



DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

333 West Ocean Boulevard 6th Floor • Long Beach, CA 90802 • (562) 570-6465 • Fax (562) 570 -5836

August 18, 2015

HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL City of Long Beach California

RECOMMENDATION:

Receive and file the Separately Issued Financial Statements, the Federal Single Audit, and the Auditor's Communication with Those Charged with Governance for the Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2014. (Citywide)

DISCUSSION

Separately Issued Financial Reports and Statements

Certain City funds, joint powers authorities, and other subsidiary entities are also required to submit audited annual financial statements under separate cover. The Aquarium of the Pacific audited financial statements are enclosed and are issued annually to meet distinct legal and financial requirements.

Federal Single Audit

Also attached is the Federal Single Audit required by the Federal Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for municipalities receiving over \$500,000 annually in federal funds. The Federal Single Audit, covering five major programs, as well as all American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) grant funds, resulted in one finding in the Surface Transportation program, one material weakness and zero dollars in questioned costs. A finding represents any lack of compliance with OMB grant operating and/or reporting requirements. The findings are reported whether they are significant or not. A finding may also identify an amount of questioned costs that could, but are not likely to, result in the repayment of amounts to the granting agencies. In general, this is an improvement over the audit of the previous fiscal year that resulted in two findings and \$891,723 in questioned costs.

The City has taken steps to address these findings. The Surface Transportation program finding was annotated in the FY 2013 single audit and, due to the timing related to when an audit report is issued, the finding could not be resolved in time to prevent it from occurring in a subsequent year.

HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL August 18, 2015 Page 2

The Auditor's Communications with Those Charged with Governance

The City's external auditor (KPMG) is required to prepare and submit the Auditor's Communication with Those Charged with Governance in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards 114 (SAS 114). "Those charged with governance" refers to the person or persons responsible for the strategic direction of the entity and the obligations relative to the accountability of such entity, including oversight of the financial reporting process. KPMG is required to communicate with those charged with governance those matters related to the financial statement audit that are, in KPMG's professional judgment, significant and relevant to the responsibilities of those charged with governance in overseeing the financial reporting process.

Management Letter

KPMG has also provided a separately issued Management Letter that provides comments, findings and recommendations related to internal controls, as well as other operational matters. No findings or material weaknesses were identified. City management has reviewed KPMG's recommendations and Management's response to each recommendation is included in the letter.

APPROVED:

ATRICK H. WEST

CITY MANAGER

TIMING CONSIDERATIONS

Action on this item is not time critical.

FISCAL IMPACT

There is no fiscal or local job impact associated with this action.

SUGGESTED ACTION:

Approve recommendation.

Respectfully submitted.

STEPHEN W. HANNAH CITY CONTROLLER

JOHN GROSS DIRECTOR OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

JG:SWH
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ATTACHMENTS:

AQUARIUM OF THE PACIFIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THE FEDERAL SINGLE AUDIT

THE AUDITOR'S COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (CAFR) MANAGEMENT LETTER



Financial Statements

December 31, 2014 and 2013

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



KPMG LLP Suite 700 20 Pacifica Irvine, CA 92618-3391

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors Aquarium of the Pacific:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Aquarium of the Pacific, which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Aquarium of the Pacific as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

Irvine, California April 29, 2015

AQUARIUM OF THE PACIFIC

Statements of Financial Position

December 31, 2014 and 2013

	Total	9,296,168	531,422	2,451,124	410,764	417,220	22,020,304	35,127,002		2,373,470	1,510,607	608,600	4,492,677	20.025.108	10,212,585	396,632	30,634,325		35,127,002
[3	Permanently restricted	396,632		1	1	ļ		396,632	:	1	I			ļ	1	396,632	396,632		396,632
2013	Temporarily restricted	6,605,111	1	2,350,526	·	I	1,256,948	10,212,585		J	İ			l	10,212,585		10,212,585		10,212,585
	Unrestricted	2,294,425	531,422	100,598	410,764	417,220	20,763,356	24,517,785		2,373,470	1,510,607	009,809	4,492,677	20.025.108			20,025,108		24,517,785
	Total	11,092,758	832,470	2,939,486	369,173	515,032	23,925,100	39,674,019		2,908,059	1,940,100	638,355	5,486,514	20.324.401	13,464,772	398,332	34,187,505		39,674,019
[4	Permanently restricted	398,332	-	I	1	1		398,332		l	I			1	1	398,332	398,332		398.332
2014	Temporarily restricted	7,523,511	1	2,880,830	*****	l	3,060,431	13,464,772		1100	Į	1		l	13,464,772	1	13,464,772		13,464,772
	Unrestricted	\$ 3,170,915	832,470	58,656	369,173	515,032	20,864,669	\$ 25,810,915		\$ 2,908,059	1,940,100	638,355	5,486,514	20.324.401			20,324,401		\$ 25,810,915
	Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$207.203 and \$319.326 in 2014 and 2013, respectively (note 3)	Contributions receivable, net (note 4)	Prepaid expenses and other	Gift store inventory	Property and equipment, net (note 5)	Total assets	Liabilities and Net Assets	Accounts payable	Accrued liabilities	Deferred revenue	Total liabilities	Net assets: Imperticled	Temporarily restricted (note 7)	Permanently restricted (notes 8 and 9)	Total net assets	Commitments and contingencies (note 6)	Total liabilities and net assets

AQUARIUM OF THE PACIFIC

Statements of Activities

Years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

Admissions Interporating Interporating	porarity Permanently restricted			lemporarily	Permanently	
17,745,896	1	Lotal	Unrestricted	restricted	restricted	Total
## 4.11.438 ## 4.10.50,831 ## 4.10.3.98 ## 4.10.3.98 ## 4.10.3.98 ## 4.10.3.98 ## 4.10.3.98 ## 4.10.3.98 ## 4.10.3.98 ## 4.10.3.304 ## 4.10.3.00 ##		17 745 896	17 177 783	1	l	17 122 783
1,050,831 4,103,558 1,665,619 763,240 632,630 478,238 639,304 211,074 211,074 2,416,948 33,919,176 7,592,779 3,112,307 4,839,339 3,084,359 2,489,202 4,839,339 3,084,359 2,489,202 4,199,760 931,530 2,242,267 6ore other changes 2,491,603 erves (note 3) (2,186,903) erves (note 3) (2,186,903)		4.211.438	3.821.204	-	ļ	3.821.204
4,103,958 1,665,619 7,63.240 632,40 632,40 632,40 632,40 632,40 632,40 632,40 639,304 2,416,948 2,416,948 3,112,307 4,839,399 3,084,359 2,489,202 4,199,760 931,530 2,242,267 6ore other changes 28,491,603 erves (note 3) 6,237,573 erves (note 3) 6,241,377)	1	1,050,831	1,097,576	i		1.097.576
1,665,619 763,240 632,240 632,230 478,238 639,304 211,074 211,074 211,074 211,074 211,074 211,074 21,074 21,074 21,074 21,074 21,074 21,074 21,074 21,074 21,074 21,074 21,074 21,074 21,077 22,42,267 22,42,267 23,08,433 23,491,603 22,42,267 23,543,603 23,543,603 24,91,603 25,427,573 25,427,573 27,082,003	-	4,103,958	3,792,937	i	1	3,792,937
763.240 632.650 478.238 639.304 211,074 211,074 22416,948 33.919,176 7592.779 3,112,307 4,839,399 3,884,339 2,489,202 4,199,760 931,530 6ore other changes 28,491,603 6ore other changes 5,427,573 erves (note 3) (2,186,903)	,660,784 1,700	7,328,103	1,843,212	5,672,165	5,723	7,521,100
632,630 478,238 639,304 211,074 211,074 2,416,948 33,919,176 7,592,779 3,112,307 4,839,399 3,084,339 2,489,202 4,199,760 931,530 6ore other changes 28,491,603 6re other changes 5,427,573 erves (note 3) (2,186,903)		763,240	692,710	J		692,710
478,238 639,304 211,074 211,074 22,16,948 23,919,176 7,592,779 3,112,307 4,839,399 3,084,359 2,489,202 4,199,760 931,530 6ree other changes 28,491,603 erves (note 3) (2,186,903) erves (note 3)		632,630	624,010	l		624,010
639,304 211,074 211,074 211,074 211,074 211,074 2,416,948 33,919,176 7,592,779 3,112,307 4,839,399 3,084,359 2,489,202 4,199,760 931,530 2,242,267 6ore other changes 28,491,603 erves (note 3) (2,186,903) erves (note 3)	}	478,238	468,953	l	1	468,953
211,074 pperations 2.416,948 33.919,176 7.592,779 3,112,307 4,839,339 3,084,359 2,489,202 4,199,760 931,530 2,242,267 Gore other changes 28,491,603 erves (note 3) (2,186,903) erves (note 3) (2,186,903)		639,304	955,809	I	1	955,809
2,416,948 33,919,176 7,592,779 3,112,307 4,839,399 3,184,339 2,489,202 4,199,760 931,530 2,242,267 Gore other changes 28,491,603 cross (note 3) (2,186,903) cross (note 3)	8,351 —	219,425	254,840	8,337	l	263,177
33,919,176 7,592,779 3,112,307 4,839,399 3,084,359 2,489,202 4,199,760 931,530 2,242,267 fore other changes 28,491,603 5,427,573 erves (note 3) (2,186,903) crves (note 3) (2,941,377)	.416,948)		5,587,537	(5,587,537)		
7.592.779 3,112,307 4,839,399 3,084,359 2,489,202 4,199,760 931,530 2,242,267 fore other changes 28,491,603 5,427,573 erves (note 3) (2,186,903)	252,187	37,173,063	35,914,318	92,965	5,723	36,013,006
3.112,377 3.112,377 4,839,399 3.084,359 2,489,202 4,199,760 911,530 2,242,267 2,4491,603 6,427,573 erves (note 3) (2,186,903) erves (note 3) (2,186,903)	:	077 003 7	170 104			7 170 104
4,839,399 3,084,359 2,489,302 2,489,202 4,199,760 931,530 2,242,267 fore other changes 5,427,573 erves (note 3) (2,186,903) (2,186,903)		3 112 307	3 272 623	"		3 272 623
3,084,359 2,489,202 4,199,760 931,530 2,242,267 fore other changes 5,427,573 erves (note 3) (2,186,903) (2,186,303)		4.839.399	4.138.041	-	1	4.138.041
2,489,202 4,199,760 931,530 2,242,267 fore other changes 28,491,603 5,427,573 crves (note 3) (2,186,903) (2,941,377)		3,084,359	2,866,554	1	I	2,866,554
4,199,760 931,530 2,242,267 fore other changes 28,491,603 67,427,573 67,53 67,60,63) 62,186,903) 62,186,377 62,1877)	1	2,489,202	2,336,958	1	1	2,336,958
931,530 2,242,267 fore other changes 28,491,603 5,427,573 cres (note 3) (2,186,903) (2,184,903)	1	4,199,760	4,315,535	!	was a second	4,315,535
fore other changes 28.491,603 fore other changes 5,427,573 fore other changes 5,427,573 crees (note 3) (2,186,903) crees (note 3) (2,941,377)		931,530	837,508		l	837,508
fore other changes 28,491,603 fore other changes 5,427,573 fore other changes 5,427,573 cares (note 3) (2,186,903) cares (note 3) (2,941,377)		2,242,267	2,738,118	1		2,738,118
fore other changes 5,427,573 5.3) (2,186,903) crves (note 3) (2,941,377)	,	28,491,603	27,675,531		}	27,675,531
2.3) erves (note 3)	,252,187 1,700	8,681,460	8,238,787	92,965	5,723	8,337,475
es (note 3)]	(2.186.903)	(3.528,000)	1	!	(3.528.000)
		1	(297,450)	}	1	(297,450)
		(2,941,377)	(2,912,990)	J		(2,912,990)
Change in net assets 3,252,187	,252,187 1,700	3,553,180	1,500,347	92,965	5,723	1,599,035
Net assets at beginning of year 20,025,108 10,212,585	.212,585 396,632	30,634,325	18,524,761	10,119,620	390,909	29,035,290
Net assets at end of year \$ 20,324,401 13,464,772	,464,772 398,332	34,187,505	20,025,108	10,212,585	396,632	30,634,325

AQUARIUM OF THE PACIFIC

Statement of Functional Expenses Year ended December 31, 2014

		Progra	Program services			Support services	services		
	Husbandry	y Education,			Development				
	and	.=	Guest	Gift	and	;	Human	Finance and	
	facilities	and outreach	services	store	membership	Marketing	resources	administration	Total
Salaries, taxes, and benefits	\$ 3,943,007	7 2,045,805	3,395,332	998,133	1,126,774	1,090,370	627,163	1,187,772	14,414,356
Cost of goods sold	1		1	1,809,206	l	AMBROOK,	1	I	1,809,206
Insurance	58,709	9 67,612	68,894	24,014	1,000	1,211	631	56,087	278,158
Permits, maintenance, and construction	447,765		51,186	8,489	4	*****	408	8,145	\$16,037
Occupancy	22,421	11 67,584	81,547	95,712	53,996	46,328	67,014	156,675	591,277
Utilities	1,532,320		. 1	4,457	l	t	ı	1	1,536,777
Husbandry/animals and collecting	382,867	- 2	I	ì		-	anness.	manana.	382,867
Services	250,523	3 681,206	365,054	10,319	624,028	277,547	150,784	183,498	2,542,959
Supplies and other expendables	844,984		511,813	62,334	161,275	30,549	41,338	133,374	1,955,757
Postage, shipping, and courier	19,620	0 6,249	10,146	5,661	140,414	75,328	2,104	4,878	264,400
Information technology and telecommunications	13,958	1,816	81,808	5,078	32,975	2,007	6,197	229,518	376,357
Printing and publishing	255	55 17,738	365		173,205	354,107	1,182	3,323	550,175
Advertising, promotions, and public relations	1	- 6,067	291	1	1,761	1,976,905	509	5,190	1,996,723
Travel, meals, and training	76,350	50 48,140	23,925	2,380	15,756	000'6	34,200	27,191	236,942
Other			249,038	58,576	151,974	333,408		246,616	1,039,612
Operating expenses before other changes	7,592,77	3,112,307	4,839,399	3,084,359	2,489,202	4,199,760	931,530	2,242,267	28,491,603
Commitments and contingencies (note 6) Net rent to the City of Long Beach (note 3)	796,898	18 638,641	677,738	42,872	I	5,207	12,150	13,397	2,186,903
Depreciation and amortization	1,425,856		557,545	8,779	7,525	18,813	7,525	621,465	2,941,377
Total operating expenses	\$ 9,815,533	4,044,817	6,074,682	3,136,010	2,496,727	4,223,780	951,205	2,877,129	33,619,883

AQUARIUM OF THE PACIFIC

Statement of Functional Expenses

Year ended December 31, 2013

		Program services	services			Support services	services		
	Husbandry	Education,			Development				
	and	interpretation,	Guest	Gift	and		Human	Finance and	
	facilities	and outreach	services	store	membership	Marketing	resources	administration	Total
Salaries, taxes, and benefits	\$ 3,722,732	1,848,593	2,936,420	936,513	1,141,079	1,087,937	596,021	1,250,367	13,519,662
Cost of goods sold	1	I	1	1,670,331	I	I	I	1	1,670,331
Insurance	68,709	82,215	81,789	27,749	1,075	1,303	629	70,418	333,937
Permits, maintenance, and construction	453,613	11,115	23,429	9,858	128	WALLAND.	15	10,027	508,185
Occupancy	13,407	57,618	56,323	89,080	48,879	45,019	61,598	154,193	526,117
Utilities	1,443,996		I	4,522	I	ı	Ì	ı	1,448,518
Husbandry/animals and collecting	431,580						1	-	431,580
Services	178,086	941,850	281,693	11,528	532,745	275,782	117,987	191,740	2,531,411
Supplies and other expendables	763,153	201,262	427,043	51,950	146,966	44,620	21,458	124,660	1,781,112
Postage, shipping, and courier	29,087	7,261	8,537	6,514	136,420	86,819	2,355	1,520	278,513
Information technology and telecommunications	12,424	2,730	58,929	1,678	27,924	900'9	1,907	188,439	300,037
Printing and publishing	419	35,239	473	I	100,064	339,580	51	39,165	514,991
Advertising, promotions, and public relations	154	22,897	75	1	6,883	2,161,904	150	7,351	2,199,414
Travel, meals, and training	52,834	61,843	17,210	2,035	30,114	9,409	35,287	18,026	226,758
Write-off of parking receivable		I	1	1	1	I	***************************************	333,608	333,608
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	*****	I	1	1	l	1	-	238,095	238,095
Other			246,120	54,796	164,681	257,156	-	110,509	833,262
Commitments Operating expenses before other changes	7,170,194	3,272,623	4,138,041	2,866,554	2,336,958	4,315,535	837,508	2,738,118	27,675,531
Other operating expenses – other changes: Net rent to the City of Long Beach (note 3)	1,285,588	1,030,281	1,093,353	69,162	*****	8,401	19,601	21,614	3,528,000
Amounts transferred to bond-related reserves (note 3)	108,390	86,864	92,182	5,831	I	708	1,653	1,822	297,450
Depreciation and amortization	1,472,146	256,728	547,427	9,333	7,999	19,998	7,999	591,360	2,912,990
Total operating expenses	\$ 10,036,318	4,646,496	5,871,003	2,950,880	2,344,957	4,344,642	866,761	3,352,914	34,413,971

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Change in net assets \$	3,553,180	1,599,035
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash	, ,	, ,
provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	2,941,377	2,912,990
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	_	238,095
Contributions restricted for long-term purposes	(3,356,204)	(5,120,486)
Decrease (increase) in assets:		
Accounts receivable, net	(301,048)	1,678,348
Contributions receivable	(488, 362)	1,371,862
Prepaid expenses	41,591	44,257
Gift store inventory	(97,812)	(47,239)
Other assets	-	25,407
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable	534,589	(535,532)
Accrued liabilities	429,493	161,557
Deferred revenue	29,755	110,099
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,286,559	2,438,393
Net cash used in investing activity – purchases of property and		
equipment	(4,846,173)	(5,208,170)
Commitments and contingencies (note 6)	, , , ,	, , , ,
restricted for long-term purposes	3,356,204	5,120,486
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,796,590	2,350,709
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	9,296,168	6,945,459
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	11,092,758	9,296,168

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014 and 2013

(1) Description of Business

Organization and Business Activity

The Aquarium of the Pacific (the Corporation) is a California not-for-profit benefit corporation, originally formed in October 1992 as the Genesis Long Beach Aquarium Corporation. Under its articles of incorporation, the Corporation was organized for the benefit of the general public to promote educational, scientific, and charitable purposes relative to the design, construction, and subsequent operation of a public aquarium and educational sea life exhibit facility in the City of Long Beach (the City). The Corporation's sole objective is to manage the operations of the Aquarium of the Pacific (the Aquarium).

The Aquarium is located at the waterfront of downtown Long Beach, California. The mission of the Aquarium is to instill a sense of wonder, respect, and stewardship for the Pacific Ocean, its inhabitants, and ecosystems.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements depict the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the Corporation and do not include any accounts maintained by the City that may be related to the operations of the Corporation (note 3).

The Corporation follows the requirements of Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 958, *Not-for-Profit Entities*. This standard requires the Corporation to report information regarding its financial position and change in net assets into the following classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets.

- Unrestricted net assets are not restricted by donors, or the donor-imposed restrictions have expired.
- Temporarily restricted net assets contain donor-imposed restrictions that require the Corporation
 to use or expend the assets as specified. When donor restrictions expire, that is, when the purpose
 restriction is fulfilled or the time restriction expires, the net assets are reclassified from temporarily
 restricted to unrestricted.
- Permanently restricted net assets include gifts subject to donor-imposed stipulations that the Corporation maintain them permanently. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the Corporation to use all or part of the income earned on these assets.

(b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014 and 2013

(c) Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Corporation considers all unrestricted highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

(d) Gift Store Inventory

Inventories are valued based on average costs and at the lower of cost or market value.

(e) Live Animal Inventory

The costs of purchasing or collecting live animals are expensed as incurred.

(f) Contributions Receivable

Contributions receivable, less an appropriate allowance for estimated uncollectible amounts, are recorded at their estimated net realizable value. Contributions that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded as contributions receivable at the present value of their estimated cash flows. The Corporation discounts contributions that are expected to be collected after one year using credit-adjusted rates in accordance with ASC Topic 820. Conditional promises to give are not included as support revenue until the conditions are substantially met.

(g) Property and Equipment

Buildings and equipment are recorded at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: buildings -27.5 years, and equipment, furniture, and fixtures -3 to 7 years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the period of the lease or the estimated useful life. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred.

(h) Revenue Recognition

The Corporation records earned revenues on an accrual basis. In addition, the Corporation records as revenue the following types of contributions when they are received unconditionally at their estimated fair value: cash, promises to give (pledges), and gifts of long-lived and other assets. Conditional contributions are recognized as revenue when the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met.

The Corporation records the sale of its consignment tickets as deferred revenue. Revenue is recognized in the period in which the tickets are redeemed for admission.

(i) Temporarily Restricted Contributions

The Corporation records contributions as temporarily restricted if they are received with donor restrictions that limit their use either through purpose or time restrictions. Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets are reported at fair value at the date the promise is received, rather than when the assets are received. The gifts are reported as temporarily or permanently restricted net assets if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When donor restrictions expire, that is, when a purpose restriction is fulfilled or a time restriction ends, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Contributions restricted for the acquisition of long-lived assets

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014 and 2013

are reported as temporarily restricted net assets until such time as the long-lived assets are placed in service by the Corporation.

(j) Donated Goods and Services

The Corporation records various types of in-kind support, including donated professional services and supplies. Contributed professional services are recognized if the services received (a) create or enhance long-lived assets or (b) require specialized skills and are provided by individuals possessing those skills that would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation or receipt of operating goods or services that would otherwise require additional cash expenditures. Contributions of tangible assets are recognized at fair value when received. The amounts reflected in the accompanying financial statements as donated goods and services are offset by like amounts included in expenses or property and equipment as appropriate. The Corporation recognized \$474,393 and \$457,717 of contributed services in the accompanying financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

A substantial number of unpaid volunteers have made significant contributions of their time that does not meet the two recognition criteria described above. Accordingly, the value of this donated time is not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

(k) Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the Aquarium's programs and the Corporation's administration have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of functional expenses. Accordingly, costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited. Additionally, the development and membership expenses included as supporting services in the accompanying statements of functional expenses include the Corporation's fund-raising expenses that amount to \$285,079 and \$328,661 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

(l) Income Taxes

The Corporation is a nonprofit organization as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) and is exempt from federal and state income taxes on related income pursuant to Section 501(a) of the Code and Section 23701d of the California Revenue and Taxation Code and is generally not subject to federal or state income taxes. However, the Corporation is subject to income taxes on any net income that is derived from a trade or business regularly carried on, and not in furtherance of the purpose for which it was granted exemption. No income tax provision has been recorded as the net income, if any, from any unrelated trade or business and, in the opinion of management, is not material to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Corporation has adopted the provisions of ASC Topic 740, *Income Taxes*, related to accounting for uncertainty in income taxes, which prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. The interpretation requires that the entity account for and disclose in the financial statements the impact of a tax position if that position will more likely than not be substantiated upon examination, including resolution of any related appeals or litigation processes, based on the technical merits of the position. The Corporation has evaluated the financial statement impact of tax positions

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014 and 2013

taken or expected to be taken and determined it has no uncertain tax positions that would require tax assets or liabilities to be recorded in accordance with accounting guidance.

The Corporation files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and State of California. With few exceptions, the Corporation is no longer subject to income tax examinations by U.S. federal income tax authorities for the years before 2009 and State of California tax authorities before 2008.

(m) Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of

The Corporation reviews property and equipment for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the property and equipment may not be recoverable. Recoverability is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of the asset to future net cash flows, undiscounted and without interest, expected to be generated by the asset. If such asset is considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds fair value of the asset. During the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, there were no events or changes in circumstances indicating that the carrying amount of property and equipment may not be recoverable.

(3) Business Activity

In October 1995, the Corporation sold \$117,545,000 in tax-exempt long-term bonds to the general public, guaranteed by specific funds (Tidelands and Hotel tax) of the City, to finance the construction of a 156,000-square-foot world-class aquarium. In October 1995, the Corporation also entered into a ground lease with the City. In May 1997, the City and the Corporation terminated a portion of the October 1995 ground lease between the Corporation and the City described as the "Parking Parcel." The City agreed to construct, operate, and maintain a public parking facility. The Corporation transferred the sum of \$1,500,000 to be applied toward the construction of such public parking facility. The City further agreed during the term of the lease to pay to the Corporation an annual amount of any net revenues not to exceed \$1,500,000. The Aquarium opened to the general public in June 1998.

In April 2001, the parking agreement between the City and Corporation was included in a new lease between the City and the Corporation extending the term of the agreement to fiscal year 2031 (2001 Parking Agreement). In May 2001, the City finalized an agreement whereby the Corporation's outstanding tax-exempt debt would be defeased from funds generated by the sale of \$129,520,000 of Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (Aquarium of the Pacific Project), Series 2001 (Series 2001 Refunding Bonds), issued by the Long Beach Bond Finance Authority (the Authority). In March 2012, the Long Beach Bond Finance Authority 2013 Refunding Revenue Bonds (Aquarium of the Pacific Project) (the Series 2012 Bonds) were issued by the Long Beach Bond Finance Authority (the Authority) to (a) refund all of the outstanding Long Beach Bond Finance Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds (Aquarium of the Pacific Project) Series 2001, (b) fund a reserve fund for the Series 2012 Bonds and (c) pay for costs of issuance of the Series 2012 Bonds. The purchase price of the Bonds was \$113,730,033 (representing the principal amount of the Bonds of the \$102,580,000, plus an original issue premium of \$11,595,462 and less an underwriters' discount of \$445,429).

Pursuant to the May 2001 agreement, a public/private partnership between the City and the Corporation was formed under a formal operating arrangement approved by the City Council of the City and the Corporation's board of directors, whereby the Aquarium's operations are carried out by the Corporation. Under the terms

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014 and 2013

of this agreement, the City assumed ownership of all physical plant assets at that time and also assumed responsibility for the Corporation's then-outstanding long-term indebtedness. Assets comprising investments held by trustee, capital assets, certain other assets, and net bonds payable were transferred to the City to be accounted for in the City's Tidelands Operating Fund, a nonexpendable trust fund of the City. The remaining net assets, including asset acquisitions subsequent to May 2001, remain with the Corporation. The Corporation operates as a separate 501(c)(3) not-for-profit organization with a separate independent board of directors.

On March 1, 2006, an "Implementation Agreement" was entered into between the Corporation and the Authority, which clarified costs of operations within the definitions, included in the 2001 Series Bond Indenture and certain operating policies and procedures between the entities and also incorporated the 2001 Parking Agreement. Included in the agreement is a stabilized rent payment to the City of \$3,528,000, net of revenue-sharing arrangements for operating funds available after operating expenses including operating capital, rent, and parking operations. Further, operating capital expenditure levels and parking garage revenue assumptions were predefined through 2031, and certain other review and control mechanisms were codified. Depending on the net revenues generated by the Corporation as defined in the 2001 Series Bond Indenture, amounts are due either to or from the City's bond-related reserves at the end of each year.

On January 24, 2014, an Amendment to Implementation Agreement was made and entered by and between the Corporation and the Authority. In the amendment, the City's obligation under the Implementation Agreement and any other document (including but not limited to, the Parking Agreement, the Indenture, and Lease Agreement) to pay to the Corporation any parking garage revenue was fully extinguished and canceled. The stabilized rent payment to the City in each fiscal year was reduced from \$3,528,000 to \$2,154,000. Further, operating capital expenditure levels, and certain other review and control mechanisms were restated.

Unrestricted funds relating to the Aquarium's operations are held by the City's designated trustee. Formal procedures are in place to deposit operating receipts and withdraw reimbursements for operating expenses, including operating capital, from these trustee-maintained accounts. Restricted funds generated by the Corporation's fund-raising activities, including grants and donations from private and public sources, remain the property of, and are held separately by, the Corporation.

(4) Contributions Receivable

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, contributions receivable are expected to be received as follows:

		2014	2013
Within one year Within two to five years	\$ 	1,003,902 2,364,069	1,120,877 1,828,949
		3,367,971	2,949,826
Less discount at 7.25% to reflect contributions receivable at present value	<u></u>	(428,485)	(498,702)
Contributions receivable, net	\$ _	2,939,486	2,451,124

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014 and 2013

(5) Property and Equipment

A summary of the Corporation's property and equipment at December 31, 2014 and 2013 is as follows:

	2014	2013
Building	\$ 16,841,779	16,841,779
Leasehold improvements	24,712	24,712
Furniture and fixtures	4,927,888	4,375,090
Equipment	17,399,826	14,811,739
Construction in progress	3,349,488	1,827,468
Total	42,543,693	37,880,788
Less accumulated depreciation	(18,618,593)	(15,860,484)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 23,925,100	22,020,304

(6) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Operating Leases

The Corporation leases various office space and equipment under noncancelable operating leases.

Future minimum lease payments under operating leases that have initial or remaining lease terms in excess of one year are as follows:

Year ending December 31:		
2015	\$	542,761
2016		479,376
2017		231,419
2018		168,522
2019		150,000
Thereafter		450,000
	\$ _	2,022,078

Office, warehouse, and equipment leases aggregating \$540,246 and \$537,079 were paid during the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

(b) Professional Liability Coverage

The Corporation is insured for professional and general liability claims on a claims-made basis up to \$20,000,000, with certain sublimits, through the Special Liability Insurance Program, a California public entity sponsored insurance pool. The deductible amount is \$1,000 per claim, except \$5,000 for auto liability, and is expensed as incurred. Management believes the deductibles to be immaterial and insurance adequate to cover losses incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014 and 2013

(c) Litigation

The Corporation is involved in litigation arising in the normal course of business. Management believes they are adequately insured for potential losses that may arise related to such litigation.

(7) Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 consist of the following:

	_	2014	2013
Marketing	\$	242	242
Scholarships		301,519	341,354
Equipment and construction		12,628,630	8,981,065
Education and conservation projects		534,381	889,924
	\$	13,464,772	10,212,585

(8) Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Permanently restricted net assets as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 consist of \$398,332 and \$396,632, respectively, related to endowment activities.

(9) Endowment

FASB ASC Subtopic 958-205, *Presentation of Financial Statements for Not-for-Profit Entities*, provides guidance on the net asset classification of donor-restricted endowment funds for a not-for-profit organization that is subject to an enacted version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) and provides improved disclosures about an organization's endowment funds.

The Corporation's endowment consists of five donor-restricted funds primarily established to support scholarships. As required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

(a) Interpretation of Relevant Law

The board of directors of the Corporation has interpreted UPMIFA as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Corporation classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the Corporation in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014 and 2013

UPMIFA, the Corporation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. The purposes of the Corporation and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- 6. Other resources of the Corporation
- 7. The investment policies of the Corporation.

(b) Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The Corporation has adopted investment and prudent spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the corpus of the endowed assets. This policy shall provide for safety of principal when taking into consideration the current and expected market conditions. The overall rate-of-return objective for the endowment is a risk-free rate of return, or less than 1%. This objective was determined given the recent volatility in the equity and debt markets. Once the board of directors or its finance committee determines that a higher rate of return is worth the risk, the investments will be held in money market accounts.

(c) Investment Strategy

Consistent with the investment and prudent spending policies stated above, the investment strategy is as follows:

- 1. Preservation of capital: to seek to minimize the probability of loss of principal over the investment horizon of the portfolio relative to the market
- 2. Long-term growth of capital: to seek long-term growth of principal
- 3. Preservation of purchasing power: to seek returns in excess of the rate of inflation over the long-term investment horizon of the portfolio relative to the market.

(d) Spending Policy

The Corporation has a policy of appropriating for distribution each year only 80% of the net returns generated over the previous 12 months from its investments and endowment. In establishing this policy, the board of directors considered the size of the investment and endowment balance so that it could grow through new gifts and investment return.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014 and 2013

Endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of December 31, 2014 is as follows:

	Un	restricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Donor-restricted endowments Board-designated endowments	\$		25,158	398,332	423,490
Total	\$		25,158	398,332	423,490

Changes in endowment net assets for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 are as follows:

	,	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Net assets, beginning of year	\$		24,876	396,632	421,508
Investment return: Investment income Net depreciation (realized and		_	431	_	431
unrealized)					
Total investment return	,		431		431
Contributions		_		1,700	1,700
Appropriation for endowment spending	,	-	(149)		(149)
Net assets, end of year	\$		25,158	398,332	423,490

Endowment net asset composition by type of fund as of December 31, 2013 is as follows:

	_	Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Donor-restricted endowments Board-designated endowments	\$		24,876	396,632	421,508
Total	\$_		24,876	396,632	421,508

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2014 and 2013

Changes in endowment net assets for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 are as follows:

		Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Net assets, beginning of year	\$		24,534	390,909	415,443
Investment return: Investment income Net depreciation (realized and			430		430
unrealized)	,				-
Total investment return			430		430
Contributions		_		5,723	5,723
Appropriation for endowment spending			(88)		(88)
Net assets, end of year	\$	-	24,876	396,632	421,508

(10) Retirement Plan

The Corporation offers a 457 plan covering substantially all employees. For the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, participants in the plan could make contributions up to Internal Revenue Service maximums. The Corporation contributes an additional amount equal to 25% of the first 4% of each participant's plan contribution, once the participant has reached 500 hours of service. Total contributions to the plan, including employer match, may not exceed \$17,500 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013. Participants are 100% vested in all plan contributions plus actual earnings thereon. The Corporation's contribution was \$67,577 and \$53,869 for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

(11) Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through April 29, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were issued.



Single Audit Reports

Year ended September 30, 2014

(With Independent Auditors' Reports Thereon)

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KPMG LLP Suite 700 20 Pacifica Irvine, CA 92618-3391

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Long Beach, California:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Long Beach, California (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2015. Another auditor audited the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on the City's basic financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors testing of internal controls over financial reporting or compliance with other matters that are reported on separately by that auditor.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item FS 2014-001 to be a material weakness.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's Response to Findings

The City's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item FS 2014-001. The City's response were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPMG LLP

Irvine, California March 27, 2015



KPMG LLP Suite 700 20 Pacifica Irvine, CA 92618-3391

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Long Beach, California:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Long Beach, California's (the City's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2014. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

The City's financial statements include the operations of the Long Beach Transportation Company, a discretely presented component unit, which received \$8,910,032 in federal awards, which is not included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the year ended September 30, 2014. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of the discretely presented component unit because Long Beach Transportation Company engaged other auditors to perform an audit in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the City's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our unmodified and modified audit opinions on compliance. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.



Basis for Qualified Opinion on Surface Transportation - Discretionary Grants for Capital Investment

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the City did not comply with requirements regarding CFDA 20.932, ARRA - Surface Transportation – Discretionary Grants for Capital Investment, as described in finding number SA 2014-001 for Reporting. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the City to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on Surface Transportation - Discretionary Grants for Capital Investment

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the City complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on CFDA 20.932, ARRA - Surface Transportation – Discretionary Grants for Capital Investment Program for the year ended September 30, 2014.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the City of Long Beach, California complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2014.

Other Matter

The City's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance, and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention



by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item SA 2014-001 to be a material weakness.

The City's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance, and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2015, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our report included a reference to another auditor who audited the City's discretely presented component unit. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Irvine, California June 26, 2015

CITY OF LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended September 30, 2014

Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	of Agriculture Food and Nutrition Service: ough the State of California Department of Health Services: Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children ough the State of California Department of Education: Food Service Program for Children ough the State of California Department of Health Services: Immissive Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Immissive Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Total State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Total State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	: t Administration		P1 P3 tt Grants Cluster (14.218)				
Federal grantor/pas	Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrition Service: Passed through the State of California Department of Health Services: Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children Passed through the State of California Department of Education: Summer Food Service Program for Children Passed through the State of California Department of Health Services: State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Total State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Total State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP)	Department of Commerce Economic Development Administration: Direct: Economic Adjustment Assistance Total Department of Commerce Economic Development Department of Housing and Urban Development:	Direct: Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants	Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants – NSP3 Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement Grants – NSP3 Total Community Development Block Grant/Entitlement	Emergency Solutions Grant Program Emergency Solutions Grant Program Emergency Solutions Grant Program Emergency Solutions Grant Program	Total Emergency Solutions Grant Program (14.231) Supportive Housing Program SHP11	Shelter Plus Care Shelter Plus Care Shelter Plus Care	1 of al Shelter Plus Care (14.258) Home Investment Partnerships Program Home Investment Partnerships Program

Total Home Investment Partnerships Program (14.239)

Department of Housing and Urban Development (continued):

Passed through the City of Los Angeles:

CITY OF LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year ended September 30, 2014

Federal disbursements/ cxpenditures \$\frac{\cong 177,340}{\text{717,340}}\$	354 332,197	4.216,798 1.570,201 346,890 99,711 115,954 134,302 69,889	6,553,745	71,720,900 754,325 \$ 93,023,049		48,597		29,073		869,477 40,495 13,398 58,767	19,013 200,278 39,654	258,945	\$ 6,900	\$ 1.247,982		386,486
Federal grantor/ pass-through entity identifying number 98256	B-09-SP-CA-0144 B-09-CN-CA-0045	CAXXXXXL9D06120X CA0000U9D061301 CA0646L9D061205 CA064CU9D061306 CA0647U9D061306 CA0647U9D061305 CA0932L9D061203	H-21652RG	CA068VO CALHB0514-12		R00AC35051		R02AC35053		N/A 2012 DN BX K003 N/A 2011-CS-WX-0004	2011- DJ-BX- 2746 2012- DJ-BX- 0802 2013- D J-BX-0987		CQ13 09 7240			HG-22609-12-60-A-6
Catalog of federal domestic assistance number 14.241	14.251 14.256	14.267 14.267 14.267 14.267 14.267 14.267	14.506	14.871 14.900		15.504		15.506		16.000 16.560 16.607 16.710	16.738 16.738 16.738		16.742			17.268
Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)	Direct: Economic Development Initiative-Special Project, Neighborhood Initiative and Miscellaneous Grants ARRA – Neighborhood Stabilization Program – NSP2	Continuum of Care Program – SHP12 Continuum of Care Program – CoC 2013 Continuum of Care Program	Total Continuum of Care Program (14.267) General Research and Technology Activity	Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers Lead-based Paint Hazard Control in Privately-Owned Housing Total Department of Housing and Urban Development	Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation:	Water Reclaim and Reuse Program – Reclaimed Water Expansion	Research and Development Cluster: Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation: Direct:	Water Desalination Research and Development Program Total Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation	Department of Justice:	Asset Forfeiture Asset Forfeiture National Institute of Justice Research, Evaluation, and Development Project Grants Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants — Child Sexual Predator Program	Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	Total Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program (16.738)	<u>Department of Justice (continued):</u> Passed through the State of California Office of Emergency Services: Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Grant Program	Total Department of Justice	Department of Labor:	H-1B Job Training Grants

CITY OF LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended September 30, 2014

Federal disbursements/ expenditures	3,707	431,665	62,676	156,126	136,163 354,965	13,925 1,929,008 141,711 2,084,644	75,539	4.211 (65) 348.436 106.632 459.214 2.619.397	323,972 1,540,970 1,864,942	10,117 1,632,751 220,708	348,983 54,614
Federal grantor/ pass-through entity identifying number	6109.3 710728		K491023	C-122203	EM-22035-11-60-A-6/11-W128	K386302 K491023 K594766	13-28-629342	C-122914 C-121276 C-122914 C-124397	K386302 K491023	K386302 \$ K491023 K594766	K491023 K594766
Catalog of federal domestic assistance number	17.268 17.268		17.277	77.2.71	77.277	17.258 17.258 17.258	17.258	17.258 17.258 17.258 17.258	17.259 17.259	17.278 17.278 17.278	17.278 17.278
Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Passed through the State of California Employment Development Department: Passed through El Camino College: H-1B Job Training Grants H-1B Job Training Grants	Total H-1B Job Training Grants (17.268)	Passed through the State of California Employment Development Department: Workforce Investment Act (WIA) National Emergency Grants Passed through the State of California Employment Development Department:	Passet unough me City of Los Angeles: Workforce Investment Act (WA) National Emergency Grants – Multi-Sector National Emergency Grant	Passed through the South bay workorce Investment board, inc.: Workforce Investment Act (WIA) National Emergency Grants Total Workforce Investment Act (WIA) National Emergency Grants (17.277)	Passed through the State of California Employment Development Department: Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Adult Program Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Adult Program Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Adult Program	Passed through the State of California Employment Development Department: Passed through the County of Orange: Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Adult Program – Vet Assistance Employment Program Adult Passed through the State of California Employment Development Department:	Fassed through the Cuty of LoS Angeles: Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Adult Program — Disability Employment Initiative Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Adult Program — Harbor Worksource Cut Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Adult Program — Harbor Worksource Cut Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Adult Program — Harbor Worksource Cut Total WIA Adult Program (17.258)	Passed through the State of California Employment Development Department: Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Youth Activities Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Youth Activities Total WIA Youth Activities (17.259)	Department of Labor (continued): Passed through the State of California Employment Development Department: Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Dislocated Worker Formula Grants Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Dislocated Worker Formula Grants Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Dislocated Worker Formula Grants	Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Dislocated Worker Formula Grants – Rapid Response Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Dislocated Worker Formula Grants – Rapid Response

CITY OF LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year ended September 30, 2014

Federal grantor/ pass-through entity disbursements/ identifying disbursements/ number expenditures	403.597 K594766 24,735	C-121290 Amnd-1 30,911 C-121290 Amnd-1 53,725	C-121276 (110) C-122914 272,100 C-124397 82,180	13-28-629342 85,361 2 816.075	\$ 8.087,044		AIP 3-06-0127-032-2009 \$ 151,820 AIP 3-06-0127-033-2009 AIP 3-06-0127-035-2010 AIP 3-06-0127-035-2011 AIP 3-06-0127-037-2011 AIP 3-06-0127-038-2011 AIP 3-06-0127-038-2012 AIP 3-06-0127-038-2013 AIP 3-06-0127-038-2013 AIP 3-06-0127-039-2012 AIP 3-06-0127-039-2013	10,245,770	ACNH 7101 (807) 43,415,105 BHLS-5108 (156) 20,000 BHLS-5108 (157) 20,000 BHLS-5108 (157) 20,000 BRLS-5108 (137) 7,747,966 CML-5108 (125) 1,000 PNRSIN-5108 (169) 112,623	RPSTPLE-5108 (153) \$ 3,242 STPL-5108 (140) 738,258 STPL-5108 (142) 170,255 STPL-5108 (144) 2,658 STPL-5108 (146) 3,704 STPL-5108 (146) 8,769
Catalog of federal domestic assistance number	17.278	17.278 17.278 0	17.278 17.278 17.278	17.278			20.106 AIP 20.106 AIP 20.106 AIP 20.106 AIP 20.106 AIP 20.106 AIP 20.106 AIP 20.106 AIP		20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205	20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205 20.205
Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Dislocated Worker Formula Grants – Lay Off Aversion	Passed through the State of California Employment Development Department: Passed through the City of Los Angeles: Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Dislocated Worker Formula Grants – Lay Off Aversion Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Dislocated Worker Formula Grants – Lay Off Aversion Dislocated Worker (Rapid Response)	Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Dislocated Worker Formula Grants – Harbor Worksource Ctr DW Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Dislocated Worker Formula Grants – Harbor Worksource Ctr DW Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Dislocated Worker Formula Grants – Harbor Worksource Ctr DW	Passed through the County of Orange: Workforce Investment Act (WIA) Title I Dislocated Worker Formula Grants – Vet Assistance Employment Program DW-3	i ofal W.P. Dislocated worker formula drafts (1/2/10) Total W.P. cluster (17.258, 17.259, and 17.278) Total Department of Labor	Department of Transportation:	Direct: Airport Improvement Program	Total Airport Improvement Program (20.106)	Passed through the State of California Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction	Department of Transportation (continued): Passed through the State of California Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction

(Continued)

CITY OF LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended September 30, 2014

Federal disbursements/ expenditures \$8.992 \$2.327,263	154,647 3,513 52,485,423	136,841 60,822	117.391 178.213 315.054	2,443	6,380,139 \$ 69,428,829	\$ 192	1.545 21 21 \$ 1.566	191,569	25,000	\$ 5.655
Federal grantor/ pass-through entity identifying number STPL-5108 (147)	SRTSNI-5108(149) 88A0082	PT14120 PT14120	SC14234	CAL OES# 037-43000	DTMA1G12001	CAR11-29 CAR13-68	CAR11-29	00T66601 00T95701	12-040-250	V-99T06101-0
Catalog of federal domestic assistance number	20.205 20.205	20.600 20.608	20.608	20.703	20.932	45.129 45.129	45.168	66.039 66.039	66.472	66.802
Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title Highway Planning and Construction	Highway Planning and Construction – Safe Routes to School Highway Planning and Construction – Caltrans-Preapprenticeship Total Highway Planning and Construction Programs (20.205)	Passed through the State of California Office of Traffic Safety: State and Community Highway Safety Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated	Passed through the State of California Office of Emergency Services: Passed through the Regents of the University of California School of Public Health, Berkeley: Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated — Sobriety checkpoint Total Highway Safety Cluster (20.600 and 20.608)	Passed through the State of California Office of Traffic Safety: Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training and Planning Grants	DIFFECT: ARRA — Surface Transportation-Discretionary Grants for Capital Investment Total Department of Transportation	National Endowment for the Humanities: Passed through California Council for the Humanities: Promotion of the Humanities Federal/State Partnership Promotion of the Humanities Federal/State Partnership	Total Promotion of the Humanities Federal/State Partnership (45.129) Promotion of the Humanities We the People Total National Endowment for the Humanities	Environmental Protection Agency: Direct: National Clean Diesel Emissions Reduction Program National Clean Diesel Emissions Reduction Program	I ofal National (Lean Liese) Emissions Reduction Program (60.039) Passed through the State of California Department of Health Services: Beach Monitoring and Notification Program Implementation Environmental Protection Agency (continued):	Direct: ARRA - Superfund State, Political Subdivision, and Indian Tribe Site-Specific Cooperative Agreements Total Environmental Protection Agency Department of Energy: Direct: ARRA - Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program (EECBG)

CITY OF LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year ended September 30, 2014

Federal disbursements/ expenditures	(1.646)		3,000	940,702	129,133	203,571	000,59	268,571	207,376	129,999	30,358 102,920 46,395 82,662	262,335	103,978	1,787 144,984 303,986 20,040	574,775	\$ 536,653 11,102 44,413 4,000 208,097 100,000 102,158
Federal grantor/ pass-through entity identifying number	DE-EE0000866		G-SP-1401-00409	PH-002224	MOU	11-10545	14-10023		13-20297	PH-002196	31035 04-025-14 05-027-10 05-028-5		13-W180	IA1101 IA0214 IA0314 IA0314		V#002713-00 V#002713-00 09-86022-A01 14-90021 09-86022-A01 14-90021 61-1318
Catalog of federal domestic assistance number	81.128		93.103	93.069	93.116	93.197	93.197		93.268	93.531	93.556 93.556 93.556 93.556		93.558	93.558 93.558 93.558 93.558		93.778 93.778 93.778 93.778 93.778 93.778
Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Total Department of Energy	Department of Health & Human Services:	Direct Food and Drug Administration - Research	rasset urougn the County of Los Augetes Public Health Emergency Preparedness		Chidhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Projects. Mate and Local Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention and Surveniance of Blood Lead Levels in Children	Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Projects_State and Local Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention and Surveillance of Blood Lead Levels in Children	Total Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Projects_State and Local Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention and Surveillance of Blood Lead Levels in Children (93.197)	Immunization Cooperative Agreements Decorate through the Country of Lee Angeles	A asset at long at the Community Transformation Grants and National Dissemination and Support for Community Transformation Grants financed solely by Prevention and Public Health Funds	Promoting Safe and Stable Families	Total Promoting Safe and Stable Families (93.556)	Passed through the State of California Department of Health Services: Passed through the County of Los Angeles Department of Public Social Services: Passed through the City of Hawthorne/South Bay Worldorce Investment Board: Temporary Assistance for Nedby Families – Calworks Transitional Subsidices Emp Pro	rassed utrough are city of inglewood youtu bay worknoter in resument boatu. Temporary Assistance for Needy Families – Los Angeles County Youth Jobs PRG I PY 13-14 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families – Los Angeles County Youth Jobs PRG II PY 13-14 Temporary Assistance for Needy Families – Los Angeles County Youth Jobs PRG II PY 14-15 CALWORKS Temporary Assistance for Needy Families – Los Angeles County Youth Jobs PRG II PY 14-15 FOSTER	Total TANF Cluster (93.558)	Department of Health & Human Services (continued): Passed through the State of California Department of Health Services: Medical Assistance Program - Childhood Health and Disability Medical Assistance Program - Medical Gateway Medical Assistance Program - MAA/ TCM Administration Medical Assistance Program - MAA/ TCM Administration Medical Assistance Program - Nursing MAA Claiming Medical Assistance Program - Nursing MAA Claiming Medical Assistance Program - Nursing TCM Claiming Medical Assistance Program - Nursing TCM Claiming

CITY OF LONG BEACH, CALIFORNIA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended September 30, 2014

Federal disbursements/ expenditures	1,006,423	73,691	155,827 (3,999) 395,358	620,877	277,593 856,273	(3,894) 493,370	489,476	115,436	1,738,778	(1) 126,532 82,201	220,889 79,106	299,995 508,727 \$ 6,390,696	14,000
Federal grantor/ pass-through entity identifying number		H-210813-14	PH002425 PH002425 PH002431		13-20134 13-20055	07-65057 13-20259		13-20055		201260-MCH 201360-MCH 201460-MCH	201360-BIH 201460-BIH		LRO ID 069500-379 (phase 31)
Catalog of federal domestic assistance number		93.914	93.914 93.914 93.914		93.940 93.940	93.940 93.940		93.940		93.994 93.994 93.994	93.994 93.994		97.024
Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Total Medical Assistance Program (93.778)	HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants – AIDS/HIV Benefits Specialty	Passed through the County of Los Angeles: HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants — AIDS EIP Outpatient Medical HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants — Medical Outpatient Services HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants — Medical Care Coordination	Total HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants (93.914)	Passed through the State of California Department of Health Services: HIV Prevention Activities-Health Department Based – AIDS Surveillance HIV Prevention Activities-Health Department Based – Care Coordination	HIV Prevention Activities-Health Department Based – Counseling and Testing HIV Prevention Activities-Health Department Based – Counseling and Testing		HIV Prevention Activities-Health Department Based – Outreach/Prevention for HIV Positive (Bridge)	Total HIV Prevention Activities-Health Department Based (93.940)	Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States – Black Infant Health Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States – Black Infant Health	Total Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States (93.994) Total Department of Health & Human Services	Department of Homeland Security: Direct: Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended September 30, 2014

Federal disbursements/ expenditures	\$ 58,000	1,750,039 160,242 175,544 64,274 39,722 19,417	15,639,038 1,186,334 1,004,465	(7.440)	274,667 (8,465) 5,096,284 25,394,121	30,657 199,176 229,833	(47,055) 3,044,344 2,671,197 585,871 6,254,357	6,484.190 31,950.311 \$ 218,144,324
Federal grantor/ pass-through entity identifying number	2013-0047	EMW-2012-PU-00131-S01 EMW-2013-PU-00522 EMW-2012-PU-00190 EMW-2012-PU-00208 EMW-2013-PU-00250 EMW-2013-PU-0096	2009-PU-T9-K020 2010-PU-T0-K004 EMW-2011-PU-K00001	2008-GB-T8-K014	2009-PU-T9-K020 2010-PU-T0-K004 EMW-2011-PU-00001	2010-0085 2011-SS-0077	2010-0085 2011-SS-077 2012-00123 2013-00110	
Catalog of federal domestic assistance number	97.042	97.056 97.056 97.056 97.056 97.056	97.056 97.056 97.056	97.056	97.056 97.056 97.056	97.067 97.067	97.067 97.067 97.067 97.067	
Federal grantor/pass-through agency/program title	Department of Homeland Security (continued): Passed through the State of California – California Office of Emergency Services: Passed through the County of Los Angeles: Emergency Management Performance Grant	Direct: Port Security Grant Program	Passed through the Marine Exchange of Los Angeles – Long Beach Harbor: Port Security Grant Program Port Security Grant Program Port Security Grant Program Port Security Grant Program Passed through Grant Program	Port Security Grant Program Passed through Marine Exchange of Southern California	Port Security Grant Program Port Security Grant Program Port Security Grant Program Total Port Security Grant Program (97.056)	Federal Passed through the State of California – California Office of Emergency Services: Passed through the County of Los Angeles: Homeland Security Grant Program – MMRS/SHSP Homeland Security Grant Program – MMRS/SHSP	Passed through the State of California – California Office of Emergency Services: Passed through the City of Los Angeles: Homeland Security Grant Program – UASI	Total Homeland Security Grant Program (97.067) Total Department of Homeland Security Total Federal Expenditures

See accompanying notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the Independent Auditors' Report on Federal Compliance for Each Major Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year ended September 30, 2014

(1) General

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of the City of Long Beach, California (the City). All federal financial assistance received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal financial assistance passed through to the City by other government agencies, has been included in the accompanying Schedule. The Schedule does not include federal expenditures of \$8,910,032 for the year ended September 30, 2014 of the Long Beach Transportation Company (LBTC), a discretely presented component unit of the City, as LBTC engaged other auditors to perform audits in accordance with OMB Circular A-133. The City's reporting entity is defined in note 1 to the City's basic financial statements.

(2) Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such basis of accounting is described in note 2 to the City's basic financial statements.

(3) Relationship to Federal Financial Reports

Amounts reported in the accompanying Schedule agree in all material respects with the amounts reported in the related federal financial reports.

(4) Community-Based Loan Programs

Total loans outstanding under the Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) – Entitlement Grants Cluster, Home Investment Partnerships Program, and the Neighborhood Stabilization Program were \$4,614,535, \$67,424,274, and \$11,193,185 at September 30, 2014, respectively. The amounts included in the accompanying Schedule consist of loans advanced to eligible participants of the programs and other administrative costs for the year ended September 30, 2014. Program income of \$817,140 generated from the rental rehabilitation grants were used for eligible purposes under other affordable housing activities. There were no continuing compliance requirements noted for this income, and therefore, these loans have been excluded from the Schedule.

(5) Food Instruments/Vouchers

Food instruments/vouchers expenditures represent the estimated value of the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children food instruments as communicated by the State Department of Health Services distributed during the year. The food instruments/vouchers totaled \$17,771,175 but do not represent cash expenditures in the City's basic financial statements for the year ended September 30, 2014.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year ended September 30, 2014

(6) Payments to Subrecipients

Included in the Schedule are the following amounts passed through to subrecipients:

Program title	CFDA numbers	 Amount provided to subrecipients
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	\$ 101,366
Continuum of Care Program	14.267	4,641,329
H-1B Job Training Grants	17.268	229,659
Workforce Investment Act Cluster Workforce Investment Act National	17.258, 17.259, and 17.278	655,304
Emergency National Clean Diesel Emissions Reduction	17.277	50,321
Program	66.039	1,066,569

Summary of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Auditors' Results

Basic Financial Statements

- (a) The type of report on the basic financial statements:
 - Governmental activities: Unmodified
 - Business-type activities: Unmodified
 - Each major fund: Unmodified
 - Aggregate remaining fund information: Unmodified
 - Discretely presented component unit (Long Beach Transportation Company*): Unmodified
 - * Another auditor audited the financial statements of the Long Beach Transportation Company as described in our report on the City of Long Beach's financial statements.
- (b) Internal control over financial reporting:
 - Material weakness(es) identified: Yes, see item FS 2014-001
 - Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: No
- (c) Noncompliance that is material to the basic financial statements: No

Federal Awards

- (d) Internal control over major programs:
 - Material weaknesses identified: Yes, see items SA 2014-001
 - Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: No
- (e) The type of report issued on compliance for major programs: We have issued an unmodified opinion on compliance related to each major program, with the exception of ARRA Surface Transportation Discretionary Grants for Capital Investment, CFDA number 20.932 for which we have issued a qualified opinion.
- (f) Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133: Yes. See item SA 2014-001
- (g) Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$3,000,000
- (h) Major programs:
 - Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers, CFDA number 14.871
 - ARRA Surface Transportation Discretionary Grants for Capital Investment, CFDA number 20.932
 - Home Investment Partnerships Program, CFDA number 14.239

Summary of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2014

- Continuum of Care Program, CFDA 14.267
- Port Security Grant Program, CFDA 97.056
- (i) Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee under Section 530 of OMB Circular A-133: No

Summary of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2014

(2) Findings Relating to the Basic Financial Statements Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

FS 2014-001 - Capital Asset Expenditures

Condition and Context

During our auditing procedures over capital grants and the related receivables, we noted that the Harbor Department of the City of Long Beach (the Department), recognized approximately \$74 million in nonoperating capital grant revenue during the year ended September 30, 2014, related to Gerald Desmond Bridge (Bridge) expenditures that were made during the year ended September 30, 2013. Expenditures made by the Department for the construction of the \$1.3 billion Bridge are being reimbursed, in part, by government contracts. The types of construction activities that are allowed to be reimbursed are included in the various contracts.

Criteria

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 33 (GASB 33), recipients of grants should recognize receivables and revenues, when all of the following applicable eligibility requirements are met:

- (a) The recipient has the characteristics specified by the provider;
- (b) The time period when use of the resources is required or first permitted has begun;
- (c) The recipient has incurred allowable costs; and
- (d) The recipient has complied with any specific actions that the provider has stipulated are mandatory in order for the recipient to qualify for resources.

Based on our testwork, the \$74 million in allowable costs identified were incurred and eligible for reimbursement and revenue recognition during 2013, as all of the above eligibility requirements were satisfied by the Department when the allowable costs were incurred for the reimbursable construction activities in 2013.

Cause and Effect

Based on our discussions with management, the Department has recently began Bridge construction and is receiving reimbursement under the various government contracts and did not yet have policies and procedures in place that would ensure that revenue was reported in the proper period. After a turnover in key accounting personnel, during 2013, the Department identified that grant revenues for eligible incurred expenditures had not been recognized timely. Such amounts were reported in 2014 as nonoperating capital grant revenue. As a result, nonoperating capital grant revenue was misstated in amounts totaling approximately \$74 million.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Department perform a detailed analysis at the inception of each grant funded project to determine the appropriate accounting treatment for all expenditures incurred and revenue earned. A guide

Summary of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2014

could be developed to assist in identifying the proper treatment on a contract by contract basis. In addition, procedures could be put in place to perform a cut-off analysis before closing the accounting records at the end of the reporting periods. These steps, and others, could provide for more consistency and accuracy in the reporting of grant revenue.

Views of Responsible Officials

We agree with the comment and recommendation. The turnover in accounting personnel, coupled with a large increase in the volume of expenditures and reimbursements related to Bridge construction activities, caused the Department to fall behind in recognizing revenue. We are currently in the process of putting policies and procedures in place over accounting for all of the various funding sources for the Bridge and our other ongoing projects to ensure that all allowable expenditures are both billed timely and recognized as revenue in the proper period.

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Summary of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2014

(3) Findings and Questioned Costs Relating to Federal Awards

SA 2014-001 Reporting

Program Information

Federal Program

ARRA - Surface Transportation - Discretionary Grants for Capital Investment, CFDA # 20.932

Federal Grant Award Number and Grant Period

DTMA1G12001; 2011 to 2014

Federal Agency

Department of Transportation

Pass-Through Agency

N/A

Specific Requirements

GRANT AGREEMENT UNDER THE FULL-YEAR CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS, 2011, (DIVISION B OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND FULL-YEAR CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2011 (PUB. L.112-10, APR. 15, 2011)), FOR THE NATIONAL INFRASTRUCTURE INVESTMENTS DISCRETIONARY GRANT PROGRAM (FY 2011 TIGER DISCRETIONARY GRANTS) PORT OF LONG BEACH GREEN PORT GATEWAY: TRACK REALIGNMENT AT OCEAN BOULEVARD, PIER F SUPPORT YARD, AND PIER G METRO.

Section 3.2 Federal Financial, Project Progress and Monitoring Reports

Consistent with the purposes of the TIGER Discretionary Grant Program, to ensure accountability and transparency in Government spending, the Grantee shall submit quarterly progress reports and the Federal Financial Report (SF-425) to the contacts designated by the Government in Section 3.5, as set forth in Exhibit H, Quarterly Progress Reports: Format and Content, to the Government on a quarterly basis, beginning on the 20th of the first month of the calendar year quarter following the execution of the Agreement, and on the 20th of the first month of each calendar year quarter thereafter until completion of the Project. The initial report shall include a detailed description, and, where appropriate, drawings, of the items funded.

Section 3.3 Annual Budget Review and Program Plan

The Grantee shall submit an Annual Budget Review and Program Plan to the Government via e-mail 60 days prior to the end of each Agreement year. The Annual Budget Review and Program Plan shall provide a detailed schedule of activities, estimate of specific performance objectives, include forecasted expenditures, and schedule of milestones for the upcoming Agreement year. If there are no proposed deviations from the approved Estimated Project Budget, the Annual Budget Review shall contain a statement stating such. The Grantee will meet with the Government to discuss the Annual Budget Review and Program Plan. If there is an actual or projected project cost increase, the annual submittal should include a written plan for providing

Summary of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2014

additional sources of funding to cover the project budget shortfall or supporting documentation of committed funds to cover the cost increase.

Condition and Context

During our internal control testing over the review of the reports, we were unable to obtain evidence that a review was performed over the quarterly financial reports or the quarterly progress reports for the quarters ended December 31, 2013, June 30, 2014 and September 30, 2014. In our testing of the reporting requirements, the quarterly financial reports for the quarters ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014 reported that the federal charges related to the program were significantly less than the actual federal charges, which were subsequently corrected and resubmitted on September 19, 2014. Based on our review, we noted that the total federal charges for the quarters ended December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014 were \$5,524,561 and \$6,687,891, respectively, while the amounts reported in the originally submitted report were \$0 and \$1,147,157, respectively. As a result of these errors, the amounts reported as the Port's share of the projects were understated when the reports were submitted for those two quarters.

Questioned Costs

None noted

Cause and Effect

There do not appear to be adequate controls in place to ensure that the reports required for the program are reviewed and are submitted accurately which resulted in inaccurate information being reported for the quarters noted above.

Recommendation

We recommend that management formally document the reviews performed over the required reporting. We also recommend that management enhance current policies to ensure that the data used to compile the required reports is accurate.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action

The Port of Long Beach (Port) has not and will not intentionally file quarterly reports inaccurately to the United States Department of Maritime Administration (MARAD) for the Pier F and Ocean Boulevard Track Realignment Project.

The Port has documentation that the four quarterly project progress reports were circulated within the project team for review, comment and approval. As the auditor noted there is no evidence of an approval prior to submission for three out of four quarterly project progress reports. The director who was responsible for the approval has since left the Port and current staff does not have any records he may have had of his approval.

The audit finding notes that the original Quarterly Financial Status Reports ending December 31, 2013 and March 31, 2014 were not filed correctly. Due to reporting clarifications, the estimates on the original reports in question were discussed with MARAD officials prior to submittal. The Port and MARAD revised the reported estimated federal costs to actual federal costs as was agreed upon during fiscal year 2014.

Summary of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2014

As the auditor noted, the reports were corrected and resubmitted on September 19, 2014. In addition, the Quarterly Financial Status Reports for the final two quarters of fiscal year 2014 were filed with actual costs and the finding was cleared by the end of fiscal year 2014.

The Port is currently in the process of developing a grant manual. This manual will help ensure internal controls and the maintaining of proper documentation of any review and approval. Once completed the manual will be distributed to all grant program managers.



KPMG LLP Suite 1500 550 South Hope Street Los Angeles, CA 90071-2629

March 27, 2015

City Council
City of Long Beach
333 West Ocean Blvd.
Long Beach, California 90081

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Long Beach, California (the City), for the year ended September 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2015. In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, we considered internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weaknesses.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



City Council City of Long Beach March 27, 2015 Page 2 of 8

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. As reported in the independent auditors' report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* issued separately, we consider deficiencies over the reporting of capital asset expenditures at the Harbor Department of the City to be a material weakness.

Although not considered to be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses, we also noted the following items during our audit, which are presented for your consideration. These comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with the appropriate members of management, are intended to improve internal control or result in other operating efficiencies and are summarized as follows:

Non-GAAP Policies

Observation

During our audit, we reviewed the City's internal control process in place to identify new non-GAAP policies and quantify the impact of new and existing non-GAAP policies to the financial statements. We noted that the City does not have a formal process in place to identify new non-GAAP policies. Furthermore, the City does not perform an analysis during the year to quantify the impact of the new and existing non-GAAP policies to the year-end financial statements. As a result of the procedures performed, we noted the City did not quantify the impact of the following non-GAAP policies:

- Recognition of revenue for several revenue sharing agreements in the year subsequent to the when the exchange transaction has taken place.
- Transfers of completed construction projects are not made timely to the appropriate depreciable asset category when the asset is substantially completed and in use.

Recommendation

We recommend that the City enhance its internal controls related to the documentation and calculation of the impact of non-GAAP policies to ensure that adopted policies do not result in a material misstatement of the financial statements.



City Council City of Long Beach March 27, 2015 Page 3 of 8

Managements Response

The City accepts KPMG's recommendation. The City continues to correct its non-GAAP policies. The City recognizes the necessity and, in conformance with the recommendations of KPMG, will continue to update our policies and procedures to ensure the recognition of revenue for revenue sharing agreements in the year when the exchange transaction has taken place. The City will continue its efforts to ensure that depreciable assets are recorded when they are placed into service. Finally, The City will seek to perform an analysis during the year to quantify the impact of the new and existing non-GAAP policies to the year-end financial statements.

Automated Application Control – Payroll Transactions

Observation

During our testwork over access to update and modify payroll benefits, we noted that ten (10) users had inappropriate access.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

The inappropriate access to update and modify payroll benefits could result in unauthorized changes to employee payroll and benefits information, and increases the risk of fraudulent transactions.

Recommendation

Users should be provided the least amount of access necessary to fulfill their job responsibilities. As such, users with access to update and modify payroll information should be limited to those responsible for processing employee payroll and benefits.

Management's Response

The City's Technology and Innovation department (TI) will establish a process that requires the Help Desk to create a task, when an employee is terminated, that is assigned to the Supervisor of the HR/Payroll system. The task will require the Supervisor to confirm that the terminated employee does not have access to HR/Payroll. If the terminated employee does have access, their access will be removed. In addition, an annual review of all employee access will be performed by the business.

IT General Controls - CC&B Administrative Access 1

Observation

The City uses the Customer Care and Billing, or "CC&B," to supports it utilities and billing operation. During our testwork over administrative access, we noted that four (4) users have inappropriate access: one intern, and three users that no longer support the CC&B application on behalf of the City.



City Council City of Long Beach March 27, 2015 Page 4 of 8

Effect (or Potential Effect)

Administrative access allows a user to manage system configurations and the users with access to the system, including creating new users. Inappropriate administrative access to CC&B could result in the mismanagement of user access that could allow erroneous transactions to be processed without detection.

Recommendation

Users should be provided the least amount of access required for them to fulfill their job responsibilities. In addition, user access should be segregated where possible and coordinated to allow for the detection of errors or prevent erroneous transactions from being processed. Administrative access to applications and systems should be limited to those who are responsible for managing applications or not responsible for processing transactions within it.

Management's Response

TI will establish a process that requires the Help Desk to create a task, when an employee is terminated, that is assigned to the Supervisor of the CIS / MWM systems. The task will require the Supervisor to confirm that the terminated employee does not have access to CIS / MWM Systems. If the terminated employee does have access, their access will be removed. In addition, an annual review of all employee access will be performed by the business.

IT General Controls - SCLM Access

Observation

The City uses the Systems Control and Library Management, or "SCLM," system to migrate Billing and Collection (BC) and legacy Utilities and Billing changes into the production environment. We noted that the users with access to migrate changes within SCLM have access to both develop and migrate changes. This creates a segregation of duties conflict and prevent the ability to enforce controls over change management.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

The lack of segregation of duties between the users developing the code and the users migrating the code into productions undermines the ability to detect an error and prevent the migration of faulty or unauthorized code into the production environment.

Recommendation

A periodic review should be implemented to monitor SCLM program changes migrated into production to validate the application level changes were performed by appropriate personnel.



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Management's Response

All users that should not have update access to SCLM were removed from access. Only the Data Center staff can migrate changes from Test to Production in SCLM. If anyone else attempts a migration an e-mail is sent to the Data Center staff notifying them of the failed attempt. As part of the quarterly security review, we have added a review of all SCLM changes.

IT General Controls - DB2 System Access

Observation

During our testwork over direct write and administrative access to the DB2 Database Management System underlying Tesseract, we noted that four users were deemed to have inappropriate access. The access is not commensurate with their job responsibilities.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

Inappropriate access to make changes to the data or database objects underlying any application could result in transaction processing and reporting errors, and unreliable data.

Recommendation

Direct write access to the database should be restricted to those users who require the access to fulfill their job responsibilities. In addition, monitoring controls to log and review those users performing sensitive functions, such as "INSERT" or "ALTER," should be implemented.

Management's Response

TI will establish a process to review access of the HR/Payroll system's Data Base on a quarterly basis. A review of all users who have access to the DB2 Database will be conducted with TI's Operations staff and the Supervisor over HR/Payroll to ensure that all access is appropriate to the users' job responsibilities.

IT General Controls - MS SQL System Access

Observation

During KPMG's testwork over direct write and administrative access to the MS SQL Server Database Management System underlying RescueNet, we noted that two users, an intern and nondatabase administrator have direct write access to the MS SQL Server Database Management System. The access is not commensurate with their job responsibilities.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

Inappropriate access to make changes to the data or database objects underlying any application could result in transaction processing and reporting errors, and unreliable data.



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Recommendation

Direct write access to the database should be restricted to those users who require the access to fulfill their job responsibilities. In addition, monitoring controls to log and review those users performing sensitive functions, such as "INSERT" or "ALTER," should be implemented.

Management's Response

TI will establish a process to review access of the Zoll Ambulance Billing system's Data Base on a quarterly basis. A review of all users who have access to the database will be conducted by the DBA's and the Supervisor over the Zoll Ambulance Billing Application.

IT General Controls - Terminated User Access

Observation

During our testwork over the revocation of access for terminated employees, we noted that thirteen user IDs related to terminated employees were still active in the in-scope financial applications. Some user IDs were active more than nine months after their termination dates.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

The untimely removal of access could result in a lack of segregation of duties as a result of a terminated employee sharing his or her password with an active employee. In turn, the lack of segregation of duties could allow a user to complete a transaction without the appropriate review or authorization. As such, an erroneous transaction could processed and then go undetected.

Recommendation

A review of active users against the list of terminated employees should be performed by the business quarterly, if not monthly, for the in-scope financial applications to provide reasonable assurance that access for terminated employees is revoked in a timely manner. Application and system administrators should be held accountable for failing to revoke the access to City's applications particularly if they have failed to do so after they have received a notification of the termination from Human Resources of the termination.

Management's Response

Initially, TI Supervisors will review a list of Active Users against a list of terminated employees (from HR Payroll) to ensure that all terminated users cannot access the applications. In addition, TI will institute a long-term solution to ensure that terminated employees are removed from these systems in a timely fashion. When an employee separates from the City, a report is sent to the Helpdesk. The Helpdesk will create tasks for each system administrator to check their systems to make sure the terminated employee's access is removed.



City Council City of Long Beach March 27, 2015 Page 7 of 8

IT General Controls - Computer Operations

Observation

During our testwork over help desk operations, we noted that for one, or 1, out of 25 Remedy tickets was not closed in a timely manner. One ticket, marked, high priority, was not closed for 63 days.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

While the help desk person may have merely forgot to close the tickets, another ticket could go unresolved for an extended period of time, which could cause errors in the financial reporting process.

Recommendation

A help desk supervisor should be responsible for performing a semimonthly, if not weekly, review of open tickets to ensure they are being addressed and help desk Service Level Agreements are upheld. Help desk personnel should be held accountable for not addressing and closing tickets in a timely manner.

Management's Response

TI will implement a process that requires the Supervisor of each group to review open Remedy Tickets on a biweekly basis. If there is a need for a ticket to remain open for an extended amount of time, the reason will be documented in the ticket.

IT General Controls - Password Configurations 7

Observation

During the testwork over the password configurations, we noted that the password parameters to the mainframe environment and the database underlying the CC&B application were not configured according to the IT policies and procedures. The mainframe environment supports the following applications: FAMIS, ADPICS, legacy Utilities and Billing, and Billings and Collections; and the database maintains the integrity of the data underlying the CC&B application. Passwords, coupled with user IDs, are used to identify and authenticate users onto these environments. Password parameters are configured to force users to employ strong passwords and prevent users from guessing a user ID's password to gain unauthorized access.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

The lack of strong passwords increases the risk of unauthorized access and the processing of unauthorized transactions. Moreover, the lack of adherence to the TI policies and procedures undermines and weakens an organization's control environment.



City Council City of Long Beach March 27, 2015 Page 8 of 8

Recommendation

The password parameters to systems should be configured to adhere to the TI policies and procedures.

Management's Response

The Network Password Policy document refers specifically to "Network" and does not include the mainframe. However, TI will change the password length requirement for the mainframe to 8 characters. Because of system limitations, we cannot require strong passwords for the mainframe. The database IDs will also be changed to 8 characters and complex, to fall in line with AR8-29 (Network Password Policy). These changes will be gradual, the mainframe changes will be enforced as user passwords expire. AR8-29 will be updated to reflect the mainframe and database constraints.

* * * * * * *

Our audit procedures are designed primarily to enable us to form an opinion on the financial statements and, therefore, may not bring to light all weaknesses in policies or procedures that may exist. We aim, however, to use our knowledge of the City's organization gained during our work to make comments and suggestions that we hope will be useful to you. We would be pleased to discuss these comments and recommendations with you at any time.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council and others within the City, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,





KPMG LLP Suite 700 20 Pacifica Irvine, CA 92618-3391

July 1, 2015

The City Council City of Long Beach, California 333 West Ocean Boulevard Long Beach, California 90802

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited the governmental, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Long Beach, California (the City) as of September 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon under date of March 27, 2015. We did not audit the financial statements of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amount included for the discretely presented component unit, is based solely on the report of the other auditor. Under our professional standards, we are providing you with the accompanying information related to the conduct of our audit. We have also audited the federal expenditures of each major federal program of the City for the year ended September 30, 2014 and issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2015. We also audited the following entities and have issued separate reports for each entity as of the City's annual audit.

- Aquarium of the Pacific
- The Harbor Department
- The Water Department

Our Responsibility Under Professional Standards

We are responsible for forming and expressing opinions about whether the financial statements, which have been prepared by management with the oversight of City Council, are presented fairly, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We have a responsibility to perform our audit of the financial statements in accordance with professional standards. In carrying out this responsibility, we planned and performed the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether caused by error or fraud. Because of the nature of audit evidence and the characteristics of fraud, we are to obtain reasonable, not absolute, assurance that material misstatements are detected. We have no responsibility to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance that misstatements, whether caused by error or fraud, that are not material to the financial statements are detected. Our audit does not relieve management or City Council of their responsibilities.



City Council City of Long Beach July 1, 2015 Page 2 of 4

In addition, in planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

We also have a responsibility to communicate significant matters related to the financial statement audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to the responsibilities of City Council in overseeing the financial reporting process. We are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

Our responsibility for other information in documents containing the City's financial statements and our auditors' report thereon does not extend beyond the financial information identified in our auditors' report, and we have no obligation to perform any procedures to corroborate other information contained in these documents. We have, however, read the other information included in the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), and no matters came to our attention that cause us to believe that such information, or its manner of presentation, is materially inconsistent with the information, or manner of its presentation, appearing in the City's financial statements.

Accounting Practices and Alternative Treatments

Significant Accounting Policies

Significant accounting policies used by the City are described in Note 2 to the City's financial statements. As described in note 2, in fiscal 2014 the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67. Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25; GASB Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations; and GASB Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees. There is also a reference in note 2 that the City will be required to adopt the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

We have discussed with the City Auditor and management our judgments about the quality, not just the acceptability, of the City's accounting principles as applied in its financial reporting. The discussions generally included such matters as the consistency of the City's accounting policies and their application, and the understandability and completeness of the City's financial statements, which include related disclosures.



City Council City of Long Beach July 1, 2015 Page 3 of 4

Management Judgments and Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management of the City to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period.

Management's estimate of the allowance for uncollectible accounts is based on relevant historical data and the City's policy in which all accounts aged greater than a specified period are reserved. Management's estimates for workers' compensation, pension liabilities, other postemployment benefits, and general liabilities are based on historical data and other relevant factors to arrive at the actuarial determined estimated liabilities. Environmental remediation liabilities recorded by the Harbor Department are based on various vendor bids on the cost to perform the necessary site cleanup. Estimated oil field abandonment liabilities are based on the total number of wells mined by the City as well as the estimated cost per well based on historical estimates. Management's estimates of, derivative instrument values are based on various cash flow projections including the future value of natural gas and interest rates.

Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

In connection with our audit of the City's financial statements, we have discussed with management certain financial statement misstatements that have not been corrected in the City's books and records as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014. We have reported such misstatements to management on a Summary of Uncorrected Audit Misstatements by opinion union and have received written representations from management that management believes that the effects of the uncorrected financial statement misstatements are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. Attached is a copy of the summary that has been provided to, and discussed with, management.

Disagreements with Management

There were no disagreements with management on financial accounting and reporting matters that, if not satisfactorily resolved, would have caused a modification of our auditors' reports on the City's financial statements.

Management's Consultation with Other Accountants

To the best of our knowledge, management has no consulted with or obtained opinions, written or oral, from other independent accountants during the year ended September 30, 2014.



City Council City of Long Beach July 1, 2015 Page 4 of 4

Significant Issues Discussed, or Subject to Correspondence, with Management

Material Written Communications

Attached to this letter please find copies of the following material written communications between management and us:

- 1. Engagement letter;
- 2. Management representation letter; and
- 3. Management letter.

Significant Difficulties Encountered During the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing our audit.

Other Significant Findings or Issues

We also performed single audit of the City for the year ended September 30, 2014 and issued i) our report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards dated March 27, 2015 (GAS Report) and ii) our report on compliance for each major federal program, internal control over compliance and on the schedules of expenditures of federal awards required by OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations dated June 26, 2015 (A-133 Report) (collectively referred to as the Single Audit Reports). During the course of our audit, we identified a deficiency in internal control over the reporting of capital asset expenditures at the Harbor Department that we considered to be a material weakness which was included in our GAS Report. We also identified a deficiency in internal control over the reporting of federal expenditures for the Surface Transportation — Discretionary Grants for Capital Investment program that we considered to be a material weakness which was included in our A-133 Report. The finding noted for the reporting of federal expenditures also resulted in a qualification to the A-133 Report. Both of these findings are described in the schedule of findings and quested costs which accompanies the Single Audit Reports. The Single Audit Reports were provided to you under separate cover.

This letter to the City Council is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council, management and the City Auditor City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,





KPMG LLP Suite 700 20 Pacifica Irvine, CA 92618-3391

Telephone +1 949 885 5400 Fax +1 949 885 5410 Internet www.us.kpmg.com

July 24, 2014

City of Long Beach 333 West Ocean Boulevard, 8th Floor Long Beach, California 90802

Attention: Laura Doud, City Auditor

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This letter (the Engagement Letter) is incorporated by reference in the Agreement between City of Long Beach (the City) and KPMG LLP dated July 16, 2013 (the Agreement) and confirms our understanding of our engagement to provide professional services to the City of Long Beach, California (the City).

Objectives and Limitations of Services

Financial Statement Audit Services

You have requested that we audit the City's financial statements as set forth in Appendix I.

We have the responsibility to conduct and will conduct the audit of the financial statements in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards for financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, with the objective of expressing an opinion as to whether the presentation of the financial statements that have been prepared by management with the oversight of those charged with governance, conforms with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. In conducting the audit, we will perform tests of the accounting records and such other procedures, as we consider necessary in the circumstances, based on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion on the financial statements. We also will evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, and evaluate the overall financial statement presentation.

Our audit of the financial statements will be planned and performed to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether caused by error or fraud. Absolute assurance is not attainable because of the nature of audit evidence and the characteristics of fraud. Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, together with the inherent limitations of internal control, there is an unavoidable risk that some material misstatements, fraud (including fraud that may be an illegal act), and other illegal acts may exist and not be detected by an audit of financial statements even though the audit is



City of Long Beach July 24, 2014 Page 2 of 9

properly planned and performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*. Also, an audit is not designed to detect matters that are immaterial to the financial statements, and because the determination of abuse is subjective, *Government Auditing Standards* do not expect auditors to detect abuse.

We will also perform certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information as required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. However, we will not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information. Our report relating to the financial statements will include our consideration of required supplementary information.

Subject to the remainder of this paragraph, we will issue a written report upon completion of our audit of the City's financial statements addressed to City Council of the City. We cannot provide assurance that an unmodified opinion will be expressed. Circumstances may arise in which it is necessary for us to modify our opinion(s), add emphasis-of-matter or other-matter paragraphs or withdraw from the engagement. If, during the performance of our audit procedures, circumstances arise which make it necessary to modify our report or withdraw from the engagement, we will communicate to the City Council our reasons for modification or withdrawal.

While our report may be sent to the City electronically for your convenience, only the hard copy report is to be relied upon as our work product.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters

In making our risk assessments as part of planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we will consider the City's internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to determine the nature, timing, and extent of our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we will perform tests of City's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, our objective is not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we will prepare a written report, Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (GAGAS report), on our consideration of internal control over financial reporting and tests of compliance made as part of our audit of the financial statements. While the objective of our audit of the financial statements is not to report on the City's internal control and we are not obligated to search for material weaknesses or significant deficiencies as part of our audit of the financial statements, this report will include any material weaknesses and significant deficiencies to the extent they come to our attention. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material



City of Long Beach July 24, 2014 Page 3 of 9

misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. This report will also include instances of:

- Fraud and noncompliance with provisions of laws or regulations that have a material effect
 on the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives and any
 other instances that warrant the attention of those charged with governance;
- Noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements that has a material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts or other financial data significant to the audit objectives; or
- Abuse that is material, either quantitatively or qualitatively.

The report will describe its purpose and will state that it is not suitable for any other purpose.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we will also issue a management letter to communicate instances of noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements or abuse that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrant the attention of those charged with governance.

OMB Circular A-133 Audit Services

We will also perform audit procedures with respect to the City's major federal programs in accordance with the provisions of OMB Circular A-133 Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations (OMB Circular A-133). OMB Circular A-133 includes specific audit requirements, mainly in the areas of internal control and compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that exceed those required by Government Auditing Standards.

As part of our audit procedures performed in accordance with the provisions of OMB Circular A-133, we will perform tests to evaluate the effectiveness of the design and operation of internal controls that we consider relevant to preventing or detecting material noncompliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements applicable to each of the City's major programs. The tests of internal control performed in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 are less in scope than would be necessary to render an opinion on internal control.

In relation to compliance with the program requirements applicable to its federal programs, management acknowledges and understands its responsibility for:

- Identifying the City's government programs and understanding and complying with the compliance requirements.
- Establishing and maintaining effective controls that provide reasonable assurance that the City administers government programs in compliance with the compliance requirements.



City of Long Beach July 24, 2014 Page 4 of 9

- Evaluating and monitoring the City's compliance with the compliance requirements.
- Taking corrective action when instances of noncompliance are identified, including corrective action on audit findings of the compliance audit.

We will perform tests of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements we determine to be necessary based on the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement (Compliance Supplement)*. The procedures outlined in the *Compliance Supplement* are those suggested by each federal agency and do not cover all areas of regulations governing each program. Program reviews by federal agencies may identify additional instances of noncompliance.

As required by OMB Circular A-133, we will prepare a written report which provides our opinion on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards in relation to the City's financial statements. In addition, we will prepare a written report (A-133 report) which 1) provides our opinion on compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program and 2) communicates our consideration of internal control over major federal programs. The A-133 report will describe its purpose and will state that it is not suitable for any other purpose.

Offering Documents

Should the City wish to include or incorporate by reference these financial statements and our audit report(s) thereon into an offering of exempt securities, prior to our consenting to include or incorporate by reference our report(s) on such financial statements, we would consider our consent to the inclusion of our report and the terms thereof at that time. We will be required to perform procedures as required by the standards of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, including, but not limited to, reading other information incorporated by reference in the offering document and performing subsequent event procedures. Our reading of the other information included or incorporated by reference in the offering document will consider whether such information, or the manner of its presentation, is materially inconsistent with information, or the manner of its presentation, appearing in the financial statements. However, we will not perform procedures to corroborate such other information (including forward-looking statements). The specific terms of our future services with respect to future offering documents will be determined at the time the services are to be performed.

Should the City wish to include or incorporate by reference these financial statements and our audit report(s) thereon into an offering of exempt securities without obtaining our consent to include or incorporate by reference our report(s) on such financial statements, and we are not otherwise associated with the offering document, then the City agrees to include the following language in the offering document:

"KPMG LLP, our independent auditor, has not been engaged to perform and has not performed, since the date of its report included herein, any procedures on the financial statements addressed in that report. KPMG LLP also has not performed any procedures relating to this official statement."



City of Long Beach July 24, 2014 Page 5 of 9

Our Responsibility to Communicate with the City Council

We will report to the audit committee or those charged with governance, in writing, the following matters:

- Material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of audit procedures.
- Uncorrected misstatements accumulated by us during the audit and the effect that they, individually or in the aggregate, may have on our opinion in the auditor's report, and the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods.
- Significant difficulties and disagreements with management, if any, encountered during our audit.
- Other matters required to be communicated by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

We will also read minutes, if any, of relevant committee meetings for consistency with our understanding of the communications made to the City Council and determine that the City Council has received copies of all material written communications between ourselves and management. We will also determine that the City Council has been informed of i) the initial selection of, or the reasons for any change in, significant accounting policies or their application during the period under audit, ii) the methods used by management to account for significant unusual transactions, and iii) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

To the extent that they come to our attention, we will inform the appropriate level of management about any illegal acts, unless they are clearly inconsequential, material errors in the financial statements and any instances of fraud. Further, to the extent they come to our attention, we also will communicate directly to the City Council illegal acts that come to our attention, unless they are clearly inconsequential, material errors in the financial statements and any instances of fraud that involve senior management or that, in our judgment, cause a material misstatement of the financial statements.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we are also required in certain circumstances to report fraud, noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements, or abuse directly to parties outside the auditee.

Management Responsibilities

The management of the City acknowledges and understands that they have responsibility for the preparation and fair presentation, in accordance with U.S generally accepted accounting principles, of the financial statements and all representations contained therein. Management also is responsible for identifying and ensuring that the City complies with laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements applicable to its activities, and for informing us of any known



City of Long Beach July 24, 2014 Page 6 of 9

material violations of such laws and regulations and provisions of contracts and grant agreements. Management also is responsible for preventing and detecting fraud, including the design and implementation of programs and controls to prevent and detect fraud, for adopting sound accounting policies, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and to provide reasonable assurance against the possibility of misstatements that are material to the financial statements whether due to error or fraud. Management is also responsible for informing us, of which it has knowledge, of all material weaknesses and significant deficiencies in the design or operation of such controls. The audit of the financial statements does not relieve management or those charged with governance of their responsibilities.

Management of the City also acknowledges and understands that it is their responsibility to provide us with: i) access to all information of which management is aware that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements and the compliance requirements applicable to its federal programs such as records, documentation, and other matters; ii) additional information that we may request from management for purposes of the audits; and iii) unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom we determine it necessary to obtain audit evidence. As required by auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we will make specific inquiries of management about the representations embodied in the financial statements and the effectiveness of internal control, and obtain a representation letter from management about these matters. The responses to our inquiries, the written representations, and the results of audit tests, among other things, comprise the evidential matter we will rely upon in forming opinions on the financial statements.

In addition to the OMB Circular A-133 requirements to maintain internal control and comply with the compliance requirements applicable to federal programs as discussed above, OMB Circular A-133 also requires the City to prepare a:

- Schedule of expenditures of federal awards;
- Summary schedule of prior audit findings;
- Corrective action plan; and
- Data collection form (Part I).

While we may be separately engaged to assist you in the preparation of these items, preparation is the responsibility of the City.

Certain provisions of OMB Circular A-133 allow a granting agency to request that a specific program be selected as a major program provided that the federal granting agency is willing to pay the incremental audit cost arising from such selection. The City agrees to notify KPMG LLP (KPMG) of any such request by a granting agency and to work with KPMG to modify the terms of this letter as necessary to accommodate such a request.



City of Long Beach July 24, 2014 Page 7 of 9

To facilitate our audit planning, in accordance with Government Auditing Standards, management agrees to identify and provide copies of reports, if applicable, of previous audits, attestation engagements, or other studies that directly relate to the objectives of the audit, including whether related recommendations have been implemented, prior to September 30, 2014.

Management is responsible for adjusting the financial statements to correct material misstatements and for affirming to us in the representation letter that the effects of any uncorrected misstatements aggregated by us during the current engagement and pertaining to the latest period presented are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements being reported upon, taken as a whole. Because of the importance of management's representations to the effective performance of our services, the City will release KPMG and its personnel from any claims, liabilities, costs and expenses relating to our services under this letter attributable to any misrepresentations in the representation letter referred to above. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply regardless of the form of action, damage, claim, liability, cost, expense, or loss asserted, whether in contract, statute, tort (including but not limited to negligence) or otherwise.

Management is also responsible for providing us with written responses in accordance with Government Auditing Standards to the findings included in the GAGAS or A-133 report within 14 days of being provided with draft findings. If such information is not provided on a timely basis prior to release of the report(s), the report(s) will indicate the status of management's responses.

Government Auditing Standards require external and internal auditors to meet minimum Continuing Professional Education (CPE) hours. Therefore, management is responsible for monitoring and documenting the compliance with the Government Auditing Standards CPE hours of those internal auditors assigned to the audit in direct assistance roles.

Management is responsible for the distribution of the reports issued by KPMG.

Other Matters

This letter shall serve as the City's authorization for the use of e-mail and other electronic methods to transmit and receive information, including confidential information, between KPMG and the City and between KPMG and outside specialists or other entities engaged by either KPMG or the City. The City acknowledges that e-mail travels over the public Internet, which is not a secure means of communication and, thus, confidentiality of the transmitted information could be compromised through no fault of KPMG. KPMG will employ commercially reasonable efforts and take appropriate precautions to protect the privacy and confidentiality of transmitted information.

Further, for purposes of the services described in this letter only, the City hereby grants to KPMG a limited, revocable, non-exclusive, non-transferable, paid up and royalty-free license, without right of sublicense, to use all logos, trademarks and service marks of the City solely for presentations or reports to the City or for internal KPMG presentations and intranet sites.



City of Long Beach July 24, 2014 Page 8 of 9

KPMG is a limited liability partnership comprising both certified public accountants and certain principals who are not licensed as certified public accountants. Such principals may participate in the engagements to provide the services described in this letter.

KPMG uses the services of KPMG controlled entities, KPMG member firms and/or third party service providers within and outside the United States to provide professional services and administrative, analytical and clerical support. You agree that these parties may have access to certain of your information with the understanding that the confidential information will be maintained under information controls providing equivalent protection as our own. You also understand and agree that KPMG aggregates your information with information from other sources for the purpose of improving audit quality and service, and for use in presentations to clients and non-clients in a form where it is sufficiently de-identified so as not to be attributable to the City or where the City could be identified as a source of the information. The work papers for this engagement are the property of KPMG. Pursuant to Government Auditing Standards, we are required to make certain work papers available in a full and timely manner to Regulators upon request for their reviews of audit quality and for use by their auditors. In addition, we may be requested to make certain work papers available to Regulators pursuant to authority provided by law or regulation. Access to the requested will be provided under supervision of KPMG personnel. Furthermore, upon request, we may provide photocopies of selected work papers to Regulators. Such Regulators may intend, or decide, to distribute the photocopies or information contained therein to others, including other government agencies.

In the event KPMG is requested pursuant to subpoena or other legal process to produce its documents and/or testimony relating to this engagement for the City in judicial or administrative proceedings to which KPMG is not a party, the City shall reimburse KPMG at standard billing rates for its professional time and expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, incurred in responding to such requests.

Other Government Auditing Standards Matters

As required by Government Auditing Standards, we have attached a copy of KPMG's most recent peer review report.

Additional Reports and Fees for Services

Appendix I to this letter lists the additional reports we will issue as part of this engagement and our fees for professional services to be performed under this letter.

In addition, fees for any special audit-related projects, such as research and/or consultation on special business or financial issues, will be billed separately from the audit fees for professional services set forth in Appendix I and may be subject to written arrangements supplemental to those in this letter.

* * * * * *



City of Long Beach July 24, 2014 Page 9 of 9

Our engagement herein is for the provision of annual audit services for the financial statements and OMB Circular A-133 and for the periods described in Appendix I, and it is understood that such services are provided as a single annual engagement as noted in the Agreement between the City and KPMG LLP dated July 16, 2013.

We shall be pleased to discuss this letter with you at any time. For your convenience in confirming these arrangements, we enclose a copy of this letter. Please sign and return it to us to indicate your acknowledgement of, and agreement with, the arrangements for our audit of the financial statements including our respective responsibilities.

Very truly yours,

KPMG LLP

Christopher B. Ray

CBR:bp:glb:T1314

Enclosures

Partner

cc: Patrick West, City Manager, City of Long Beach Amy Webber, City Attorney, City of Long Beach John Gross, Director of Finance, City of Long Beach

ACCEPTED:

City of Long Beach, California

Authorized Signature
[Those Charged with Governance]

.

Title

8/6/14 Date 014 Authorized Signature

APPROVED AS TO FORM

AMY R. WEBBER DEPUTY CITY ATTORNEY

[Management]

Assistant City Manager

EXECUTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 301 OF THE CITY CHARTER.

City Mlanager

September 5, 2014

Date

Fees for Services

Based upon our discussions with and representations of management, our fees for services we will perform are estimated as follows:

Audit of financial statements and related notes to the financial statements of the City of Long Beach as of and for the years ended Septeber 30, 2014 (CAFR)*

\$449,150

Other Reports:

The other reports that we will issue as part of and upon completion of this engagement are as follows which includes a breakdown the fee to issue each report:

Report	Fee
Report issued in connection with OMB Circular A-133 audit **	\$144,450
Schedule of Passenger Facility Charges, Revenues and	, ,
Expenses of the City of Long Beach Airport	\$19,850
Aquarium of the Pacific Corporation financial statements	\$54,300
Harbor Department financial statements	\$127,370
Water Department financial statements	\$57,400

^{*}The estimated fees for the audit of the City's financial statements assumes the City Auditor or another firm will continue to perform the cash and investment testwork they performed in fiscal 2013.

The above estimates are based on the level of experience of the individuals who will perform the services. In addition, expenses are billed for reimbursement as incurred. Circumstances encountered during the performance of these services that warrant additional time or expense could cause us to be unable to deliver them within the above estimates. We will endeavor to notify you of any such circumstances as they are assessed.

Where KPMG is reimbursed for expenses, it is KPMG's policy to bill clients the amount incurred at the time the good or service is purchased. If KPMG subsequently receives a volume rebate or other incentive payment from a vendor relating to such expenses, KPMG does not credit such payment to the client. Instead, KPMG applies such payments to reduce its overhead costs, which costs are taken into account in determining KPMG's standard billing rates and certain transaction charges which may be charged to clients.

^{**}The fee estimate for the single audit is based on the assumption that 6 major programs will be required to be audited for fiscal 2014. An additional fee of \$26,025 will be billed for each additional program required to be audited.



System Review Report

To the Partners of KPMG LLP and the National Peer Review Committee of the AICPA Peer Review Board

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We have reviewed the system of quality control for the accounting and auditing practice of KPMG LLP (the Firm), applicable to non-SEC issuers, in effect for the year ended March 31, 2011. Our peer review was conducted in accordance with the Standards for Performing and Reporting on Peer Reviews established by the Peer Review Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The Firm is responsible for designing a system of quality control and complying with it to provide the Firm with reasonable assurance of performing and reporting in conformity with applicable professional standards in all material respects. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the design of the system of quality control and the Firm's compliance therewith based on our review. The nature, objectives, scope, limitations of, and the procedures performed in a System Review are described in the standards at www.aicpa.org/prsummary.

As required by the standards, engagements selected for review included engagements performed under *Government Auditing Standards*, audits of employee benefit plans, an audit performed under FDICIA, and an audit of a carrying broker-dealer.

In our opinion, the system of quality control for the accounting and auditing practice of KPMG LLP, applicable to non-SEC issuers, in effect for the year ended March 31, 2011, has been suitably designed and complied with to provide the Firm with reasonable assurance of performing and reporting in conformity with applicable professional standards in all material respects. Firms can receive a rating of pass, pass with deficiency(ies) or fail. KPMG LLP has received a peer review rating of pass.

December 2, 2011



CITY OF LONG BEACH

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

333 West Ocean Boulevard 6th Floor • Long Beach, CA 90802 • (562) 570-6465 • Fax (562) 570 -5836

March 27, 2015

KPMG, LLP 20 Pacifica, Suite 700 Irvine, CA 92618

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are providing this letter in connection with your audit of the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the related notes to the financial statements, of the City of Long Beach, California (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2014, for the purpose of expressing opinions as to whether these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial positions, changes in financial positions, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in the light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as of March 27, 2015, the following representations made to you during the audit:

- 1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter dated July 24, 2014, for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.
- 2. We have made available to you:
 - a. All records, documentation, and information that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements.
 - b. Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.
 - c. Unrestricted access and the full cooperation of personnel within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
 - d. All minutes of the meetings of City Council, or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared.

- 3. Except as disclosed to you in writing, there have been no:
 - a. Circumstances that have resulted in communications from the City's legal counsel to the City reporting evidence of a material violation of securities law or breach of fiduciary duty, or similar violation by the City or any agent thereof.
 - b. Communications from regulatory agencies, governmental representatives, employees, or others concerning investigations or allegations of noncompliance with laws and regulations in any jurisdiction, deficiencies in financial reporting practices, or other matters that could have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.
 - c. False statements affecting the City's financial statements made to the City's internal auditors, or other auditors who have audited entities under our control upon whose work you may be relying in connection with your audit.

4. There are no:

- Violations or possible violations of laws or regulations, whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements or as a basis for recording a loss contingency;
- b. Unasserted claims or assessments that our lawyers have advised us are probable of assertion and must be disclosed in accordance with paragraphs 96 – 113 of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements;
- c. Other liabilities or gain or loss contingencies that are required to be accrued or disclosed by GASB Statement No. 62, paragraphs 96 113;
- d. Material transactions, for example, grants and other contractual arrangements, that have not been properly recorded in the accounting records underlying the financial statements:
- e. Events that have occurred subsequent to the date of the statement of net position and, through the date of this letter that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial statements.
- 5. All known actual or possible litigation and claims have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 62, paragraphs 96 113.
- The effects of the uncorrected financial statement misstatements summarized in the accompanying schedule(s) are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements for each respective opinion unit.
- 7. We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation and maintenance of programs and controls to prevent and detect fraud; for adopting sound accounting policies; for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements; and, to provide reasonable assurance against the possibility of misstatements that are material to the financial statements whether due to error or fraud. We understand that the term "fraud"

- includes misstatements arising from fraudulent financial reporting and misstatements arising from misappropriation of assets.
- 8. We have disclosed to you all deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting of which we are aware, which could adversely affect the City's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data. We have separately disclosed to you all such deficiencies that we believe to be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting, as those terms are defined in AU-C Section 265, Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit.
- 9. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 10. We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud affecting the City's financial statements involving:
 - a. Management;
 - b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control over financial reporting, or
 - c. Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 11. We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the City's financial statements received in communications from employees, former employees, analysts, regulators, or others.
- 12. The City has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources.
- 13. We have no knowledge of any officer or City Council member, or any other person acting under the direction thereof, having taken any action to fraudulently influence, coerce, manipulate, or mislead you during your audit.
- 14. The following have been properly recorded or disclosed in the financial statements:
 - a. Related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware in accordance with the requirement of U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, guarantees, ongoing contractual commitments, and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties;
 - b. Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the City is contingently liable;
 - c. Arrangements with financial institutions involving compensating balances or other arrangements involving restrictions on cash balances, lines of credit or similar arrangements;
 - d. Agreements to repurchase assets previously sold, including sales with recourse;
 - e. Changes in accounting principle affecting consistency;
 - f. The existence of and transactions with joint ventures and other related organizations.

- 15. The City has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets, nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.
- 16. The City has complied with all aspects of laws, regulations, contractual agreements, donor restrictions, and grants that may affect the financial statements, including noncompliance.
- 17. Management is responsible for compliance with the laws, regulations, donor restrictions and provisions of contracts and grant agreements applicable to the City. Management has identified and disclosed to you all laws, regulations, donor restrictions, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements that have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts.
- 18. The City's reporting entity includes all entities that are component units of the City. Such component units have been properly presented as either blended or discrete. Investments in joint ventures in which the City holds an equity interest have been properly recorded on the statement of net position. The financial statements disclose all other joint ventures and other related organizations.
- 19. The financial statements properly classify all funds and activities, including governmental funds, which are presented in accordance with the fund type definitions in GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.
- 20. All funds that meet the quantitative criteria in GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, for presentation as major are identified and presented as such, and all other funds that are presented as major are considered to be particularly important to financial statement users by management.
- 21. Interfund, internal, and intra-entity activity and balances have been appropriately classified and reported.
- 22. Amounts advanced to related entities represent valid receivables and are expected to be recovered at some future date in accordance with the terms of related agreements.
- 23. Receivables reported in the financial statements represent valid claims against debtors arising on or before the date of the statement of net position and have been appropriately reduced to their estimated net realizable value.
- 24. Deposits and investment securities are properly classified and reported.
- 25. The City is responsible for determining the fair value of certain investments as required by GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, as amended. The amounts reported represent the City's best estimate of fair value of investments required to be reported under the Statement. The City also has disclosed the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate the fair value of its investments, and the nature of investments reported at amortized cost.

- 26. The City has identified and properly reported all of its derivative instruments and any related deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to hedging derivative instruments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments. The City complied with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 53 related to the determination of hedging derivative instruments and the application of hedge accounting. Further, the City has disclosed all material information about its derivative and hedging arrangement in accordance with GASB Statement No. 53.
- 27. The estimate of fair value of derivative instruments is in compliance with GASB Statement No. 53. For derivative instruments with fair values that are based on other than quoted market prices, the City has disclosed the methods and significant assumptions used to estimate those fair values.
- 28. The following information about financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk and financial instruments with concentrations of credit risk has been properly disclosed in the financial statements:
 - a. The extent, nature, and terms of financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk;
 - b. The amount of credit risk of financial instruments with off-balance-sheet credit risk, and information about the collateral supporting such financial instruments; and
 - c. Significant concentrations of credit risk arising from all financial instruments and information about the collateral supporting such financial instruments.
- 29. We believe that all material expenditures or expenses that have been deferred to future periods will be recoverable.
- 30. Capital assets, including infrastructure assets, are properly capitalized, reported and, if applicable, depreciated.
- 31. The City has properly applied the requirements of GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets, including those related to the recognition of outlays associated with the development of internally generated computer software.

32. The City has no:

- a. Commitments for the purchase or sale of services or assets at prices involving material probable loss;
- b. Material amounts of obsolete, damaged, or unusable items included in the inventories at greater than salvage values; or,
- c. Loss to be sustained as a result of other-than-temporary declines in the fair value of investments.
- 33. For variable-rate demand bond obligations that are reported as general long-term debt or excluded from current liabilities of proprietary funds, we believe all of the conditions described in GASB Interpretation No. 1, Demand Bonds Issued by State and Local Government Entities, have been met.

- 34. The City has complied with all tax and debt limits and with all debt related covenants.
- 35. We have received opinions of counsel upon each issuance of tax-exempt bonds that the interest on such bonds is exempt from federal income taxes under section 103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. There have been no changes in the use of property financed with the proceeds of tax-exempt bonds, or any other occurrences, subsequent to the issuance of such opinions, that would jeopardize the tax-exempt status of the bonds. Provision has been made, where material, for the amount of any required arbitrage rebate.
- 36. We believe that the actuarial assumptions and methods used to measure financial statement liabilities and costs associated with pension and other post- employment benefits and to determine information related to the City's funding progress related to such benefits for financial reporting purposes are appropriate in the City's circumstances and that the related actuarial valuation was prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.
- 37. There were no omissions from the participants' data provided to the actuary for the purpose of determining the pension liability, other post-employment benefit obligation and other actuarially determined amounts in the financial statements.
- 38. Provision has been made in the financial statements for the City's pollution remediation obligations. We believe that such estimate has been determined in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations and is reasonable based on available information.
- 39. The City has identified and properly accounted for and presented all deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.
- 40. Components of net position (net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted) and fund balance components (non-spendable; restricted; committed; assigned; and unassigned) are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- 41. Revenues are appropriately classified in the statement of activities within program revenues, general revenues, contributions to term or permanent endowments, or contributions to permanent fund principal.
- 42. The City has identified and properly accounted for all non-exchange transactions.
- 43. Expenses have been appropriately classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations have been made on a reasonable basis.
- 44. We have disclosed to you all accounting policies and practices we have adopted that, if applied to significant items or transactions, would not be in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We have evaluated the impact of the application of each such policy and practice, both individually and in the aggregate, on the City's current period financial statements, and the expected impact of each such policy and practice on future periods' financial reporting. We believe the effect of these

- policies and practices on the financial statements is not material. Furthermore, we do not believe the impact of the application of these policies and practices will be material to the financial statements in future periods.
- 45. We agree with the findings of specialists in evaluating the oil field abandonment costs liability and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialist in determining the amounts and disclosures used in the financial statements and underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an impact on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.
- 46. We acknowledge our responsibility for the presentation of the supplementary information, which includes the additional financial section and other supplementary information, in accordance with the applicable criteria and/or prescribed guidelines and:
 - a. Believe the supplementary information, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with the applicable criteria and/or prescribed guidelines.
 - b. The methods of measurement or presentation of the supplementary information have not changed from those used in the prior period; and
 - c. The significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the supplementary information are reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances.
- 47. We acknowledge our responsibility for the presentation of the required supplementary information which includes, management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and the schedule of funding progress, in accordance with the applicable criteria and prescribed guidelines established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, and:
 - a. Believe the required supplementary information, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with the applicable criteria and prescribed guidelines;
 - b. The methods of measurement or presentation of the required supplementary information have not changed from those used in the prior period;
 - c. The significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the required supplementary information are reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances.
- 48. The City has complied with all applicable laws and regulations in adopting, approving, and amending budgets.
- 49. In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have identified to you all previous audits, attestation engagements, and other studies that relate to the objectives of this audit, including whether related recommendations have been implemented.

Further, we confirm that we are responsible for the fair presentation in the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, and the related notes to the financial statements, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We are also responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting.

Very truly yours,

PATRICK H. WEST CITY MANAGER

JOHN GROSS
DIRECTOR OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

PHW:JG:SW

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Nots 1 - As the City of Long Beach is a governmental agency, the comparison of the passed audil eductments as a percentage of the change in net assets or fund balances is not a reasonable basis for materials. As such, the schedde above was revised to measure the suck adjustments to table revenues and expenses/copendature (see HPSPPL 05-15)



KPMG LLP Suite 1500 550 South Hope Street Los Angeles, CA 90071-2629

March 27, 2015

City Council
City of Long Beach
333 West Ocean Blvd.
Long Beach, California 90081

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Long Beach, California (the City), for the year ended September 30, 2014, and have issued our report thereon dated March 27, 2015. In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, we considered internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weaknesses.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.



City Council City of Long Beach March 27, 2015 Page 2 of 8

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. As reported in the independent auditors' report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* issued separately, we consider deficiencies over the reporting of capital asset expenditures at the Harbor Department of the City to be a material weakness.

Although not considered to be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses, we also noted the following items during our audit, which are presented for your consideration. These comments and recommendations, all of which have been discussed with the appropriate members of management, are intended to improve internal control or result in other operating efficiencies and are summarized as follows:

Non-GAAP Policies

Observation

During our audit, we reviewed the City's internal control process in place to identify new non-GAAP policies and quantify the impact of new and existing non-GAAP policies to the financial statements. We noted that the City does not have a formal process in place to identify new non-GAAP policies. Furthermore, the City does not perform an analysis during the year to quantify the impact of the new and existing non-GAAP policies to the year-end financial statements. As a result of the procedures performed, we noted the City did not quantify the impact of the following non-GAAP policies:

- Recognition of revenue for several revenue sharing agreements in the year subsequent to the when the exchange transaction has taken place.
- Transfers of completed construction projects are not made timely to the appropriate depreciable asset category when the asset is substantially completed and in use.

Recommendation

We recommend that the City enhance its internal controls related to the documentation and calculation of the impact of non-GAAP policies to ensure that adopted policies do not result in a material misstatement of the financial statements.



City Council City of Long Beach March 27, 2015 Page 3 of 8

Managements Response

The City accepts KPMG's recommendation. The City continues to correct its non-GAAP policies. The City recognizes the necessity and, in conformance with the recommendations of KPMG, will continue to update our policies and procedures to ensure the recognition of revenue for revenue sharing agreements in the year when the exchange transaction has taken place. The City will continue its efforts to ensure that depreciable assets are recorded when they are placed into service. Finally, The City will seek to perform an analysis during the year to quantify the impact of the new and existing non-GAAP policies to the year-end financial statements.

Automated Application Control – Payroll Transactions

Observation

During our testwork over access to update and modify payroll benefits, we noted that ten (10) users had inappropriate access.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

The inappropriate access to update and modify payroll benefits could result in unauthorized changes to employee payroll and benefits information, and increases the risk of fraudulent transactions.

Recommendation

Users should be provided the least amount of access necessary to fulfill their job responsibilities. As such, users with access to update and modify payroll information should be limited to those responsible for processing employee payroll and benefits.

Management's Response

The City's Technology and Innovation department (TI) will establish a process that requires the Help Desk to create a task, when an employee is terminated, that is assigned to the Supervisor of the HR/Payroll system. The task will require the Supervisor to confirm that the terminated employee does not have access to HR/Payroll. If the terminated employee does have access, their access will be removed. In addition, an annual review of all employee access will be performed by the business.

IT General Controls - CC&B Administrative Access 1

Observation

The City uses the Customer Care and Billing, or "CC&B," to supports it utilities and billing operation. During our testwork over administrative access, we noted that four (4) users have inappropriate access: one intern, and three users that no longer support the CC&B application on behalf of the City.



City Council City of Long Beach March 27, 2015 Page 4 of 8

Effect (or Potential Effect)

Administrative access allows a user to manage system configurations and the users with access to the system, including creating new users. Inappropriate administrative access to CC&B could result in the mismanagement of user access that could allow erroneous transactions to be processed without detection.

Recommendation

Users should be provided the least amount of access required for them to fulfill their job responsibilities. In addition, user access should be segregated where possible and coordinated to allow for the detection of errors or prevent erroneous transactions from being processed. Administrative access to applications and systems should be limited to those who are responsible for managing applications or not responsible for processing transactions within it.

Management's Response

TI will establish a process that requires the Help Desk to create a task, when an employee is terminated, that is assigned to the Supervisor of the CIS / MWM systems. The task will require the Supervisor to confirm that the terminated employee does not have access to CIS / MWM Systems. If the terminated employee does have access, their access will be removed. In addition, an annual review of all employee access will be performed by the business.

IT General Controls - SCLM Access

Observation

The City uses the Systems Control and Library Management, or "SCLM," system to migrate Billing and Collection (BC) and legacy Utilities and Billing changes into the production environment. We noted that the users with access to migrate changes within SCLM have access to both develop and migrate changes. This creates a segregation of duties conflict and prevent the ability to enforce controls over change management.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

The lack of segregation of duties between the users developing the code and the users migrating the code into productions undermines the ability to detect an error and prevent the migration of faulty or unauthorized code into the production environment.

Recommendation

A periodic review should be implemented to monitor SCLM program changes migrated into production to validate the application level changes were performed by appropriate personnel.



City Council City of Long Beach March 27, 2015 Page 5 of 8

Management's Response

All users that should not have update access to SCLM were removed from access. Only the Data Center staff can migrate changes from Test to Production in SCLM. If anyone else attempts a migration an e-mail is sent to the Data Center staff notifying them of the failed attempt. As part of the quarterly security review, we have added a review of all SCLM changes.

IT General Controls - DB2 System Access

Observation

During our testwork over direct write and administrative access to the DB2 Database Management System underlying Tesseract, we noted that four users were deemed to have inappropriate access. The access is not commensurate with their job responsibilities.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

Inappropriate access to make changes to the data or database objects underlying any application could result in transaction processing and reporting errors, and unreliable data.

Recommendation

Direct write access to the database should be restricted to those users who require the access to fulfill their job responsibilities. In addition, monitoring controls to log and review those users performing sensitive functions, such as "INSERT" or "ALTER," should be implemented.

Management's Response

TI will establish a process to review access of the HR/Payroll system's Data Base on a quarterly basis. A review of all users who have access to the DB2 Database will be conducted with TI's Operations staff and the Supervisor over HR/Payroll to ensure that all access is appropriate to the users' job responsibilities.

IT General Controls - MS SQL System Access

Observation

During KPMG's testwork over direct write and administrative access to the MS SQL Server Database Management System underlying RescueNet, we noted that two users, an intern and nondatabase administrator have direct write access to the MS SQL Server Database Management System. The access is not commensurate with their job responsibilities.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

Inappropriate access to make changes to the data or database objects underlying any application could result in transaction processing and reporting errors, and unreliable data.



City Council City of Long Beach March 27, 2015 Page 6 of 8

Recommendation

Direct write access to the database should be restricted to those users who require the access to fulfill their job responsibilities. In addition, monitoring controls to log and review those users performing sensitive functions, such as "INSERT" or "ALTER," should be implemented.

Management's Response

TI will establish a process to review access of the Zoll Ambulance Billing system's Data Base on a quarterly basis. A review of all users who have access to the database will be conducted by the DBA's and the Supervisor over the Zoll Ambulance Billing Application.

IT General Controls - Terminated User Access

Observation

During our testwork over the revocation of access for terminated employees, we noted that thirteen user IDs related to terminated employees were still active in the in-scope financial applications. Some user IDs were active more than nine months after their termination dates.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

The untimely removal of access could result in a lack of segregation of duties as a result of a terminated employee sharing his or her password with an active employee. In turn, the lack of segregation of duties could allow a user to complete a transaction without the appropriate review or authorization. As such, an erroneous transaction could processed and then go undetected.

Recommendation

A review of active users against the list of terminated employees should be performed by the business quarterly, if not monthly, for the in-scope financial applications to provide reasonable assurance that access for terminated employees is revoked in a timely manner. Application and system administrators should be held accountable for failing to revoke the access to City's applications particularly if they have failed to do so after they have received a notification of the termination from Human Resources of the termination.

Management's Response

Initially, TI Supervisors will review a list of Active Users against a list of terminated employees (from HR Payroll) to ensure that all terminated users cannot access the applications. In addition, TI will institute a long-term solution to ensure that terminated employees are removed from these systems in a timely fashion. When an employee separates from the City, a report is sent to the Helpdesk. The Helpdesk will create tasks for each system administrator to check their systems to make sure the terminated employee's access is removed.



City Council City of Long Beach March 27, 2015 Page 7 of 8

IT General Controls - Computer Operations

Observation

During our testwork over help desk operations, we noted that for one, or 1, out of 25 Remedy tickets was not closed in a timely manner. One ticket, marked, high priority, was not closed for 63 days.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

While the help desk person may have merely forgot to close the tickets, another ticket could go unresolved for an extended period of time, which could cause errors in the financial reporting process.

Recommendation

A help desk supervisor should be responsible for performing a semimonthly, if not weekly, review of open tickets to ensure they are being addressed and help desk Service Level Agreements are upheld. Help desk personnel should be held accountable for not addressing and closing tickets in a timely manner.

Management's Response

TI will implement a process that requires the Supervisor of each group to review open Remedy Tickets on a biweekly basis. If there is a need for a ticket to remain open for an extended amount of time, the reason will be documented in the ticket.

IT General Controls - Password Configurations 7

Observation

During the testwork over the password configurations, we noted that the password parameters to the mainframe environment and the database underlying the CC&B application were not configured according to the IT policies and procedures. The mainframe environment supports the following applications: FAMIS, ADPICS, legacy Utilities and Billing, and Billings and Collections; and the database maintains the integrity of the data underlying the CC&B application. Passwords, coupled with user IDs, are used to identify and authenticate users onto these environments. Password parameters are configured to force users to employ strong passwords and prevent users from guessing a user ID's password to gain unauthorized access.

Effect (or Potential Effect)

The lack of strong passwords increases the risk of unauthorized access and the processing of unauthorized transactions. Moreover, the lack of adherence to the TI policies and procedures undermines and weakens an organization's control environment.



City Council City of Long Beach March 27, 2015 Page 8 of 8

Recommendation

The password parameters to systems should be configured to adhere to the TI policies and procedures.

Management's Response

The Network Password Policy document refers specifically to "Network" and does not include the mainframe. However, TI will change the password length requirement for the mainframe to 8 characters. Because of system limitations, we cannot require strong passwords for the mainframe. The database IDs will also be changed to 8 characters and complex, to fall in line with AR8-29 (Network Password Policy). These changes will be gradual, the mainframe changes will be enforced as user passwords expire. AR8-29 will be updated to reflect the mainframe and database constraints.

* * * * * * *

Our audit procedures are designed primarily to enable us to form an opinion on the financial statements and, therefore, may not bring to light all weaknesses in policies or procedures that may exist. We aim, however, to use our knowledge of the City's organization gained during our work to make comments and suggestions that we hope will be useful to you. We would be pleased to discuss these comments and recommendations with you at any time.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council and others within the City, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

KPMG LLP