$ 1,167,595

Continued

Long Beach Public Transportation Company

Exhibit 21

Grant Information Capital Grant History (Continued) Local Grants 2002 - 2011

Local Grants	Authorized Amount	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Subtotal	\$ 951,872	\$2,284,708	\$ 681,857	\$3,795,887	\$1,527,100	\$2,072,254	\$4,662,025	\$6,019,897	\$1,506,739	\$1,167,595	
Prop C-CA90-Y731	\$3,287,112							63,292	1,484,939	1,239,842	
Prop C FY 10									60,825	49,175	
Prop C FY 11										155,049	
CA-90-798										762,626	
CA-04-065										499,766	
CA-04-134										55,704	
TOTAL	\$ 951,872	\$2,284,708	\$ 681,857	\$3,795,887	\$1,527,100	\$2,072,254	\$4,662,025	\$6,083,189	\$3,052,503	\$ 3,929,757	

