Federal Inspection Service (FIS) Feasibility Study

January 24, 2017



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Study Elements & Related Work

- The FIS Study was commissioned to provide a comprehensive evaluation for a potential FIS facility to support international air service at Long Beach Airport (LGB)
- Items examined:
 - Market Demand
 - Economic Impact
 - Environmental Compliance
 - Facility Concepts
 - Airport Scope and Capability
 - Financial Feasibility
 - Security Risk

Study Elements & Related Work continued

- Extensive Community Outreach
- Concluded with comprehensive document and supporting appendices
- Included City outreach to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) for guidance on impact to the Noise Ordinance
- Study findings provide a solid framework for which to base a decision on possible next steps

Key Elements of Long Beach Airport

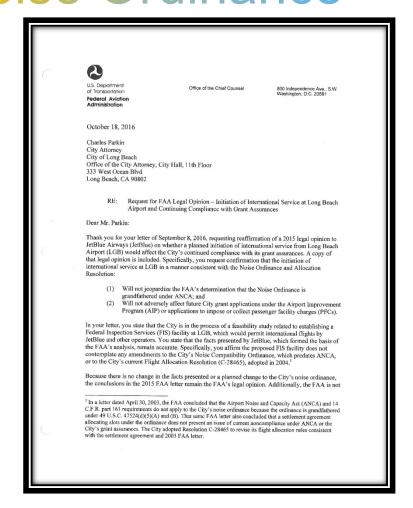
- LGB is one of five commercial airports in the Greater Los Angeles region
- Served 2.8 million passengers in 2016
- Longstanding and robust <u>Noise Ordinance</u> protects surrounding neighborhoods:
 - Presently limits air carrier flights to no more than 50 per day
 - Sets commercial carrier operations between 7 a.m. and 10 p.m.
 - Imposes fines on operators outside these hours with few exemptions

Legal Considerations

- September 8, 2016 City Attorney requested FAA reaffirmation of 2015 legal opinion on effect of international service on airport grant assurances
- Specifically, as to consistency with Noise Ordinance and Allocation Resolution
- October 18, 2016 FAA responds indicating conclusions reached in 2015 are the same
- Noise Ordinance is grandfathered under ANCA* per FAA, FIS will not impact the Noise Ordinance

^{*}Airport Noise & Capacity Act of 1990

FAA Legal Opinion: FIS will not impact Noise Ordinance



aware of any current airport access issues at LGB. Accordingly, the City's noise ordinance is grandfathered under ANCA, and there is no issue of current noncompliance under ANCA or the City's grant assurances. As stated in both the 2003 and 2015 letters, if at some point in the future a potential new entrant carrier believes that the ordinance is a barrier to entry, that carrier would be free to challenge it by filing a complaint with the FAA under 14 C.F.R. part 16. In such a case, the City could defend the reasonableness of its ordinance, make modifications to the ordinance to facilitate market entry, or consider other courses of action. The FAA reserves the right to review such a complaint and the consistency of the noise ordinance with Federal law. This legal opinion is based on the information you have provided and is limited to the particular circumstances at LGB, including the ordinance that is grandfathered under ANCA. This opinion does not constitute a final agency order. I hope this response is helpful to you. If you have additional questions regarding this matter, please do not hesitate to contact me or Rob Hawks, of my staff, at (202) 267-3199

Restatement of the Facts

- Providing international air service will not impact the Noise Ordinance
- Nationally, international service comprises 20% of all air travel
- Locally, regional airports like LGB have international traffic levels of less than 5%
- Findings for LGB show that international flights would range from six flights (12%) at commencement to eight flights (16%) after a three to five year period

Project Rightsizing

Vital to the project:

- The need to have a facility that meets the operational need but does not create expansion potential
- Places limitations on operating hours to ensure an effective buffer between the last arriving international flight and the curfew

Project Rightsizing continued

- FIS facility will be rightsized 15,000 square feet (30% reduction from Study's initial concept)
- Square footage places constraint on the number of flights that can be handled and would be designed to accommodate a maximum of two flights at the same time
- Must be restricted to a single, 8-hour U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) shift and operating within permissible hours of the Noise Ordinance
- Any arriving flights after operating hours would be diverted to other nearby airports

FIS Benefits

- Choices: Local travelers would enjoy more travel choices from a convenient, much less congested airport
- **Stability:** Having a relatively small international component strengthens the airport's financial position by: 1) diversifying routes (domestic and international); and 2) adding protection during natural economic cycles
- Connection: Helps LGB and airlines build better connections throughout the network. This in turn benefits the traveler by providing more choices to connect to points beyond
- Economic Impact: Positive economic impacts accrue during construction and are ongoing once the FIS is operational

Recommendation

- Staff recommends moving forward
- The independent study has fully reviewed concerns related to noise, security, and the environment, and has provided for robust public input
- FAA has provided written confirmation that the Noise Ordinance will not be impacted
- Study verified only 12% to 16% of flight slot demand for international flights
- Staff listened to residents concerns and addressed questions; however the Study did not reveal any impacts to quality of life with the introduction of international service

In Addition

- The size of the facility limits the amount of international service capacity, and the size has been reduced by 30%
- The proposed facility size fits within LGB's previously outlined environmental impact report and will comply with any additionally required environmental work
- Staff will negotiate with CBP the shift hours for operation of a FIS such that international flights cannot arrive after hours, but will be routed to other nearby airports

Thank You

Questions and Answers

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