



Potential Extension of Measure A

July 16, 2019

Background

- On July 7, 2016, Long Beach voters approved Measure A
- A 10-year sales tax increase for public safety and infrastructure
- 1% for six years, then declining to 0.5% for four years, expiring in 2027
- Five-member citizens advisory committee was established to review the use of the funds by the City
- Measure A will generate \$60 million per year at 1%, and \$31 million per year at 0.5%

Background

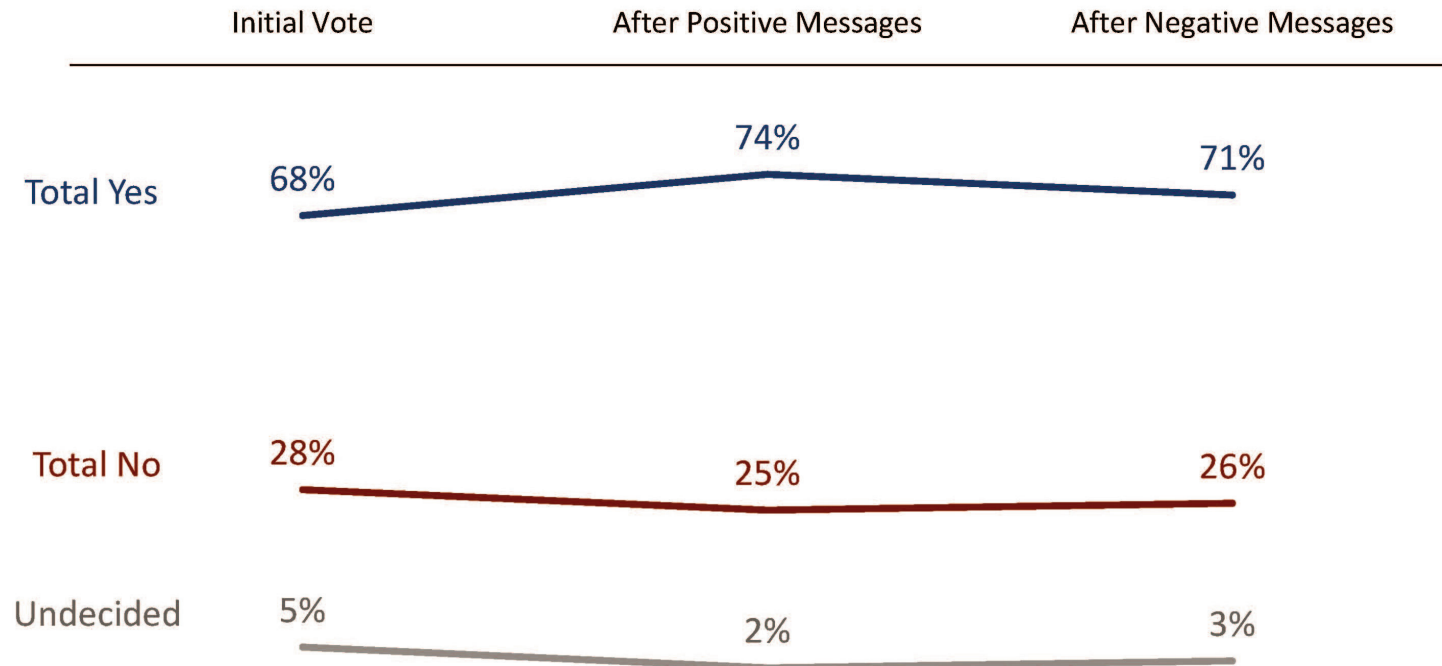
- The City is facing new challenges related to community health services
- The City's infrastructure challenges remain despite the initial investment, and long-term funding solutions over the next 30 years
- However, half of the tax (0.5%) is dedicated towards funding operations, as 2027 nears those positions could be at risk for elimination
- Measure A has been an enormous success:
 - Added public safety officers
 - Maintained public safety personnel that would have otherwise been reduced
 - Funded an unprecedented investment in the City's infrastructure

Sales Tax Comparisons

- In 2016, Long Beach voters approved Measure A with 60% of the vote. Long Beach was one of a handful of cities to propose and enact an additional 1% sales tax. Since that time, 16 California cities have increased or proposed to increase their local sales tax

10.0%	10.25%		10.5%
Avalon Commerce Downey El Monte Inglewood La Puente San Fernando So. El Monte	Arcadia Burbank Compton Covina Cudahy Culver City Glendale Glendora Hawthorne	Lawndale Long Beach Lynwood Monrovia* Pasadena Pico Rivera Pomona Santa Monica South Gate	Santa Fe Springs

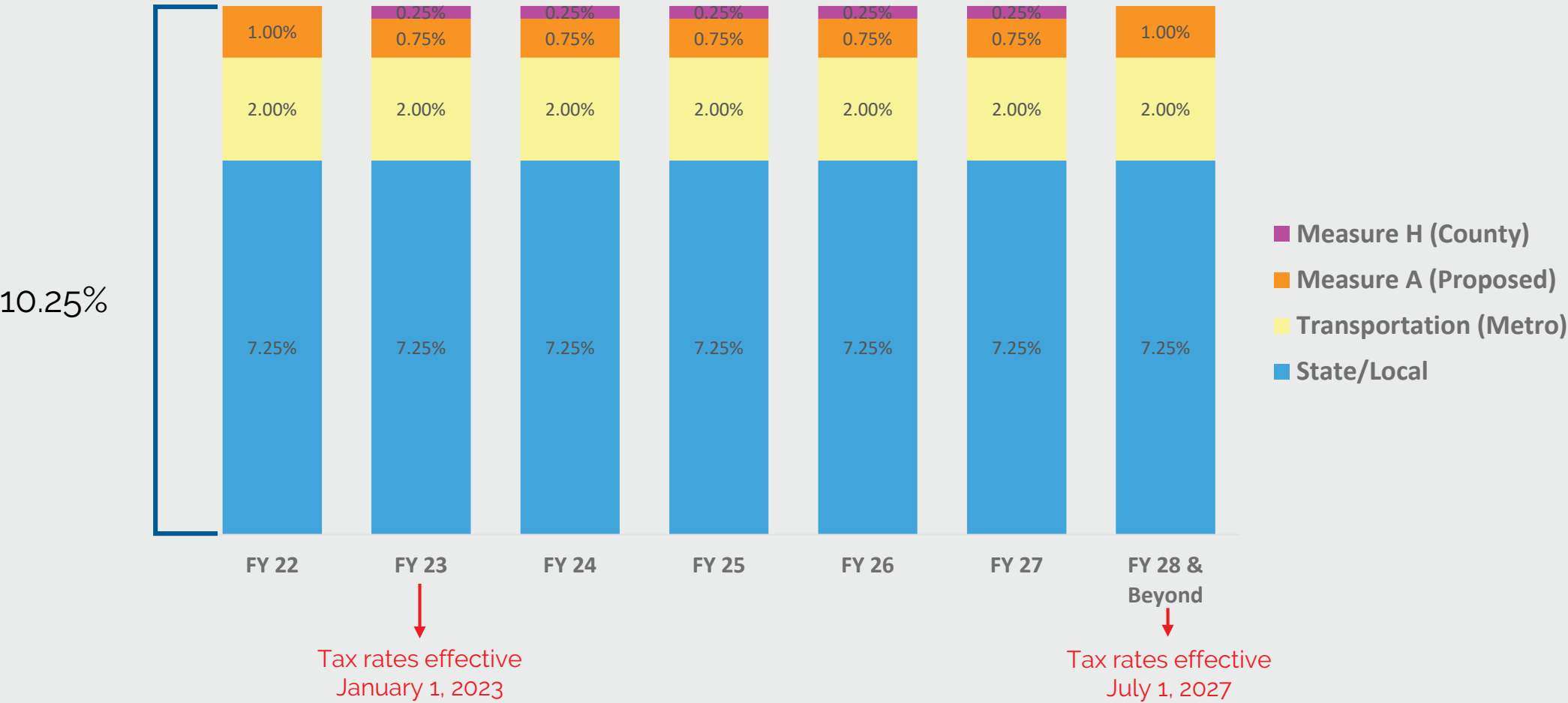
More than seven in ten Long Beach voters support renewal of Measure A after hearing opponent statements.



Timing of Ballot Measure

- With the passage of County Measure H for Homelessness, after 2023 the City of Long Beach has 0.25% remaining under the current cap with its existing Measure A and County taxes
- Other governmental agencies (e.g., SCAQMD, LA County) are considering sales tax ballot measures, which, if enacted, would use up the 0.25% remaining under the cap
- Thus, the sales tax rate in Long Beach after 2023 would continue to be 10.25%, but the 0.25% increase would not be spent locally
- It is important to act as quickly as possible to ensure the tax revenue stays in Long Beach
- The declaration of a fiscal emergency will allow the City to bring the proposed tax measure to the voters at a March 3, 2020 special election

Sales Tax With Proposed Extension of Measure A



Summary

- The extension of Measure A would provide a major positive financial impact.
- \$15 million a year would be available after FY 22
- \$45 million a year would be available after 2027 (on top of the \$15 million revenue increase after FY 22)
- The extension of Measure A would put the City in a stronger financial position

Recommendation

- To continue to provide the quality services our residents expect, as well as have an opportunity to address infrastructure needs and emerging community health needs, it is recommended that a measure be placed on the ballot for the March 3, 2020 election that would extend the current Measure A sales tax rate of 1%, with a reduction to 0.75% from years 2023 through 2027 to accommodate the County Measure H tax



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