# **Privacy, Local Governments, & Facial Recognition Technologies**

Kelsey Finch, Senior Counsel April 2021



### **Future of Privacy Forum**

The Supporters						
150+	25+	15+	5			
Companies	Leading Academics	Advocates and Civil Society	Foundations			
The Mission						

Bridging the policymaker-industry-academic gap in privacy policy

Developing privacy protections, ethical norms, & responsible business practices

#### **The Workstreams**

AI & Ethics	Ad Tech & IOT	Privacy-Enhancing Technologies
Student Data	<b>Mobility &amp; Location</b>	<b>Smart Cities &amp; Communities</b>



### Understanding Facial Detection, Characterization and Recognition Technologies

Produced by



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DETEC	DETECTION	CHARACTERIZATION	UNIQUE PERSISTENT IDENTIFIER*	VERIFICATION 1:1	IDENTIFICATION 1:MANY
	Is there a face in this picture?	What assumptions can I make about this face?	What is this person doing, in a limited context, not tied to other PII?	Is this person who they are claiming to be?	Can software determine who this unknown person is?
IDENTIFIABILITY	» Not identifiable	» Not identifiable <sup>3</sup>	<ul> <li>Potentially identifiable if linked to other data</li> </ul>	» Identifiable	» Identifiable
PRIVACY CONCERNS	» None <sup>3</sup>	<ul> <li>» Possibility of discrimination based on gender, race, and/or other characteristics</li> <li>» Perception of poor accuracy, with associated mislabeling or categorization</li> <li>» Perception of possible identification without consent<sup>4</sup></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>» Possible identification without consent</li> <li>» Surreptitious tracking</li> <li>» Detailed profiling could allow for exploitation</li> <li>» Misalignment with consumer expectations through use of databases never expected/intended to be used for facial identification purposes</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>» Security breach leading to loss of PII or account access information</li> <li>» Possibility of false positive and false negative rates; either unduly burdening authorized users, or insufficiently preventing unauthorized access</li> <li>» Out of context use</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>"FindFace" – apps that claim to identify unknown persons in public without additional info from the app user</li> <li>Possibility of user tracking or profiling across contexts</li> <li>Possibility of false matches, resulting in false suspicions or accusations</li> <li>Unexpected use/ sharing</li> </ul>



### **Policy Approaches by Local Governments**

#### Prohibitions on FRT

- Largely focused on police and government use (PDX includes private use)
- Several in tandem with a surveillance ordinance
- **\*\* 17 across the U.S.**

#### Surveillance ordinances

- Technology-neutral frameworks for ex ante privacy review, focused on government use
- " 19 across the U.S. (plus some pending)

#### • Data governance and privacy programs

- Internal, technology-neutral, policies and procedures for government use of data
- ~ dozens across the U.S. (various levels of maturity)
- Advisory groups, task forces, and studies
  - May be either technology-specific or general purpose bodies
  - Impact studies often commissioned at state level





### **Some Key Considerations**

- **Public engagement and communications** How to ensure the community's perspectives and priorities are included?
- Appropriate exceptions, tailored to nature and sensitivity of data
  - How to address differences between detection, characterization, persistent identifier, verification, and identification?
  - Context-specific considerations (public spaces, public buildings, online; a park, a stadium, a tollbooth, a courtroom; exigent vs. routine use, etc.)
- Unintended consequences What about using facial biometrics for...
  - personal/work device logins and authentication; anti-fraud purposes; people counting; in art, sports, or other special venues; technology assistance for persons with disabilities; year books; etc.?
- Accuracy Systems increasingly work effectively across all demographic groups, but that does not necessarily address civil rights/equities issues.
- Scope of application How to address police use (specifically), government use (generally), or private use in public spaces? What about legacy systems?
- Enforceability and implementation What resources would be available to implement and enforce restrictions on access and use? Impact assessments, training, policies, audits/annual reporting, transparency/accountability, etc.
- State activity Are there complementary (or conflicting) efforts at the state level?



## **Questions?**

@k\_finch kfinch@fpf.org

www.fpf.org facebook.com/futureofprivacy @futureofprivacy

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### **Additional Resources**





