



City of Long Beach
State Legislation Committee
06/24/20

Item 2: California Legislative Black Caucus Priorities

<i>Legislative Priorities</i>	
ACA 5 (Weber): California Act for Economic Prosperity	Would, if passed by voters, repeal Prop 209, which prohibits discrimination against any individual or group on the basis of race, sex, color, ethnicity, or national origin in public employment, public education, or public contracting
ACA 6 (McCarty): Free the Vote	Would, if passed by voters, restore voting rights to people serving a parole sentence
AB 3121 (Weber): Reparations Task Force	Would establish a Task Force to Study and Develop Reparation Proposals for African Americans, and provide examination of impacts of slavery in California

Item 2: California Legislative Black Caucus Priorities (cont.)

<i>Support Bills</i>	
SB 144 (Mitchell): Families Over Fees Act	Would end the assessment and collection of administrative fees imposed against people in the criminal justice system
AB 1460 (Weber): Ethnic Studies	Requires the California State University system to have an ethnic studies graduation requirement
AB 1835 (Weber): Local Control Funding	Would require school districts and local educational agencies to identify any unspent supplemental and concentration funds in Local Control Accountability Plan
AB 1950 (Kamlager): Probation Reform	Limits probation to a maximum of one year for misdemeanor offenses and two years for felony offenses
AB 1994 (Holden): Medi-Cal Eligibility	Ensure juveniles have access to health care services upon release from a public institution
AB 2019 (Holden): College and Career Access	Increases access to dual enrollment for students in juvenile court schools and alternative schools
AB 2054 (Kamlager): C.R.I.S.E.S. Act	Establishes the Community Response Initiative to Strengthen Emergency Systems grant program to promote community-based responses to local emergencies
AB 2405 (Burke): Children and Families	Moves beyond the sole creation of shelter to establish a right to housing for children and families effective January 2026

Item 3: Police Reform Background

- **2019 Use of Force Negotiations**
- **AB 392 (Weber)**
 - Redefines lethal force—only justifiable when necessary in defense of human life
- **SB 230 (Caballero)**
 - Provides minimum standard on the use of force
 - Mandates training to minimize use of force

Item 3: 2020 Leadership Proposals

- **Governor Newsom**
 - Policing and criminal justice reforms
 - Statewide standards for policing peaceful protests and ending the carotid hold
- **Attorney General Becerra**
 - Broad agenda for police reform, recommendations for local law enforcement agencies related to use of force and criminal justice system
- **Police Leadership**
 - California Police Chiefs Association: “California Leading the Way”
 - Peace Officers Research Association of California (PORAC): Use of Force Standard

Item 3: 2020 Legislative Proposals

<i>Legislative Proposals</i>	
AB 1196 (Gipson): Carotid restraints	Prohibits a law enforcement agency from authorizing the use of a carotid restraint or chokehold
AB 66 (Gonzalez): Rubber bullets	Statement of intent to enact legislation that would set standards on the use of rubber bullets
SB XXXX (Bradford): Decertification	Prevents police officers from getting fired for misconduct and then moving to another agency
AB 1185 (McCarty): Sheriff oversight	Strengthens existing citizen Sheriff oversight bodies and helps increase transparency and accountability
AB 1506 (McCarty): Use of force	Optional DOJ Deadly Force Oversight division to investigate officer-involved shootings and use of force incidents
AB 2342 (McCarty): Parole	Allows justice-involved individuals to reduce parole term by attending college or actively engaging in community volunteer activities
AB XXXX (Holden): Duty to intervene	Officers shall report and intervene when they know or have a reason to know that another officer is about to use, or is using, unnecessary force

Item 4: State Legislative Agenda

- **Objectives**

- Protect life, property and the constitutional rights of all people
- Foster innovation to address economic and social challenges
- Continue to develop partnerships and work together to ensure a safe city for all people
- Strengthen the public's trust through accountability, open communication, community inclusion and transparency
- Foster a health economic environment through law enforcement

- **2020 Focus Statements**

- Support legislation that provides funding to cities for realignment-related public safety operations.
- Support regional initiatives that encourage mental health treatment programs, funding for substance use treatment, and homelessness intervention efforts instead of incarceration only solutions.
- Support legislation and regional initiatives that recognize and provide funding for public health as it supports public safety, particularly violence prevention efforts and mental health treatment.

Item 5: FY 21 State Budget Context

- **January Proposed Budget**

- Unemployment: 3.9%
- Surplus: \$5.6 billion
- Reserves: \$21 billion
- Rainy Day Fund: \$18 billion

- **May Budget Problem**

- Deficit estimated at \$54.3 billion
- Unemployment is at 16.3%; more than \$30 billion in unemployment benefits distributed
- Hospitality and service industry sectors hardest hit—\$41.2 billion decline in revenue anticipated
- COVID-19 expenditures: \$6 billion
- Health & Human Services: \$7.1 billion

Item 5: FY 21 State Budget Proposals

	May Revise (May 14)	Legislature Proposal (June 15)
Solving the Budget Problem	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reserves: \$16.2 billion over three years Federal support: \$8.3 billion from CARES Act Spending cuts: \$6.1 billion Special funds: \$4.1 billion Operating cost reductions: \$4.5 billion Triggered cuts: \$14 billion without additional federal stimulus 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Triggered solutions: Instead of triggered cuts, this proposal would implement triggered solutions in October 1, without federal support Most importantly, prevents early cuts to education and health
Budget Provisions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Local Government <ul style="list-style-type: none"> \$450 million to cities \$1.3 billion to counties for public health response Housing & Homelessness <ul style="list-style-type: none"> \$750 million in CARES Act funds for homelessness, including \$600 million for Project Homekey—hotel/motel acquisition Significant decreases in education and public health funding, including roll back of realignment funds for health departments 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Local Government <ul style="list-style-type: none"> \$500 million to cities \$1.289 billion to counties for public health response Housing & Homelessness <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Proposes \$550 million in CARES Act funds for homelessness for Project Homekey—hotel/motel acquisition Adds \$350 million in General Fund dollars for homelessness programs Provides \$1 billion for realignment revenues (\$600 million would be triggered off without federal support)

Item 5: FY 21 State Budget Agreement & Timeline

- **State Budget Agreement**

- June 22: Governor and Legislature announce budget agreement
- Key Investments for City
 - \$225 million to large cities between 300-500k in population
 - \$300 million in homelessness funding (HHAP formula)
 - \$750 million to backfill County health realignment funds
 - Expansion of the Earned Income Tax Credit to filers that use Taxpayer Identification Numbers

- **Timeline**

- June 26: Legislature expected to pass budget legislation
- July 1: Governor signs budget
- August: Expecting a follow-up based on Federal stimulus and revenues