

#### A Look Back...

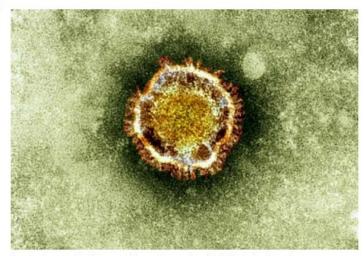
#### March 10, 2020

- First three cases of travel associated COVID-19 in Long Beach
- Long Beach declared a local health emergency

#### March 14, 2020

 First community spread COVID-19 case in Long Beach

#### Long Beach reports first three coronavirus cases



Long Beach reported its first cases of the novel coronavirus. (Health Protection Agency)

BY JACLYN COSGROVE | ASSISTANT EDITOR MARCH 9, 2020 9 PM PT

Three people in Long Beach are believed to have contracted the coronavirus after testing positive for the respiratory disease, marking the first cases reported in the city.

#### SUBSCRIBERS ARE READING >

CALIFORN

FOR SUBSCRIBERS

Goodbye, L.A. and San Francisco. Hello, Riverside and Central Valley. California moves east

TRAVE

FOR SUBSCRIBE

9 magical swimming holes in California to escape the heat

CALIFORN

First eyewitness account of Sheriff Villanueva lying in a cover-up revealed in filing

TRAVE

FOR SUBSCRIBE

9 little-known ways to see the Hollywood sign

**CLIMATE & ENVIRONMENT** 

Southern California 'cannot afford green lawns' as drought forces unprecedented water cuts (\*)

ADVERTISEMENT







#### **COVID-19 Realities**

To date, 1,380 people have died as a result of this disease, and at least one case of COVID-19 has been reported in Long Beach every day since March 15, 2020.

 COVID-19 is still causing severe disease. Since November 2022, more than 350 Long Beach residents were hospitalized.





In the three years (1,071 days) since our first case...

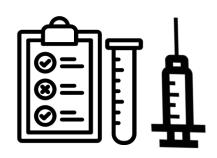




#### COVID-19 Response



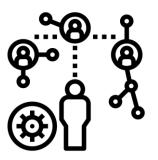
Testing capacity grew from **30** to **10,000** people per day.



Provided **1,114,453** tests and **352,255** vaccines through City-run sites.



Fixed and mobile vaccine access, including a mega site with the ability to vaccinate 6,000 people per day.



Provided guidance and assisted in over **300** businesses outbreaks, **300** longterm care facility outbreaks, and **380** school/daycare outbreaks.





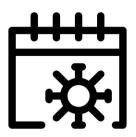
#### **COVID-19 Response**



Established **data dashboards** that provided real-time data.



**Published** in the CDC's Morbidity and Mortality weekly Report (MMWR).



**Monitored** and **detected** emerging variants.



Environmental Health Specialists and support staff **partnered** with Code Enforcement and Business Licensing staff and formed the **Venue Task Force** to help businesses comply with Health Orders.





#### **COVID-19 Response**

#### **Established:**

- 75,000 square foot Local Distribution Site
- 5 temporary and permanent shelters for people experiencing homelessness, serving hundreds of people
- 2 isolation and quarantine sites

#### Provided surge support to local hospitals:

- 6 mobile hospital modules deployed to hospitals
- 5 mass fatality trailers deployed to hospitals
- Distributed **350,000** pieces of PPE to healthcare entities

#### The Venue Task Force achieved compliance with the Health Order:

- Approximately 2,500 hours were dedicated to respond to complaints
- 2,400 door-to-door visits were made to meet with food establishments, public pools and health fitness centers to educate people on safe operation practices under the Health Order







#### **Workforce & Staffing**

# Engaged employees from across the City in response to the pandemic and shifted practices to meet the need and safety protocols.

- Declared City employees disaster services workers
- Reassigned 230 City staff
- Provided regular testing to City Employees
- Ensured frontline workers were vaccinated early to ensure continuity of operations
- Enacted Emergency Teleworking/Hybrid Work Policy
- Provided technology and supports to allow for large-scale telecommuting







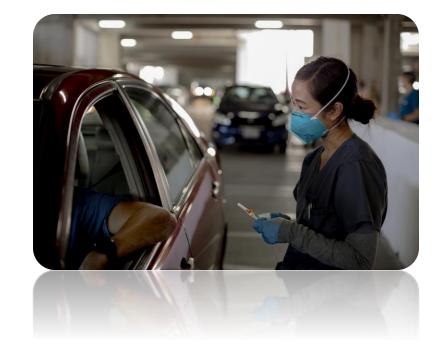
#### **Workforce & Staffing**

#### **Managed Surge Staffing**

- 50 All Hazards Incident Management Team
- 145 Travel Nurses
- 110 California National Guard personnel
- **50** LBFD Lifeguards (rotating)
- 235 Reassigned City staff

#### **Managed Volunteer Efforts**

- 1,400 Medical Reserve Corp (MRC)
- 60 CERT Volunteers
- 345 Nursing students (CSULB & LBCC)
- 800 West Coast University nursing students (MRC)



**125** HEROs (Healthcare & Emergency Response Opportunities) work experience participants were employed since the beginning of pandemic (more than **18,000** hours of service)







#### Provided resources and supports to businesses

- Provided PPE to more than 1,200 businesses
- Provided education on health orders and safety protocols to nearly 10,000 businesses
- Provided 5,647,000 pieces of PPE citywide, including masks, gowns, wipes, and hand sanitizer.

#### Opened food facilities to overcome economic hardship;

- Amended the Health Order to allow bars to open and safely serve alcohol and catered food
- Waived the annual health permit and plan check fees of food facilities that were not able to stay open for business





#### Provided resources to families with young children

- Nearly 70,000 packs of diapers
- More than 42,000 packs of wipes
- Nearly 16,000 cans of formula
- 18,400 books and educational supplies
- \$273,000 in funding to 157 early childhood providers to help them stay open

#### Provided resources specific to older adults and homebound individuals

- Supported more than 6,000 callers through the LB Resource Line
- Delivered nearly 80,552 meals and 20,578 grocery bags/boxes
- Provided supports to more than 21,000 households through the CARES Act
- Initiated Neighbor to Neighbor program to support older adults





Provided direct relief and support to communities through CARES Act programs and, more recently, with the Long Beach Recovery Act. The Health Department has directed investments to:

- 110 older adults were provided intensive case management services with a public health nurse or licensed clinical social worker through the Healthy Aging Center Senior Links program
- 1,582 older adults received referrals and Supportive Services through the Healthy Aging Center
- 600 basic needs supply kits were provided to older adults at Senior Centers in LB
  - An additional \$20,000 went towards the purchase of leisure & recreation items (puzzles, playing cards, soft-grip hand weights, craft kits, etc.) distributed directly to older adults at Senior Centers in Long Beach during facility/program closures
- 268 Black-identifying Long Beach residents were connected to affirming mental health services







#### Implemented four small business grant programs:

- Small Business Transition & Technology Small Grant Programs
- Outdoor Dining Grant
- Commercial Rental Assistance Grant
- Business License Tax and Fee Grant for Full-Service Restaurants
  - Total grant funding issued: \$5,042,428
  - Total grants issued: 1,053
  - Total unique businesses supported: 1,006







#### **Business Support**

### Implemented citywide temporary parklets with a focus on safety.

- Citywide effort to support the economic recovery for businesses amid social-distancing Health Order
- First temporary parklets were installed in May 2020
- At the program's peak:
  - 124 temporary parklet locations citywide
  - 136 participating business citywide

#### **Currently:**

- 8 permanent parklets constructed as a result of the program
- 24 in the permanent parklet permit application process
- Ensured proper installation of barricades and safe pedestrian passage, reviewed structural and stormwater drainage elements and utility conflicts
- The temporary parklet program expired on January 30, 2023.







# Leading the way: COVID-19 Response Efforts





#### **Leading The Way: COVID-19 Response Efforts**

#### The City's COVID-19 response was at the <u>forefront</u> in:

- Vaccinating first responders
- Identifying and messaging residents eligible for vaccine and expanding vaccine eligibility
- Establishing VaxLB, which registered 140,000 total community members
- Mass testing and vaccination
- Mobile and in-home vaccination and testing for highrisk populations
- Vaccine verification and testing mandates for City employees
- Vaccine verification and testing mandates for educational institutions
- Implementation of the indoor masking requirement and masking at outdoor mega events

#### The New York Times

CALIFORNIA TODAY

#### Why Long Beach Is a Model for the Vaccine Rollout

Wednesday: The state's vaccine system continues to be fraught with problems. Here's what to know.

#### The First International Pharma Logistics Masterclass

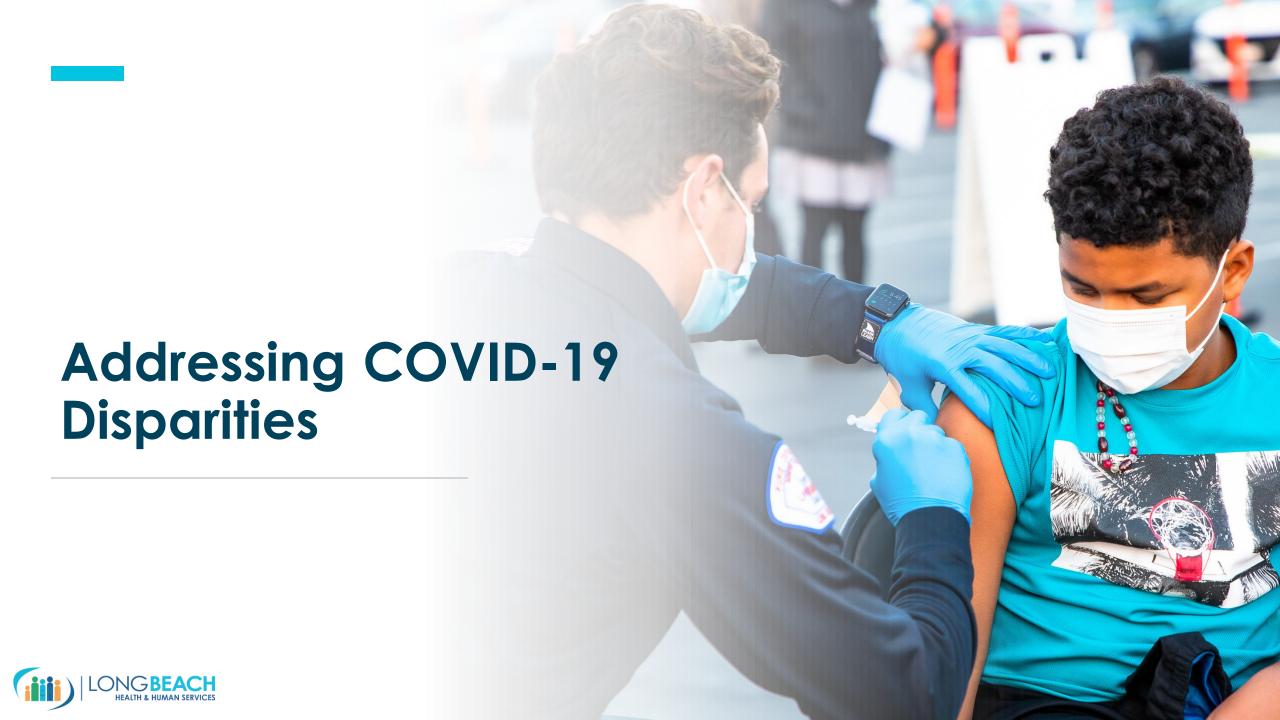
By CITT Staff • Oct 07, 2021

O'Brien hosted a session on September 9th centered on the COVID-19 vaccine rollout process in Long Beach, California. O'Brien was joined by public health experts Gabriela M. Hurtado, COVID-19 Vaccine Program Manager for the City of Long Beach, Alan Hendrickson, Population Health Specialist at the California Department of Public Health, and Matthew Bagsic Franco, Local Distribution Site Supervisor at the Department of Health & Human Services in Long Beach. The session included a presentation by these Long Beach health experts about the rollout and the structure of the Long Beach Health Department, which was followed by a panel discussion moderated by Dr. O'Brien. The approach taken by Long Beach in vaccine distribution was of great interest to European partners facing similar challenges and served as an illustrative example of the broader issues at play with pharma logistics. The

was of great interest to European partners facing similar challenges and served as an illustrative example of the broader issues at play with pharma logistics. The



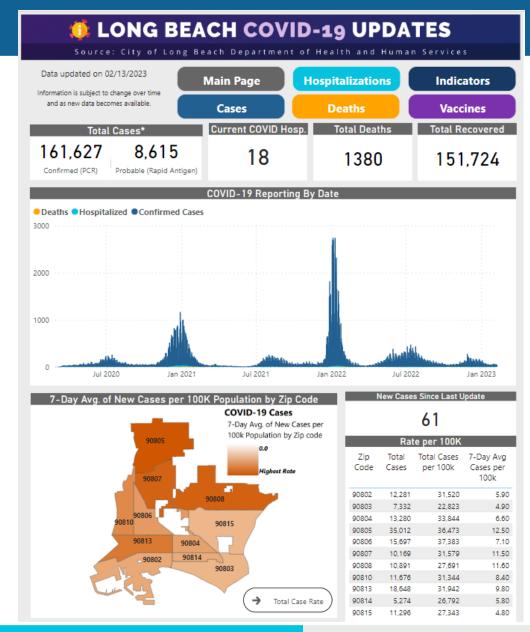




#### **COVID-19 Data Leading Our Way**

**Led with data** to inform situational awareness, reopening measures, vaccination sites and public communications.

- Mobilized an 8-staff person data team to develop a public-facing COVID-19 dashboard to communicate community outcomes.
  - The dashboard disaggregates data by zip code, age, gender and race / ethnicity to convey disparate COVID-19 impacts.
  - Addition of 'Indicators' and 'vaccines' pages to guide reopening compared to State of CA measures and to track vaccine adoption rates across the City
- Developed internal reports for City leadership to track PPE distribution, compare to nearby jurisdictions, and identify impact to City staff







#### **Addressing COVID-19 Disparities**

- To address the digital divide, set up a robust COVID-19 Information Line in March 2020
  - Staffed with people equipped to handle calls in multiple languages
  - Assisted older adults, monolingual individuals and those with limited access to technology with making appointments for testing and vaccine











#### **Addressing COVID-19 Disparities**

- Provided accommodations to families and those with disabilities, access and functional needs at the mass vaccination clinics
  - Designated sensory-friendly spaces
  - Implemented a Vaccine Picture Exchange
     Communication System (PECS) for individuals with access and functional needs
- Convened a vaccine equity workgroup with various stakeholders, including community-based organizations, healthcare providers and City departments
  - Utilized data to develop outreach and communication strategies for areas with high case rates and low vaccination rates
  - Utilized census tract-level data to deliver pop-up vaccination events to areas with high case rates and low vaccination rates, providing nearly 9,000 vaccines







#### **Addressing COVID-19 Disparities**

- Implemented mobile vaccination team to provide in-home vaccinations for those with disabilities, access and functional needs, mobility issues and those at high risk, providing nearly 7,000 in-home vaccinations
- Conducted nearly 23,000 COVID-19 tests through the mobile testing team
  - More than 600 of these were in-home testing appointments for those with disabilities, access and functional needs, mobility issues and those at high risk
  - Pop-up events in partnership with communitybased organizations, pop- ups in areas with high case rates, businesses, congregate living facilities and at special events







# Communicating with City Residents





#### **Communicating with City Residents**

From March 2020 to present:

General COVID-19 Line



Total Calls: 70,553

COVID-19 Vaccine Line



**Total Calls: 21,459** 



Made available in English, Khmer, Spanish, Tagalog





#### **Communicating with City Residents**

From March 2020 to present:

**Press** Conferences

**COVID-19 Press** Releases & Updates

COVID-19 **Internal Updates** 







**350** 

Data Dashboard Updates



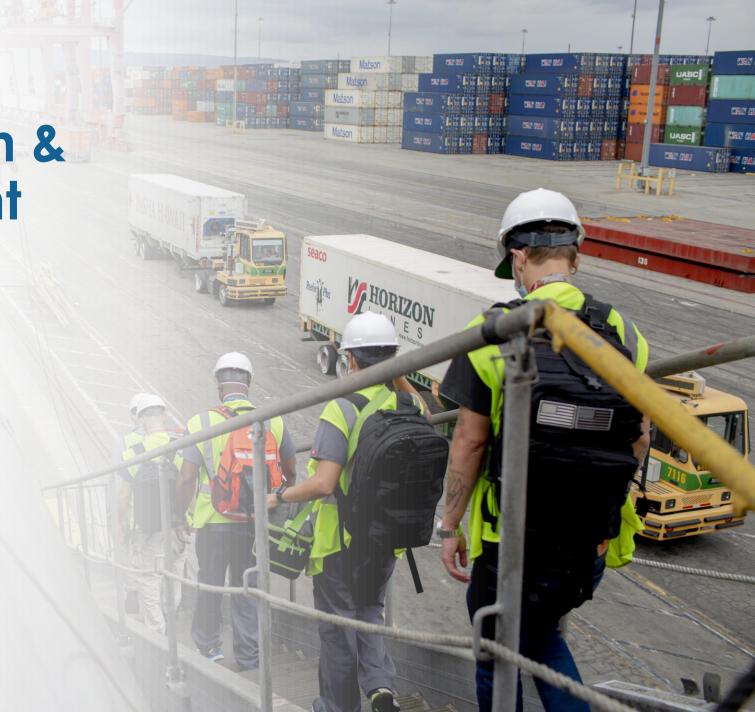
700 +













#### Port of Long Beach & Health Department Collaboration

# To maintain Port operations during the pandemic, the Health Department created a mobile team to test and vaccinate Port workers and international crews.

- More than 11,000 vaccines administered by the Port Vaccination Team on both the Long Beach and Los Angeles sides of the Port
- Provided more than 27,000 tests to Port workers

#### **Ship Crews Receiving Vaccine at SoCal Ports**

The vaccinations are administered without charge to international crews aboard ships visiting San Pedro Bay.

By Associated Press - Published May 28, 2021 · Updated on May 28, 2021 at 9:01 pm

Lucy Nicholson | Reuters

#### VISITING SAILORS VACCINATED FOR COVID-19 AT PORT OF LONG BEACH

May 28, 2021

JEWS . News

Free coronavirus vaccines for visiting seafarers to end after 2022





### COVID-19 Present Day





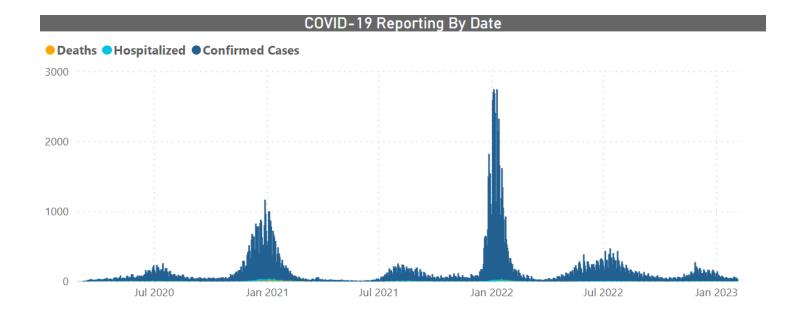
#### **COVID-19 Present Day**

#### As of February 10, 2023

- 161,880 Cases
- 5,976 Hospitalized
- 1,387 Deaths

In 2021, COVID-19 was the third leading cause of death in the U.S. after heart disease and all cancers.

Year	Cases	Hospitalizations	Deaths
2020	36,564	1,786	439
2021	44,526	1,864	643
2022	78,633	2,169	288
2023	2,157	157	17





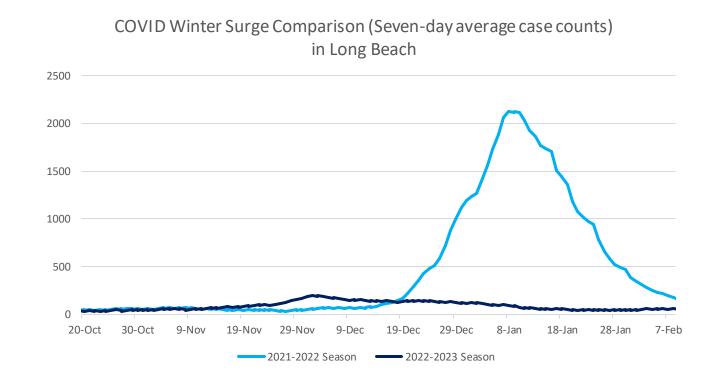


#### **COVID-19 by the Numbers**

#### Winter 2022-2023 (Data as of 2/10/23)

- Case Rate: 12.7/100,000
- Positivity Rate: 7.4%
- Current Hospitalizations: 16
- Area hospitals: 44
- 2023 Deaths: 17

COVID-19 activity in Long Beach has remain low this winter season. Cases increased the first week of December 2022. Since then, cases have been steadily declining.







#### **COVID** by the Numbers

#### Indictors during the peak of each surge

	2020-2021 Winter Surge	2021 Summer Surge (Delta)	2021-2022 Winter Surge (Omicron)	2022 Summer	2022-2023 Winter
Case Rate (per 100,000)	163.3	37.9	475.4	65.3	38.4
Positivity Rate	17.4%	8.7%	29.5%	18.2%	15.4%
Area hospitalizations	598	143	367	106	108
Hospitalization Rate (per 100,000)	35.6	11.4	25.1	13.1	11.2
Weekly Deaths	84	11	40	7	9





#### **COVID-19 by the Numbers**

The Number of outbreaks have significantly decreased since the Winter 2021-2022 season and continue to remain low.



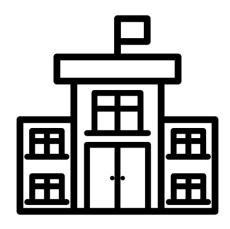
#### **Workplace Outbreaks**

- Winter Season2021-2022: 77
- Winter Season2022-2023: 25



## Long Term Care and Assisted Living Facility Outbreaks

- Winter Season2021-2022: 65
- Winter Season2022-2023: 32



School Outbreaks (K-12 & ECE)

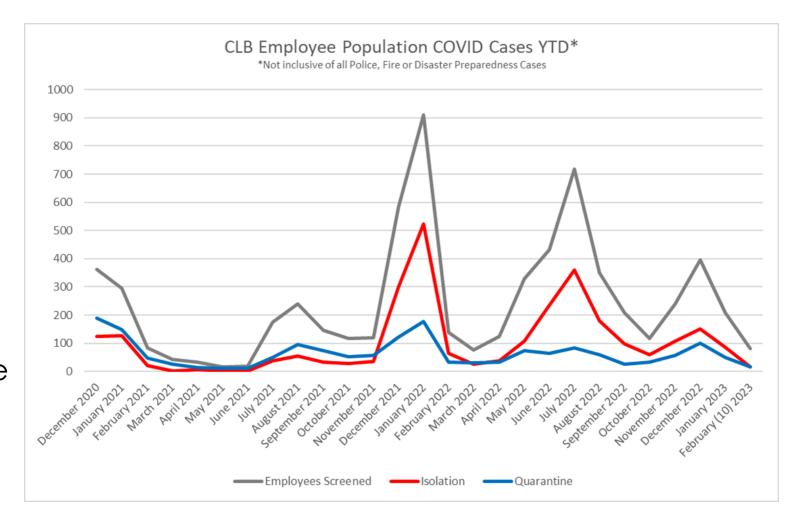
- Winter Season2021-2022: 238
- Winter Season 2022-2023: 30





#### **COVID-19** by the numbers

- As of February 10, 2023, the City of Long Beach Employee Occupational Health Clinic has:
  - Contact traced (screened) 7,626 employees for COVID symptoms or exposures
    - 2,967 isolation
    - 2,126 quarantine
- The City Safety and Risk
   Management teams continue
   to manage the online
   employee COVID-19 contact
   tracing intake portal which
   allows for streamlining case
   management.







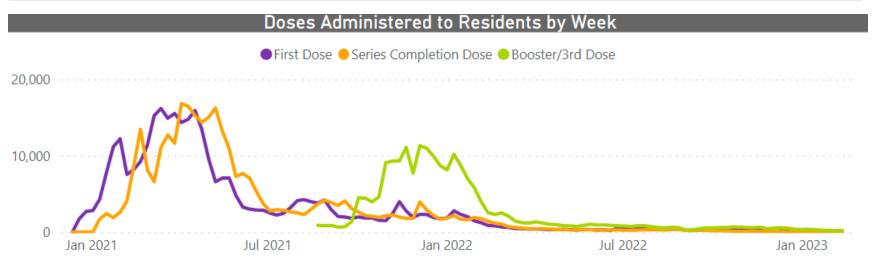
### Vaccination Rates





# **COVID-19 Vaccination Rates**

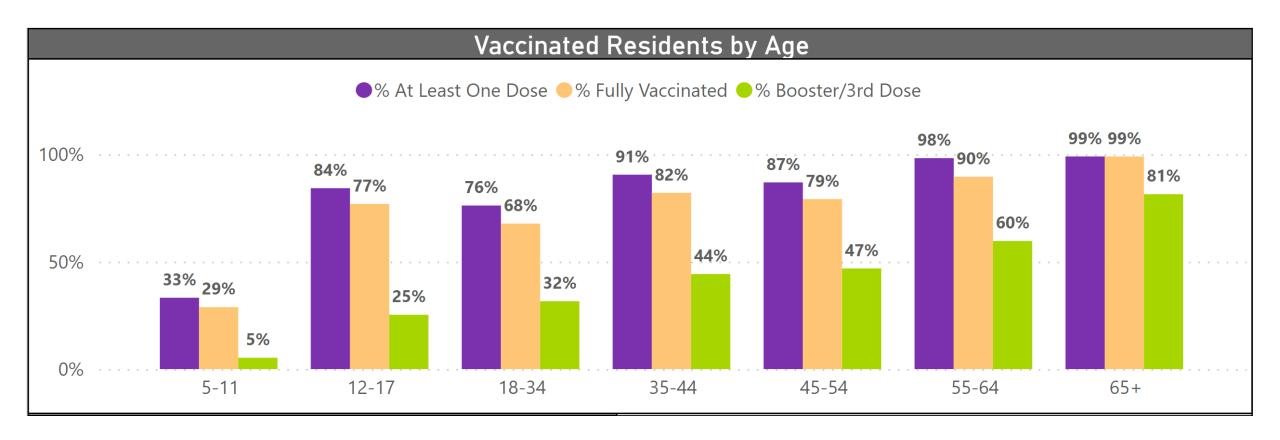
	Vaccinated Residents	% Vaccinated Residents 18+   16+   12+ (**)   5+ (**)   All Ages				
At Least One Dose	368,027	89.9%	89.5%	88.3%	83.8%	78.8%
Fully Vaccinated	331,536	81.2%	80.9%	79.9%	75.7%	71.0%
Booster/3rd Dose	183,485	47.9%	47.3%	45.6%	42.1%	39.3%
<b>Bivalent Dose</b>	80,373	20.9%	20.5%	19.7%	18.4%	17.2%







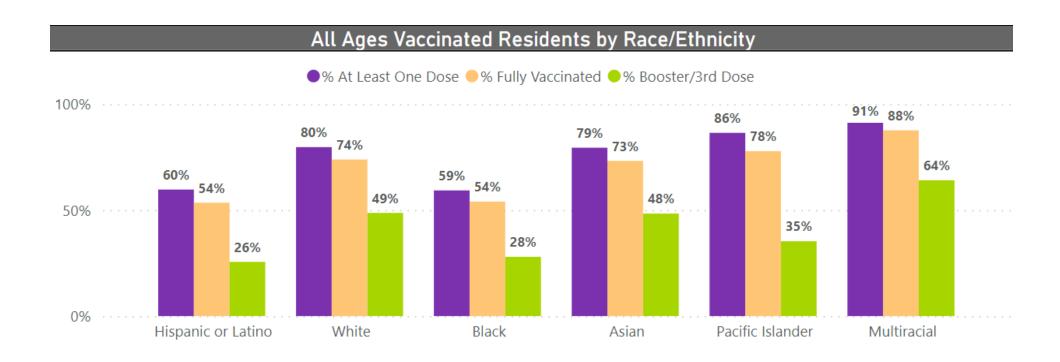
# **COVID-19 Vaccination Status by Age**







# **COVID-19 Vaccination Status by Race/Ethnicity**



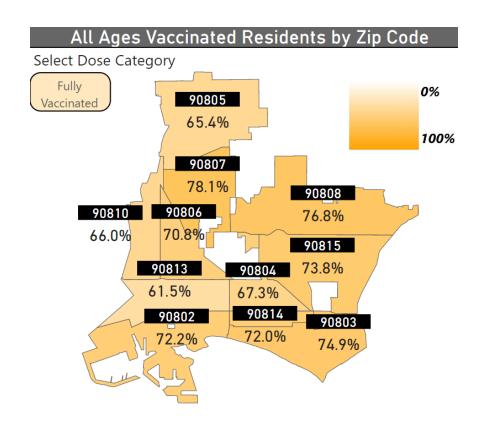
Black and Latinx residents in Long Beach have continued to have the lowest vaccination rates compared to other racial/ethnic groups and Black and Latinx males have lower rates than females.

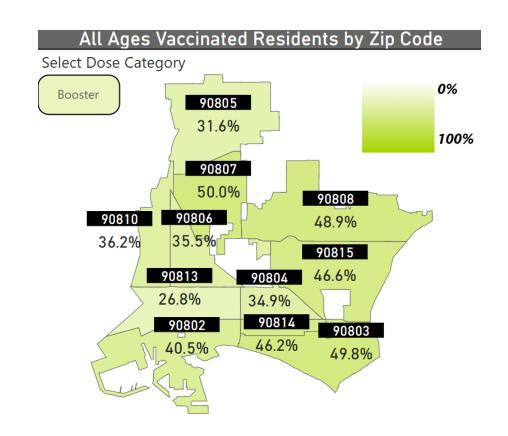




# COVID-19 Vaccination Status in Long Beach by Zip Code

Zip codes 90813 and 90805 have the lowest rates of fully vaccinated and boosted individuals.





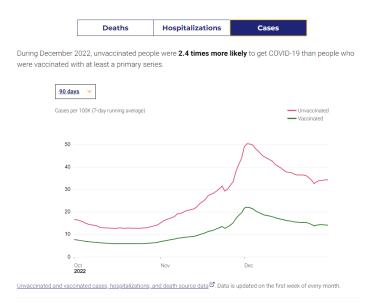




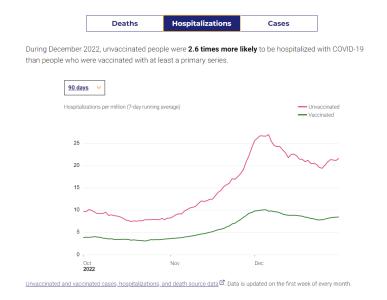
# Overall Effectiveness of COVID-19 Vaccination in California

State-level data from December 1, 2022, to February 13, 2023, display the stark contrast for unvaccinated people compared with their vaccinated counterparts.

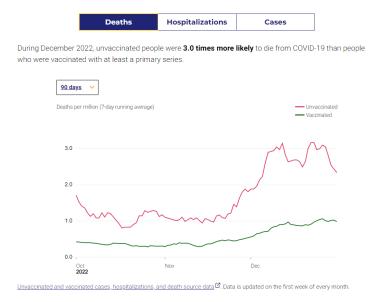
Data support vaccine effectiveness in preventing hospitalization and death.



Case rate comparison by vaccination status



Hospitalization rate comparison by vaccination status



Death rate comparison by vaccination status





# Looking Forward





# **COVID-19 Testing & Vaccinations**

- Free testing and vaccinations will continue to be offered by the Health Department at the following locations through the end of 2023:
  - El Dorado Park
  - MLK Park
  - Pop-up Clinics at Ramona Park and Houghton Park
  - Cal State Long Beach (Open Mondays and Wednesdays)
  - Cabrillo High School (Vaccine available only on Fri/Sat)
  - o The schedule is available on the website: www.longbeach.gov/vaxlb
- For those with insurance, they can access 8 test kits per month for free
  - https://www.covid.gov/tests; No co-pays for testing
- The Health Department has a cache of rapid antigen tests to distribute to CBO's, LTCFs, congregate settings, schools, etc.
- Eventually, testing kits will need to be bought or accessed via insurance





# **COVID-19 Vaccination**

- COVID-19 Vaccines have been added to the regular immunization schedule for children and adults
- Moderna indicated they will continue to offer their vaccines free of charge
- The federal agencies are determining the future schedule of COVID-19 vaccines and transitioning future iterations of the vaccines to be bivalent (similar to flu vaccine compositions that include several strains)
- The federal government has purchased a large supply of Covid 19 vaccines;
   there is currently no funding for future purchases
- Eventually COVID-19 vaccination will be transitioned into routine vaccination processes, including in healthcare offices and pharmacies





# **Response Efforts**

- Nationwide, statewide, and locally, transitioning from emergency operations to day-today duties
- Data dashboards will transition to being updated weekly instead of daily
- Surveillance of COVID-19 transitioning at the federal, state, and local level from emergency to routine communicable disease surveillance

# Health Department Emergency and Communicable Disease Staffing

- Grant funding for COVID response, which funds 160 employees (44 FT, 116 PT), will be expiring by July, 2024. This will impact:
  - Testing and vaccine sites
  - Case investigators and health educators
  - Surveillance
  - School outbreak team
  - Healthcare associated infection team (hospitals and skilled nursing facilities)
  - Business outbreak team
  - ¾ mobile testing and vaccine teams
- Health will work to develop a staffing transition plan and additional funding opportunities





# Reduction in benefits





# **Medi-Cal and Medicare**

# Medi-Cal Continuous Coverage

- Before the pandemic, people on Medi-Cal had to renew their coverage every year, but the process has been frozen for the past two years because of the pandemic
- This flexibility ends April 1; Medi-Calrecipients will receive Renewal Applications by mail; failure to return the application can mean being disenrolled from Medi-Cal
- LBDHHS is working with recipients to complete paperwork
- Participating in Department of Health Services Coverage Ambassadors
- Medicaid requirement for no cost sharing for COVID-19 tests and treatments ends September 30, 2023

# **COVID-19 Uninsured Group Program**

- The COVID-19 Uninsured Group program was implemented by the Department of Health Care Services in Aug 2020 and covers COVID-19 testing, vaccination, treatment and hospitalization at no cost to the individual
- The COVID-19 Uninsured Group Program will end on the last day of the calendar month in which the federal COVID-19 public health emergency (PHE) ends (May)





# **Medi-Cal and Medicare**

## **Medicare Beneficiaries**

- Medicare beneficiaries will continue to have access to COVID-19 vaccines, including boosters, at no cost under Part B.
- Medicare beneficiaries will face cost sharing requirements for most COVID-19 treatments, including monoclonal antibody treatments, when the PHE ends.
- Beneficiaries in traditional Medicare will face the full cost of at-home tests when the PHE ends.
- Beneficiaries in traditional Medicare will continue to receive clinical diagnostic testing for COVID-19 at no cost once the PHE ends, since Medicare covers their diagnostic lab testing under Part B, but they will face cost sharing for testing-related services.

## **Private Insurance**

Commercial out of network coverage will end Nov 11





# **Medi-Cal and Medicare**

### CalFRESH

- During COVID, CalFRESH benefits were increased to help meet food needs.
- The final emergency allotments will be is issued in March 2023 (for February 2023).

#### **IMPORTANT!** CalFresh Emergency Allotments are Ending!

#### What are CalFresh Emergency Allotments?

CalFresh Emergency Allotments are temporary increases to regular CalFresh benefit amounts. During the COVID-19 pandemic, Congress authorized Emergency Allotments to help meet food needs. This means that since March 2020, households received an increase of at least \$95 in CalFresh benefits per month.

#### What is the change?

CalFresh Emergency Allotments will end the month of February 2023. A final Emergency Allotment will be issued in March 2023.

#### Why the change?

CalFresh Emergency Allotments are ending because the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2023 ends the issuance of CalFresh Emergency Allotments to households in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### What happens next?

You will get less CalFresh beginning April 2023. While the regular CalFresh benefit you are eligible for is not changing, you will no longer get the additional CalFresh benefit you have been getting due to the Emergency Allotments ending. The regular CalFresh benefit you get is the CalFresh amount put onto your EBT card between the 1st and 10th of each month. Your regular benefit amount is based on your circumstances, including your household size, income, and deductions. As this is a required change, there are no hearing rights related to the loss of Emergency Allotment benefits. No further action is required.

Are the additional resources available? You can get free food from your local food bank. Visit www.cafoodbanks.org/find-food/, scan the QR code, or dial 2-1-1 to find a food bank in your area.





#### End of CalFresh Emergency Allotments FAQ

#### 1. What are CalFresh Emergency Allotments?

CalFresh Emergency Allotments are temporary increases to regular CalFresh benefit amounts. During the COVID-19 pandemic, Congress authorized Emergency Allotments to help meet food needs. This means that since March 2020, households received an increase of at least \$95 in CalFresh benefits per month

#### 2. Why are CalFresh Emergency Allotments ending?

CalFresh Emergency Allotments will end the month of February 2023. The Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2023 ends the issuance of CalFresh Emergency Allotments to households in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### 3. How will this impact my CalFresh benefits?

A final Emergency Allotment will be issued in March 2023. You will get less CalFresh beginning April 2023. The reduction in benefits may be significant for some families.

#### 4. Will I still get CalFresh benefits after the CalFresh Emergency Allotments end?

You will continue to get your regular CalFresh benefits as long as you remain eligible. Your benefit amounts are based on your circumstances, including your household size, income, and deductions.

Make sure you're getting all of the CalFresh benefits you are eligible for by ensuring the county has your most recent information such as:

- Housing costs
- Medical expenses (only if you are age 60+ or have a disability)
- · Dependent or childcare costs

To update your information or circumstances, you may contact your local county social services office by calling 1-877-847-3663 or to visit your local county social services office in person, you can use our office locator map at www.CalFreshFood.org

#### 5. Can I request a fair hearing on this change?

This change is due to Federal regulations and is not considered a reduction to your regular CalFresh benefit amount. A state hearing judge cannot order payment of Emergency Allotments after they have stopped.

#### 6. Where can I find additional food resources in my community?

You can get free food from your local food bank. There are food banks throughout California that give free food to people in their communities. To connect to a food bank, please visit https://www.cafoodbanks.org/find-food/.









# Common Misperceptions Regarding Ending the Emergency



# **Common Misperceptions**

# MISPERCEPTION: The emergency is ending because COVID-19 is no longer a problem

- Still killing 450 people per day in the US
- Vaccination, testing and treatment infrastructure now in place
- Layered prevention strategies remain important
- Important to make decisions based on you and your loved one's risk level and risk tolerance







# Common Misperceptions, cont.

# MISPERCEPTION: Because the emergency is ending, I don't have to wear a mask

- All Californians must still follow the California Masking Guidelines
- Currently masking is required in healthcare settings

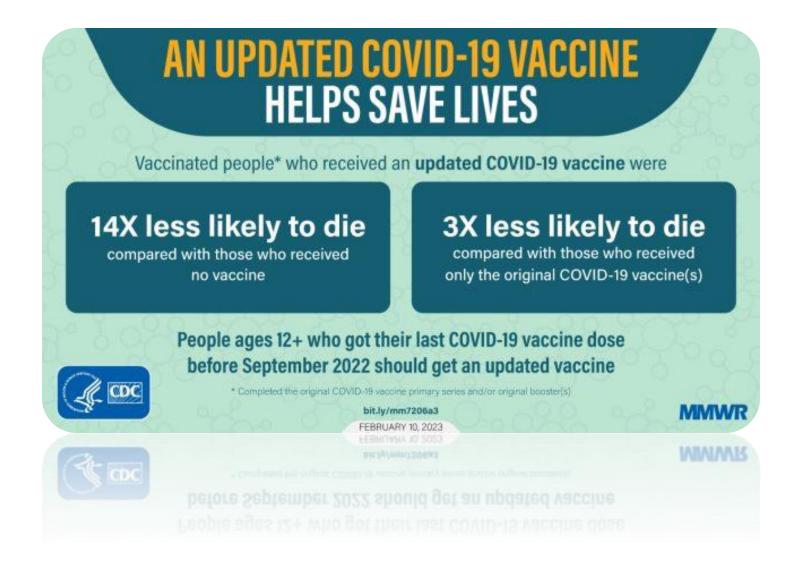
# MISPERCEPTION: Because the emergency is over, there won't be any more health orders

- The Health Officer has authority to implement health orders irrespective of a declaration of an emergency
- § 120175: Each health officer knowing or having reason to believe that any case of the diseases made reportable by regulation of the department, or any other contagious, infectious or communicable disease exists, or has recently existed, within the territory under his or her jurisdiction, shall take measures as may be necessary to prevent the spread of the disease or occurrence of additional cases





# Response Efforts: Vaccines Still Matter





Kelly Colopy, Director

Health and Human Services Dept.

Kelly.Colopy@longbeach.gov

Anissa Davis, City Health Officer

Health and Human Services Dept.

Anissa.Davis@longbeach.gov



