

CITY OF LONG BEACH

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

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February 14, 2017

HONORABLE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCIL City of Long Beach California

RECOMMENDATION:

Receive and file the Fiscal Year 2016 Year-End Budget Performance Report, and increase appropriations in several funds across several departments for various purposes to reflect final expenditures and carryover clean-up. (Citywide)

DISCUSSION

This report reflects the City's Fiscal Year 2016 (FY 16) budget performance. The information provided is subject to change, as the books for FY 16 are not fully closed. However, it is anticipated that these numbers are close to final and few, if any, will change. While the financial report primarily discusses the General Fund, significant information for other funds is highlighted where applicable.

YEAR-END BUDGET PERFORMANCE REPORT

Summary

The City's total FY 16 Adjusted Budget of \$3.4 billion, including carryover, supports 22 departments, including the separately managed Water and Harbor Departments. The City has seven fund types divided into 37 funds that comprise the \$3.4 billion FY 16 Adjusted Budget (Attachment A). Most of these funds are restricted funds, such as the Harbor Fund, Gas Fund, and Tidelands Funds, that are designated for specific and limited activities. The majority of core community services provided in the City, such as police and fire services, libraries and parks, are largely supported by the General Fund, which comprises only 14 percent of the City's Adjusted Budget.

The City ended FY 16 within budget expectations. Year-end spending came in under budgeted appropriation for the General Fund and for all other funds after factoring in technical adjustments requested, which are further described later in this report. Please see Attachment A for a breakdown of citywide expenditures by fund. The remainder of this report summarizes the General Fund and notable performance for other selected funds.

General Fund and Uplands Oil Fund Overview

The General Fund and Uplands Oil Fund ended the fiscal year with a funds available of approximately \$3.1 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. The FY 16 sources and uses of funds available are summarized in Table 1 below:

Table 1: FY 16 Performance - General & Uplands Oil Funds							
	(\$ in millions)						
		General	Uplands				
Beginning Funds Available (10/1)	\$	3.5	\$	0.9			
Sources							
Revenues	\$	454.1	\$	10.9			
Other Sources (Release for FY 16 one-times, FY 15 one-time carryover)	\$	19.6					
Total Sources	\$	473.7	\$	10.9			
Uses							
Expenditures	\$	(456.2)	\$	(10.8)			
Other Uses (i.e. encumbrances, reserves for carry-over, Council approved one-time expenses and other liabilities)	\$	(17.9)	\$	(0.3)			
Total Uses	\$	(474.1)	\$	(11.0)			
Ending Funds Available (9/30)		3.1	\$	0.8			

FY 16 General Fund sources totaled \$473.7 million, comprised of \$454.1 million in revenue and \$19.6 million in "other sources" largely made up of the release to funds available for one-times that were authorized (budgeted) for expenditure in FY 16. FY 16 uses totaled \$474.1 million, comprised of \$456.2 million in expenditures, and also \$17.9 million in other uses. The "other uses" are assignments to reservations for future uses, including planned FY 17 budget spending ("carry-over"), City Council-approved one-time expenses for FY 17, and for other City liabilities. The City Council budgeted or designated many of these funds in previous City Council actions.

In general, revenues for the year were better than budgeted and expenditures were lower than budgeted. Variances from budgeted revenues and expenditures are continually analyzed to determine the degree to which variances are one-time or on-going. On-going variances are taken into account in estimating the status of the FY 17 budget and developing the FY 18 proposed budget projections.

Additional information regarding General Fund and Uplands Oil Fund sources and uses are described in the following sections.

Recommendations for the Use of Funds Available in the General and Uplands Oil Funds

The FY 16 ending funds available is projected to be \$3.1 million for the General Fund and \$0.8 million for the Uplands Oil Fund. The General Fund funds available is in addition to operating and emergency reserves for the Fund, which ended the year at 2.5 percent or \$10.5 million and 10.6 percent or \$43.9 million, respectively. Both are within the City's financial policy for reserves. The proposed uses for the funds available are shown in Table 2 below. Similar to what was recommended as funds available in FY 15, it is recommended to leave minimum funds available in the General Fund. For FY 16 we are recommending \$0.14 million ending funds available in the General Fund, and to use essentially all the funds available in the Uplands Oil Fund. A low or zero funds available in the Uplands Oil Fund is acceptable because the fund has an operating reserve of \$500,000.

An explanation for each of the proposed year-end uses follows the table below.

Table 2: Proposed Uses of the General and Uplands Oil Funds Available						
	(\$in Millions)					
	General Fund	Uplands				
Ending Funds Available (9/30)	3.09	0.76				
Draw down of funds available for FY 17 one-times from Adoption Night	(0.60)					
Contingent approp for Divide by 9	(0.50)					
Contingent approp parks programming in Central/DT	(0.26)					
Contingent approp for Addl. Thursday hour at Main Library	(0.02)					
5% policy for Unfunded Liability	(0.15)	(0.04				
Legislative Department Budget Savings	(0.46)					
City Prosecutor's Savings	(80.0)					
City Auditor's Savings	(0.10)					
PRM Savings for Coyote Study	(0.07)					
Medical Marijuana Implementation	(0.71)	(0.69				
Remaining Ending Funds Available (9/30)	0.14	0.03				

The recommendations for uses of Funds Available include the following:

- Per FY 17 Budget Adoption night, City Council approved the use of \$600,000 of funds available for FY 17 one-times.
- Per FY 17 Budget Adoption night Council actions, \$784,000 of the first available additional FY 16 year-end General Fund surplus is to be automatically appropriated for the following:
 - \$500,000 for capital infrastructure, economic development or existing City programming, to be divided by the nine City Council Districts;
 - \$260,000 in the Parks, Recreation and Marine Department for weekend programming in the Downtown and Central Long Beach;

- \$24,000 in the Library Services Department for extended hours at the Main Library;
- There are sufficient funds available to meet these contingent appropriations and they therefore automatically are included as uses of funds available.
- Set-aside 5 percent of funds available for unfunded liabilities to comply with the City Council's adopted financial policy. This includes \$133,908 from the General Fund and \$37,967 from the Uplands Oil Fund.
- Carry-over for the Legislative Department savings, which will be automatically allocated to supplement each respective Council District's Divide by Nine funds, in accordance with the Procedures for Implementation of Divide by Nine document of November 9, 2015. There is \$460,950 in General Fund savings from the Legislative Department.
- Carry-over for the City Prosecutor's Office savings to provide one-time support for one-time needs into FY 17. Savings of \$76,932 from the General Fund was requested by the City Prosecutor and appropriated by the City Council on December 6, 2016.
- Carry-over for the City Auditor's Office savings to provide one-time support for one-time needs into FY 17. Savings of \$98,000 from the General Fund was requested by the City Auditor and appropriated by the City Council on November 15, 2016.
- Enhancement for the Parks, Recreation and Marine Department of \$67,000 to conduct a human and coyote conflict study as approved by the City Council on December 20, 2016.
- Funding for a portion of the Medical Marijuana Implementation FY 17 costs, which includes \$690,000 from Uplands Oil Fund and \$710,000 from General Fund. It is anticipated that the FY 17 costs will exceed \$3.5 million. The remaining \$2.1 million in anticipated costs will be tracked and will be covered first by medical marijuana revenue, if any. The remaining net costs will need to be addressed in the FY 17 budget year-end close process and could require use of the reserves if revenues or budget savings are not available as offsets.

Where applicable, the appropriations for these proposed uses of the surplus are included in the FY 17 First Budget Adjustment Report.

General Fund - Sources of Funds

Revenues

As of fiscal year-end, \$454.1 million of General Fund revenue was received, which included one-time revenues such as the \$14.2 million in bond revenue for the new Civic Center project and demolition of the Los Angeles County Courthouse, \$8 million in proceeds from the sale of land to the Port of Long Beach for their new headquarters building, \$3.56 million of City - Redevelopment Agency loan repayment revenue that the State Department of Finance approved for use in repayment of the City's Open Space Bonds debt service, and \$2 million in sales tax revenue that was due from the State as part of the final payment of the Triple Flip Plan that withheld \$0.25 of City sales tax

revenue and repaid it with prior year property tax from the State. Additional one-time revenues included \$936,000 in proceeds from the sale of former RDA properties, \$333,000 in reimbursement from Southern California Edison as a result of the power outage in the summer of 2015, and \$1.3 million in reimbursement for statewide Fire deployments.

Aside from these one-time funds, the General Fund experienced growth in several other revenue sources, including transient occupancy tax, the new first responder fee, interest income, and revenue from parking operations, among others. Analysis is on-going to determine what, if any, portion of the changes in revenue should be considered structural and anticipated to impact the FY 17 estimates-to-close and the FY 18 budget process.

Attachment C provides a breakdown of the top 40 General Fund revenue performance by source. Significant variances are identified in the footnotes to this attachment.

Other Sources

Other sources of funds totaled \$19.6 million in FY 16. These other sources are comprised of the release of reservations established in prior fiscal years, a significant portion of which was budgeted to be released in FY 16 as part of the FY 16 Adopted Budget. In addition, during the course of FY 16, via City Council action, several reservation releases were requested including funds for FY 15 encumbrances to be paid in FY 16, carry-over of one-times from FY 15, and \$1.4 million to cover a projected shortfall during the July 2016 through June 2017 Recognized Obligation Payment Schedule (ROPS) period, these funds were originally set aside for Successor Agency transition expenses.

General Fund - Uses of Funds

Expenditures by Department

Actual General Fund spending totaled \$456.2 million, or 98 percent of the adjusted budget. Collectively, the City Manager's request for departments to save 0.5 percent of their budgeted appropriation was met. Factors contributing to the budget versus actual expenditure variance included savings from all departments, including the Police Department, which ended the year \$4.3 million under budget. The Police Department's year-end savings was planned in the FY 17 Budget to cover the two academy classes that were held in calendar year 2016. The Legislative Department, City Auditor's Office and the City Prosecutor's Department also had savings; however, these savings are being recommended by their respective departments as uses of funds available to fund FY 17 appropriation increases for Council District's Divide by Nine projects, one-time support for the City Auditor's Office and City Prosecutor's Promising Adults, Tomorrow's Hope (P.A.T.H.) program. Other factors impacting the budget variance included unspent appropriation in the City Clerk Department because not all even numbered Council Districts had runoff elections in June, and some FY 15 and FY 16 budgeted one-times were unspent at year-end. The City Council approved, but unspent, FY 16 one-time funds were reserved at the end of FY 16 and are part of other uses described in the Other Uses section. These unspent departmental and one-time funds are included for reappropriation in the FY 17 First Budget Adjustment Report.

Attachment B provides a breakdown of General Fund expenditure performance by department. Notable departmental variances are identified in the footnotes to this attachment.

Other Uses

Other Uses of funds totaled \$17.5 million in FY 16, and are assignments to reservations for future uses (carry-over), including planned FY 17 one-time budget spending, some FY 15 and FY 16 budgeted one-time funds that were unspent at year-end, and other City liabilities. Examples of these reservations include the \$5.7 million intended for one-time strategic initiatives included in the FY 17 Adopted Budget, \$4.0 million to cover the FY 17 portion of the increased costs of conducting two police academies in FY 16, and \$510,000 to cover the November election costs related to Measures MA and MM. In addition, a portion of departments' year-end savings are being set aside to cover additional department needs in the new Civic Center.

Other Funds

Police and Fire Public Safety Oil Production Act (Proposition H)

On May 1, 2007, the voters approved Proposition H, a special tax of 25 cents, with an annual Consumer Price Index (CPI) increase on every barrel of oil produced, and restricted to fund police and fire services. The tax assessed in FY 16 was \$0.29 per barrel of oil produced. Revenues were \$3.7 million and expenses were \$3.2 million for FY 16. Market fluctuations impact the production of oil, which impact Proposition H revenues. Declines in production in FY 16 did not materialize at the pace expected, as a result revenue decreased only 5 percent from the previous year. It was projected that at the end of FY 16, there would be \$1.4 million in funds available. To address the combination of lower than anticipated declines in production and the larger than necessary reduction in the budgeted revenue, Proposition H revenues were revised upward during FY 16. To utilize the growing funds available and the need for targeted public safety services, the City Council authorized the use of \$500,000 in funds available for Homelessness Rapid Response in the Police and Fire Departments. Each department was budgeted an additional \$250,000 for this homeless initiative.

Gas Tax Street Improvement Fund

The Gas Tax Street Improvement Fund is used to account for the receipt and expenditure of gasoline tax funds apportioned under the State Streets and Highways code, as well as other sources dedicated to street improvements. In FY 16, the City received \$10 million in gasoline tax revenue, a decline of \$3.1 million compared to FY 15. This decline is largely attributed to the increased use of fuel efficient and alternative fuel vehicles. The City's gasoline tax apportionment is expected to continue to decline for the foreseeable future. Staff will continue to closely monitor this fund in FY 17 and beyond. The decline in FY 16 gasoline tax revenue was backfilled by increased federal grant funding through the Moving Ahead in the 21st Century (MAP-21) program intended to improve and maintain surface transportation infrastructure. Moving forward, revenues from the

recently passed Los Angeles County Measure M, which becomes effective July 1, 2017, may also be used to mitigate future declines in gasoline tax revenue and provide a means of continued support for gasoline tax-funded programs.

Tideland Funds

The Tidelands Fund supports operations along the beaches and waterways. The primary source of Tidelands Fund revenue is the annual transfer from the Harbor Revenue Fund and net revenue from oil operations in the Tidelands areas. For FY 16, total revenue in the Tidelands Fund was \$64.2 million. Oil revenue declined by \$8.3 million in FY 16, which reflects a 46 percent drop from FY 15, and illustrates the variable nature of this funding stream. On the positive end, staff had anticipated oil revenue declines would result in \$1.2 million less than budgeted projections, but actual performance ended the year approximately \$297,500 above budget. Expenditures also closed the fiscal year within budget appropriations. For the Convention Center, SMG spent \$136,716 for the purchase, installation and decoration of the Christmas tree. This expense is reflected in Tidelands expenditures in the Economic and Property Development Department (EP). However, no appropriation increase is needed in EP as the Department's year-end actuals for All Funds are within appropriation limits. Staff is closely monitoring Tidelands revenue projections throughout FY 17 to determine continued impact of oil prices on both the operating budget and capital project implementation. Additionally, at the request of the City Council, staff is reviewing the status of projects in the Tidelands Fund in an effort to identify \$1.5 million in available funds that can be used on public safety and lighting related projects. Once this evaluation is complete staff will report its findings.

Health Fund

The Health Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with Federal, State and local grants, health permits, and other fees. Challenges facing the fund include: growing capital and infrastructure needs; increased restrictions placed on grants; and anticipated return of funds to the state due to these policy changes, all of which are funded with either the same or a declining level of resources. Staff is closely monitoring the fund, reviewing cash flow and identifying strategies to address these ongoing needs to ensure levels of services are maintained.

Refuse Fund

The Refuse Fund receives approximately 93 percent of its total revenues from refuse and recycling charges. The remaining funds come from the State grants for various public outreach efforts (recycling, litter reduction, used motor oil collection, etc.), revenues from the sale of recyclables collected through the City's residential recycling program, fees paid by the City's licensed private refuse haulers for AB 939 compliance, and interest income. The Fund has relied on funds available to offset operating shortfalls over the past few years, yet has not increased fees to match increasing costs. Staff is currently engaged in a study of the current rate structure to ensure that the City's refuse and residential recycling rates are equitable and appropriate. The study includes a comparative rate survey, recommendations for an updated rate structure, and a new rate

model. Results of the study will be presented to the City Council along with any recommendations for change.

Uplands Oil Fund

The Uplands Oil Fund accounts for oil revenue outside the Tidelands area, and for all costs and revenues for the City's proprietary oil interests. Oil production costs and transfers to the General Fund make up the majority of expenditures in the fund. The Uplands Oil Fund began FY 16 with funds available of \$891,000. The total amount transferred in FY 16 was \$8.4 million, which included \$800,000 that had been committed for the FY 16 Police Academies. FY 16 Adopted Budget oil projections were based on \$55 per barrel, actual oil prices averaged \$36.88 per barrel in FY 16, thus reducing the initial estimated transfer to the General Fund from \$11.5 million to \$7.4 million. Staff continues to closely monitor this fund to ensure estimated revenue in future years.

Special Advertising and Promotions Fund

The Special Advertising and Promotions (SAP) Fund receives revenue from multiple funding sources such as Transient Occupancy Tax, studio filming permits, and special events licenses, permits and fees. The SAP Fund may be used for advertising, promotional and public relations projects for the City. The SAP Fund ended FY 16 with additional funds available generated during the year, which is recommended to be used for the following community focused initiatives.

The first initiative is to designate up to \$200,000 in funds to the Police Department to be used to offset increasing security costs of events that are unpredictable since more security is required than in previous years. This helps major events in the City avoid impacts to events due to sudden cost increases and provides the Police Department the ability to fund enhanced security measures where they feel is appropriate. Another initiative is \$200,000 to fund the appraisal efforts of the City's art collection, and \$50,000 to support the third annual Long Beach Pow! Wow!. Finally, \$200,000 is needed to support the technical financial and feasibility analysis of a street race Request for Proposals in Long Beach. These proposed uses will be included in the FY 17 First Budget Adjustment Report.

Sewer Fund

In addition to its normal expenditures, the Long Beach Water Department (LBWD) had additional costs due to the issuance of Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2016A. Bonds were issued to refinance \$11,250,000 in outstanding principal balance under the Sewer Revolving Line of Credit. LBWD's objective in refinancing said debt was to secure low fixed bond yield rates and provide the Department with certainty in future debt service payment requirements.

On February 14, 2017, LBWD will request the City Council for an appropriation increase of \$11,250,000, bringing the Department's FY 16 expenditures under budget. The adjustment that is being requested is included in the financial data provided in Attachment A.

This matter was reviewed by Deputy City Attorney Amy R. Webber on January 27, 2017.

TIMING CONSIDERATIONS

City Council action on this matter is required prior to the closing of the City's books for FY 16.

FISCAL IMPACT

None.

SUGGESTED ACTION:

Approve recommendation.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN GROSS

DIRECTOR OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

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ATTACHMENT

APPROVED:

PATRICK H. WEST CITY MANAGER

CITY OF LONG BEACH EXPENDITURES BY FUND YEAR-END FY 2016 FY 16 Year to Date Estimated All-Year-End FY 16 Adopted Budget Amendments FY 16 Adjusted Budget Expenditures as of FUND FY 16 New Allocation Years Carryover Adjustments 9/30/16 Funds With All-Years Carryover 42,608,676 \$ 33,330,126 \$ 75,938,802 \$ 9.053.437 84,992,238 | \$ 50,473,326 AIRPORT 1,914,593 450.872 1,220,474 1,914,593 **BUSINESS ASSISTANCE** 694,119 40,099,279 44,989,528 134,076,437 CAPITAL PROJECTS 15.348,280 73,738,629 89,086,909 2.865.699 13,746,503 40,643,327 54,389,830 39,304,632 CIVIC CENTER 10.880.804 COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT GRANTS 51.034.327 27,542,520 20,659,503 19,913,178 40,572,681 10.461.646 1,658,451 1,658,451 1.658.451 1,458,044 18,968,900 1,867,601 20,836,501 3.578.418 24.414.919 23,402,530 DEVELOPMENT SERVICES 40,945,706 60,103,633 FLEET SERVICES 45,210,791 1,640,848 46,851,639 13,251,993 28,044,324 172,853,175 353,870 173,207,044 100,293,426 144,808,851 GAS 47.125.458 20.670.556 GAS TAX STREET IMPROVEMENT 16,074,663 30,600,795 46,675,458 450,000 18,312,298 41,574,170 19,341,636 9.031.228 14,230,644 23,261,872 GENERAL GRANTS 75,530,797 41,484,772 2.251,643 GENERAL SERVICES 48,585,886 24,693,268 73.279.154 HEALTH 42.827,615 18,322,879 61,150,494 4,954,386 66.104.880 35,253,114 HOUSING AUTHORITY 71.953.593 93,318 72,046,911 72,046,911 65,310,580 6,944,495 17,665,584 24,610,080 756,000 25,366,080 2,220,381 HOUSING DEVELOPMENT 46,315,592 45,763,538 42,402,722 3,912,869 INSURANCE 42,402,722 REFUSE/RECYCLING 45,197,765 106,836 45,304,601 19.071 45,323,673 42.804.132 105.842.146 1.417.753 107,259,899 51.092.088 SUCCESSOR AGENCY 75,500,522 30,341,624 311,172,892 154,119,194 177,864,992 279,011,093 32,161,800 TIDELANDS 101,146,101 TRANSPORTATION 20,576,303 17,020,921 37,597,224 260,936 37,858,160 16,774,906 781.079.268 493.561.740 \$ 1.274.641.008 \$ 186.828.976 1,461,469,983 \$ 818,805,232 SUBTOTAL - | \$ Funds Without All-Years Carryover BELMONT SHORE PKG METER 830,879 830,879 102,188 933.067 | \$ 769.859 9,230,342 400,000 9,630,342 8,992,000 9,230,342 DEBT SERVICE FUND 472,475 249,382,799 217,689,512 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS 248,910,324 248,910,324 429,842,547 37,281,116 467,123,663 456,162,288 GENERAL 429,842,547 829,130,000 829,130,000 829,130,000 568,069,658 HARBOR 7,968,757 568,645 8,537,402 8,108,188 PARKING AND BUSINESS AREA IMPROVEMENT 7,968,757 3,527,319 POLICE & FIRE PUBLIC SAFETY OIL PROD ACT 3,232,643 308,604 3,541,247 3,232,643 SERRF 51,145,981 51,145,981 51,145,981 45,286,230 11,218,558 11.218.558 11,218,558 11,014,027 SERRF - JPA 19,328,068 4.034.329 23.362.397 11,250,000 34,612,397 30,394,296 SEWER 9,914,418 9,113,196 SPECIAL ADVERTISING & PROMOTION 7,871,689 7,871,689 2.042,730 158,463,652 158,463,652 50,714,730 TIDELAND OIL REVENUE 158,463,652 5.608.282 5.730.049 5,730,049 5.730.049 TOWING 844,593 14.843.865 10.759.823 UPLANDS OIL 13,999,272 13,999,272 106,270,629 106,270,629 102,371,965 WATER 106,270,629 1,960,478,070 \$ 1,528,581,374 4,034,329 \$ 1,907,207,720 42,020,350 11,250,000 SUBTOTAL 1,903,173,391 \$ 2,347,386,605 3,181,848,727 \$ 228,849,326 \$ 11.250,000 \$ 3,421,948,053 \$ TOTAL - ALL FUNDS 2,684,252,658 \$ 497,596,069 \$ \$

^{1.} Estimated All-Years Carryover is composed of multi-year grants and Capital Improvement Program (CIP) funds; unspent amounts are carried over to future years, resulting in a larger adjusted budget. Additionally, the adjusted budget includes \$44 million in mid-year amendments to the General Capital Projects Fund for projects. The majority of funding for these projects comes from various grant awards, including, \$28 million for the LB-MUST project, \$742K for the Redondo & Anaheim Street Intersection Improvement Project, \$623K for the DeForest Wetlands Project, and \$365,000 for the citywide turf reduction program.

^{2,} FY 16 spending in the Housing Development Fund was lower than FY 15, because housing projects in FY 16 were completed using HOME funds in the Community Development Grant Fund.

^{3.} The Water Department issued Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds in 2016, to refinance \$11,250,000 in outstanding principal balance. LBWD will be requesting an appropriation increase in the Sewer Fund of \$11,250,000 to bring the Departments spending under budget.

CITY OF LONG BEACH GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES SUMMARY

YEAR-END FY 2016

Department	FY 16 Adopted Budget	FY 16 Adjusted Budget	FY 16 Actual Expenditures, FY 16 Year-End	Percentage of Adjusted FY 16 Budget Expended	
City Auditor	\$ 2,434,557	\$ 2,558,458	\$ 2,381,212	93%	
¹ City Attorney	2,266,909	2,266,909	1,903,592	84%	
² City Clerk	4,795,431	4,797,426	3,658,586	76%	
City Manager	3,121,290	3,371,290	2,979,911	88%	
City Prosecutor	4,957,241	4,957,241	4,855,524	98%	
Citywide Activities	28,918,535	55,588,289	55,091,610	99%	
Civil Service	2,356,434	2,416,434	2,390,106	99%	
Development Services	5,363,275	5,433,929	5,233,497	96%	
Disaster Prep & Emergency	11,874,348	12,041,136	11,590,661	96%	
Economic & Property Development	1,329,335	2,001,026	1,772,504	89%	
³ Fire	72,340,644	74,735,706	74,455,614	99.6%	
Financial Management	13,102,477	13,298,301	12,351,995	93%	
Health and Human Services	1,287,975	1,542,225	1,373,183	89%	
Legislative	5,325,212	5,534,390	5,045,111	91%	
4 Library Services	12,779,561	12,824,397	12,794,788	100%	
Police	190,766,769	195,077,773	190,811,050	98%	
Parks, Recreation, and Marine	31,582,385	31,925,480	31,696,335	99%	
Public Works	35,240,169	36,753,251	35,777,009	97%	
TOTAL	\$ 429,842,547	\$ 467,123,663	\$ 456,162,288	98%	

¹ The City Attorney Department came in under budget due to staffing changes and vacancies.

^{2.} Significant savings were realized during the General Municipal Election due to fewer-than-anticipated run-off elections. Departmental position vacancies also contributed to overall budgetary savings.

^{3.} The Fire Department's actual expenditures equated to 99.6% of budget. The Department incurred significant non-personal expenditures beyond what was budgeted in the areas of personal protective equipment, facility maintenance and repairs, fire hose, and medical supplies since emergency call volumes and the need for facility maintenance and repairs have steadily increased. In addition, the Department had increased costs related to the end of Rapid Medical Deployment that were not entirely covered by First Responder Fee revenue in FY 16.

^{4.} Additional expenses related to the opening of the new Michelle Obama Library, were unanticipated, preventing the Library Services Department from meeting their total .5% savings target.

CITY OF LONG BEACH GENERAL FUND REVENUE SUMMARY YEAR-END FY 2016

Notes	Revenues	F'	Y 16 Adjusted Budget	FY 16 Actual Revenue as of 9/30/16	Estimates-to- Close		Percentage of FY 16 Actuals Over/(Under) ETC
1	REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$	103,690,492	\$ 106,349,579	\$	106,249,828	0%
2	SALES AND USE TAX & IN-LIEU		58,500,000	62,946,208		60,805,645	4%
	PROPERTY TAX IN-LIEU OF VLF		45,185,899	44,605,601		44,605,601	0%
	ELECTRIC USERS TAX & PENALTIES		20,675,000	19,277,925		19,400,000	-1%
3	TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX		16,000,000	18,315,514		18,350,000	0%
	PARKING CITATIONS		13,650,918	14,701,750		14,261,854	3%
	PROCEEDS FROM LONG TERM DEBT		13,150,000	13,150,000		13,150,000	0%
	BUSINESS LICENSE TAXES		11,561,000	12,093,128		12,400,000	-2%
	EMERGENCY AMBULANCE FEES		11,300,000	11,495,795		11,476,469	0%
	TELEPHONE USERS TAX & PENALTIES		11,612,958	10,701,259		10,800,000	-1%
4	ELECTRIC COMPANY FRANCHISES		7,700,000	6,781,511		7,720,000	-12%
	PIPELINE FEE-WATER	Т	5,967,700	5,967,700		5,967,700	0%
	OTHER DEPT SVCS TO PROPRIETARY FUNDS		5,181,790	5,637,768		5,751,732	-2%
	CHARGES FOR SPECIAL SERVICES		5,014,225	5,493,878		5,431,255	1%
	AMERICAN GOLF LEASE		4,667,337	4,739,752		4,655,000	2%
	LAND,BLDG,R/W,EASEMENT,APT RENTALS		3,650,900	4,727,291		4,840,851	-2%
	PIPELINE FEE-SEWER		4,575,163	4,575,163		4,575,163	0%
	WATER USERS TAX & PENALTIES		3,934,893	 3,961,103		3,930,000	1%
	MISC REFUNDS & REIMB		3,630,000	3,616,568		3,551,348	2%
	GAS USERS TAX & PENALTIES		3,200,000	3,225,661		3,150,000	2%
5	PIPELINE FRANCHISES		4,500,000	2,681,833		2,765,000	-3%
	PIPELINE SAFETY FEES		2,500,000	 2,673,303		2,669,648	0%
	HARBOR-POLICE		2,400,781	 2,509,350		2,509,350	0%
	MISC REVENUE FROM OTHER AGENCIES		2,454,560	2,389,168		2,411,972	-1%
	HAULER FEES		1,810,000	2,231,204		2,187,210	2%
6	REAL PROPERTY TRANSFER TAX		1,672,239	2,070,860		1,980,490	5%
7	INTEREST-POOLED CASH		712,160	2,064,682		1,516,981	36%
8	OTHER DEPT CHGS TO GOVT'L FUNDS		1,796,834	1,951,977		1,810,961	8%
	OIL PRODUCTION TAX		1,561,190	1,900,336		1,915,235	-1%
	POLICE CHARGES FOR SPECIAL EVENTS		1,300,000	1,654,537		1,612,979	3%
	ASSET MANAGEMENT CHARGES		1,676,517	1,610,904		1,676,517	-4%
9	METERED/OTHER PARKING		1,426,844	1,552,988		1,435,166	8%
10	REIMB OF STATE MANDATED COSTS		1,490,021	1,550,984		774,295	100%
	OTHER GOVT FUND-PUBLIC SERVICE		1,081,500	1,543,455		1,556,025	-1%
11	VEHICLE CODE FINES		1,750,000	1,265,894		1,205,716	5%
12	PARKING REVENUES FROM OPERATIONS		676,714	1,252,218		1,121,900	12%
13	EL DORADO PARK FEES		1,076,308	1,197,348		1,076,308	11%
14	MISC REV		1,034,008	1,146,253		423,077	171%
	SELF-SUSTAINING CLASSES-REC		1,048,520	1,060,286		988,626	7%
	TRNSFRS FRM OTHER FUNDS		40,931,272	36,770,587		36,562,828	1%
	SUBTOTAL TOP 40 REVENUES	\$	425,747,744	\$ 433,441,317	\$	429,272,729	1%
15	ALL OTHER REVENUES	\$	18,376,527	\$ 20,635,381	\$	19,772,774	4%
	TOTAL GENERAL FUND REVENUES	\$	444,124,271	\$ 454,076,698	\$	449,045,503	1%

General Fund Revenue Notes:

- ^{1.} Property Tax revenue projections are based on the assessed valuation provided by the County of Los Angeles in fall 2015 and assumes decreases in possessory interest taxes due to the material declines in oil-related property taxes. This report consolidates all property tax, including post-RDA dissolution property taxes and former tax increment pass-through revenues into one citywide property tax category.
- ² Sales and Use Tax and In Lieu Sales Tax ended the year above budget as a result of the unwinding and final payment of the sales and use tax triple flip, created by the passage of Proposition 57, which withheld a portion of cities sales and use tax for later repayment.
- ^{3.} Transient Occupancy Tax projections reflect higher than budgeted actuals. Industry reports indicate a 7.3 percent increase in Average Daily Rate and a 9.0 percent increase in Revenue Per Available Room (REVPAR) in Long Beach, for the period January to October 2016 over the same time in the previous year.
- ^{4.} Electric Company Franchise is based on a percentage of the gross quarterly revenue from all electricity sold within the City of Long Beach. Between FY 15 and FY 16 gross gross receipts revenue reported to the City declined by 5 percent. With the knowledge that rates were increasing and the recent revenue trends were up, projections had not anticipated this decline in electric company revenues.
- ^{5.} Pipeline Franchise revenue is based on both the price of natural gas sold in Long Beach and the value of the gas transported through Long Beach. The commodity price of natural gas has been very volatile for a number of years fluctuating from a high of \$3.32 MMbtu to a low of \$1.35 MMbtu in FY 16.
- ^{6.} Real Property Transfer Tax is directly tied to the value of properties sold in Long Beach. This revenue fluctuation is reflective of changes in sale price and/or increases or decreases in the number of properties sold.
- ^{7.} Interest pooled cash higher than anticipated due to increase in interest rates.
- ^{8.} Other Govt Funds- Public Service revenues have increased due to a combination of both an increase in the number of smaller work order requests and some new projects, including lighting upgrades to City Place garages and beach lots, updating all street sweeping signage, and HVAC/plumbing and elevator repairs at several City facilities. Financial Management revenues increased due to higher than budgeted charges attributed to the implementation of the first responder fee.
- ^{9.} Revenue from metered parking is higher than budgeted in FY '16 due to the reduction in availability of offstreet parking and smart meter deployment. The ability to pay with a credit card at the smart meters has a tendency to increase the average value of a parking meter transaction.
- ^{10.} Reimbursement of State Mandated Costs is primarily comprised of claims for reimbursement for costs for mandated programs such as the Open Meetings Act and for reimbursements for fire deployments. The FY 16 revenue exceeded budget projections as a result of reimbursements made in the latter part of the year.
- ^{11.} Vehicle Code Fines actual revenues have been declining in recent years.
- ^{12.} Parking revenue from operations revenues have increased due to increased parking activity and increased monthly parking at the City Place parking garages. This includes increased use by Molina Healthcare and the addition of 150-200 monthly customers dislocated by the sale of numerous City-owned lots in the Downtown area.
- ^{13.} El Dorado Park Fees revenue exceeded projections due to increased staffing at park entrances resulting in collection of fees previously unrealized and good weather over major holidays, which otherwise can heavily impact revenue.
- ^{14.} City Clerk received approximately \$657,000 more in revenue from LBUSD and LBCC as reimbursements for 2016 election expenses than projected.
- ^{15.} All Other Revenue exceeded budget in various categories in different departments.